

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS OF THE TENTH ANNUAL REUNION AND
CONVENTION OF MISSOURI
DIVISION UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS

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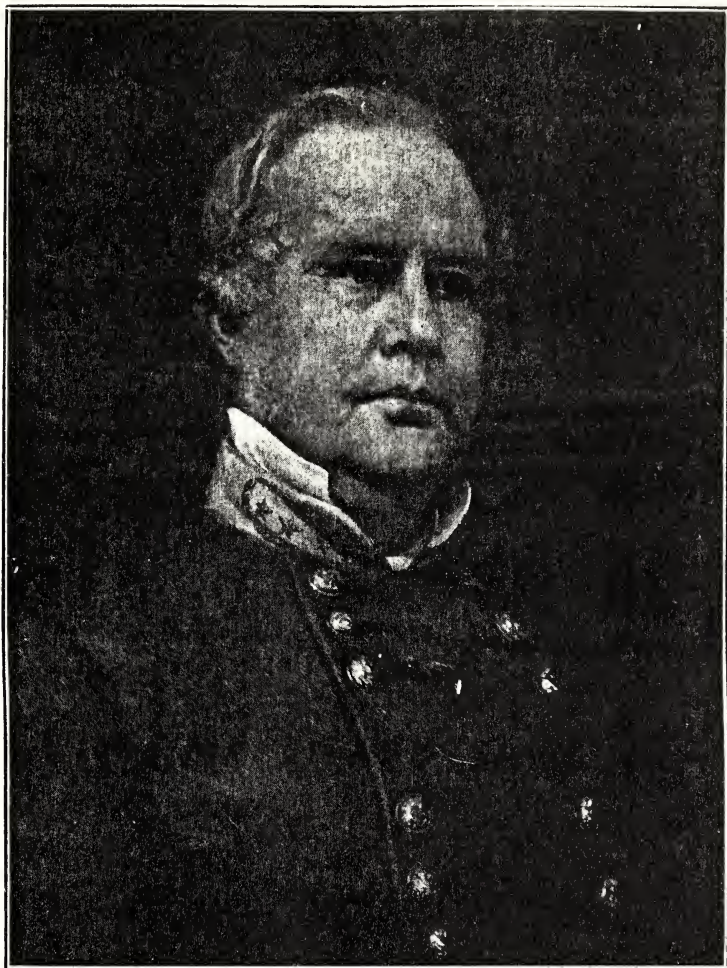
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United Confederate Veterans-Missouri division.
Official proceedings of the annual reunion
and convention of Missouri division, United Con-
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STERLING PRICE,
Maj.-Gen. Confederate States Army, Governor of Missouri, 1852-6.

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ON VETERANCE
THE 11th NOVEMBER



TO ALL WHO SERVED
ON 11th NOVEMBER

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CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS
OF THE
UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

ARTICLE I.—TITLE.

This Federation of Confederate Veterans' Association shall be known as the "United Confederate Veterans."

ARTICLE II.—OBJECTS.

The objects and purposes of this organization shall be strictly "Social, Literary, Historical and Benevolent." It will strive:

1. To unite in one general Federation all associations of Confederate Veterans, soldiers and sailors, now in existence or hereafter to be formed.

2. To cultivate the ties of friendship that should exist among those who have shared common dangers, sufferings and privations.

3. To encourage the writing, by participators therein, of accounts, narratives, memoirs, histories of battles, episodes and occurrences of the war between the states.

4. To gather authentic data, statistics, documents, reports, plans, maps and other material for an impartial history of the Confederate side; to collect and preserve relics and mementos of the war; to make and perpetuate a record of the services of every member, and as far as possible of those of our comrades who have preceded us into eternity.

5. To see that the disabled are cared for; that a helping hand is extended to the needy, and that the Confederate widows and orphans are protected and assisted.

6. To urge and aid the erection of enduring monuments to our great leaders and heroic soldiers, sailors and people; and to mark with suitable headstones the graves of the Confederate dead wherever found.

7. To instill into our descendants a proper veneration for the spirit and glory of the fathers, and to bring them into association with our organization, that they may aid us in accomplishing our objects and purposes, and finally succeed us and take up our work where we may leave it.

ARTICLE III.—MEMBERSHIP—REQUISITES—LIMITATIONS.

Section 1. Membership in this Federation shall be camps.

Sec. 2. The various associations joining shall be registered in numerical order, according to the date of their formation or incorporation into the United Confederate Veterans as Camp No. —, in the State or Territory of —.

Sec. 3. All camps now in the Federation shall retain their numbers originally given them.

Sec. 4. They will be permitted to retain their local and State organiza-

tions, and beyond the requirements of this Constitution and By-Laws, they shall have full enjoyment of the right to govern themselves, and their connection with this Federation shall in nowise be construed as affecting their loyalty to their State organizations outside of this Federation.

Sec. 5. Every camp shall be required to exact of each applicant for membership in its ranks satisfactory proof of honorable service in the army or navy of the Confederate States, and honorable discharge or release therefrom.

Sec. 6. The present membership in camps already in the organization shall not be disturbed, and no new applications from such members will be required.

ARTICLE IV.—ORGANIZATION.

Section 1. The camps shall be organized by departments, divisions and brigades.

Sec. 2. The Federation shall have as its executive head a General. There shall be three departments, to be called: Army of Northern Virginia Department, Army of Tennessee Department, Trans-Mississippi Department.

Sec. 3. The Army of Northern Virginia Department shall include and be formed of the States of Virginia, Maryland, North and South Carolina, Kentucky, and all the camps and divisions not enumerated as belonging to the Army of Tennessee or Trans-Mississippi Departments.

Sec. 4. The Army of Tennessee Department shall include and be formed of the States of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida.

Sec. 5. The Trans-Mississippi Department shall include and be formed of the States and Territories west of the Mississippi, excepting Louisiana.

Sec. 6. Each and every State and Territory having within its boundaries ten (10) or more camps, regularly organized and accepted, shall constitute a division, and no State or Territory shall have more than one division within its boundaries.

Sec. 7. Camps in States or Territories where there are less than ten (10) camps, shall report directly to the department commander, upon whose recommendation such camps in contiguous States or Territories may be formed into a division by the Commander-in-Chief, until such States or Territories attain the required number of camps to entitle them to become separate divisions.

Sec. 8. Divisions, upon recommendation of department commanders, may be subdivided into brigades by the Commander-in-Chief, provided each brigade shall have at least five (5) camps, and that a majority of the camps of the division shall demand the subdivision.

ARTICLE V.—REPRESENTATION.

Section 1. Delegates, Limitations, Proxies.—The representation of the various camps at the annual meetings, general department, division and brigade shall be by delegates, as follows: One delegate for every twenty active members in good standing in the camp, and one additional one for a fraction of ten (10) members, provided, every camp in good standing shall be entitled to at least two delegates; provided, State divisions may fix its internal representation.

Sec. 2. Provided, also, that camps may be formed with fewer than twenty members, but not less than ten (10) members, in remote or sparsely settled localities, or in places outside of the former Confederate States territory, and admitted in the Federation by order of the Commander-in-Chief, upon proper application and recommendation of subordinate officers, and after compliance with all other requisites of membership, and after such other investigation into the circumstances of this reduced membership as

the General may see fit to institute through the Inspector General; but no more camps will be allowed in the same locality until the one thus admitted has attained the full number of twenty members.

Sec. 3. In enumerating active members of camps for representation, none shall be counted who are already thus enumerated in another camp of this Federation.

Sec. 4. The General, Lieutenant Generals, Major Generals, Brigadier Generals and their Adjutant General shall be ex-officio members of the annual meetings and conventions.

Sec. 5. Camps will not be allowed representation unless their per capita shall have been paid the Adjutant General on or before the first day of April next preceding the annual meeting.

ARTICLE VI.—OFFICERS.

Section 1. Election—Term of Office—Succession.—The officers of the Federation shall be: One General Commander-in-Chief, its executive head; three Lieutenant Generals, who shall command and be executive heads of the departments in which they reside.

Sec. 2. The Generals and Lieutenant-Generals shall be elected by the delegates at the annual meeting or re-union of the United Confederate Veterans.

Sec. 3. There shall be as many Major Generals as there may be divisions, but there shall be but one in each State or Territory.

Sec. 4. There shall be as many Brigadier Generals as there are brigades.

Sec. 5. The Major Generals and Brigadier Generals shall be elected by the delegates from the camps within their respective commands at a convention held at such time and place under the supervision of such officer as the department commander within which the State or Territory is located may direct; provided, however, that when a division or brigade has once organized, its elections shall be held in such manner, at such time and place as has been determined at its last annual convention by its delegates.

Sec. 6. General, department, division and brigade officers shall be elected by ballot and shall be installed in office at the time of their election, or at the option of the meeting or convention.

Sec. 7. All officers shall be elected or appointed for one year or until their successors are installed.

Sec. 8. Vacancies occurring among officers shall be filled until the next annual meeting by appointment of General Commanding, on recommendation of the department.

Sec. 9. Staff Officers.—Staff officers shall be appointed by the different Generals, to serve during such General's term of office or pleasure. No staff officer shall be at the same time a staff officer and officer of a brigade or division, or hold two staff offices.

Sec. 10. The staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall be as follows: One Adjutant General, chief of staff, with rank of Major General; one Inspector General, with rank of Brigadier General; one Quartermaster General, with rank of Brigadier General; one Commissary General, with rank of Brigadier General; one Judge Advocate General, with rank of Brigadier General; one Surgeon General, with rank of Brigadier General; one Chaplain General, and such assistants and aids, with the rank of Colonel, as in his judgment may be necessary.

Sec. 11. Department Staff.—Department commanders shall be allowed the same regular staff as the General, and such assistants and aids as they may deem necessary, but one grade lower in rank.

Sec. 12. Division Staff.—Division commanders shall be allowed the same regular staff as the department commander, but one grade lower in rank, and such aids, with the rank of Major, as may be found necessary.

Sec. 13. Brigadier Staff.—Brigade commanders shall be allowed the same regular staff as the division commander, with the rank of Major, and

such aids as may be found necessary to facilitate the organization of camps in his district, with the rank of captain.

Sec. 14. Camp Officers.—Camps may, at their option, adopt the following nomenclature for their officers, viz.: Commander, First, Second, Third (or more) Lieutenant Commanders; Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon, Chaplain, Officer of the Day, Treasurer, Sergeant Major, Vidette, a Color Sergeant and two Color Guards, and define their duties. The Commander, in official intercourse with headquarters, shall be addressed as captain.

Sec. 15. No one can be elected or appointed an officer of this Federation, or of its subordinate departments, divisions and brigades or their staffs, unless he be a member of one of its camps.

ARTICLE VII.—SEAL AND BADGES—MEMORIAL DAY—HEADQUARTERS.

Section 1. This Federation shall have power and authority to make, have and use a common seal and badge, with such device and inscription as it may adopt, and the same to alter, break and amend at pleasure; but, until otherwise provided for, the seal of this Federation shall be a device similar to that in use by this association, which device is a medal of— inch in diameter, reproducing the great seal of the Confederate States of America, bearing "United Confederate Veterans, 1861, 1865, 1889," inscribed between the wreath and margin.

Sec. 2. The seal of this Federation shall be in the keeping of the Adjutant-General Chief of Staff.

Section 1. Badge.—The badge of this Federation shall be a device similar to the one now in use by the camps of this association, which device is the representation in enamel of the Confederate battle flag, on a plain metal surface of — of an inch square, and can be mounted as a pin or button, to be worn on the left lapel of the coat.

Sec. 2. Recognized associations of Sons or Daughters of Veterans affiliating with this Federation shall be allowed to wear the same badge as the United Confederate Veterans, with the letters S. C. V. or D. C. V., as the case may be, inserted in the upper triangles of the cross, from left to right, and with the number of their organization in the lower triangle.

Memorial Day.—This Federation shall religiously observe the celebration of Memorial Day. Each camp, brigade and division shall have full authority to designate its own.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS.

Section 1. The general headquarters of this Federation is permanently fixed in New Orleans.

Sec. 2. Memorial Hall of the Louisiana Historical Association, in that city, shall be the depository of all records, papers and relics of this Federation.

ARTICLE VIII.—SPECIAL POWERS.

Section 1. This Federation shall have power to make and adopt such articles of organization, rules, regulations and by-laws as its members may deem proper, and to alter, amend and repeal the same, as they may see fit; provided, that such articles, rules, regulations, or by-laws shall not be repugnant to this Constitution, or to the laws of the United States.

Sec. 2. It shall have power to issue commissions to all its officers, general department, division, brigade, camp and staff; certificates of membership to camps joining this organization and to the individual members thereof; to fix and charge fees for such commissions and certificates and for other documents; to levy an annual per capita tax upon its members, to regulate the collection of such income for the general treasury, its custody and disbursement.

Sec. 3. It shall have the power to give recognition and affiliation, and regulate and revoke same, to organizations of sons, of mothers, wives, and daughters of the Confederate Veterans, to constitute them auxiliaries, and to select from them its successors and heirs, they to have representation in all conventions and meetings of the association, the ratio of their representation to be fixed by the conventions of the Federation. It shall further possess all powers and privileges granted by law to associations of this character.

ARTICLE IX.—PROHIBITIONS.

Section 1. No discussion of political or religious subjects, nor any political action, or endorsing of aspirants for political office, shall be permitted within the Federation of United Confederate Veterans.

Sec. 2. No debts shall be contracted by this Federation.

Sec. 3. No assessment shall be levied upon its members other than the fees and per capita, which shall never exceed an adequate amount, to meet the indispensable expenses of its management.

Sec. 4. The use of the seal, badges or name of this Federation, for business or advertising purposes, and the giving of its badges to persons unauthorized to wear it, are emphatically prohibited.

ARTICLE X.—PENALTIES—SUSPENSION.

Section 1. No camp shall be permitted representation in any meeting of this Federation until said camp shall have paid the annual per capita tax and all other amounts due the Federation by said camp.

Sec. 2. Suspension of a camp shall not affect the membership in the United Confederate Veterans of comrades of such camps, nor impair their tenure of office or eligibility as officers therein during such suspension. Prolonged suspension of a camp may be declared at an annual meeting an act detrimental to the objects and purposes of the Federation, and shall lead to forfeiture of membership.

Sec. 3. Reinstatement from suspension will take effect immediately upon receipt by the Adjutant General of evidence of the removal by the suspended camp of its cause of suspension.

FORFEITURE OF MEMBERSHIP.

Section 1. Forfeiture of membership shall be declared against any camp allowing political or religious discussions or taking any such action.

Sec. 2. Forfeiture of membership may also be declared against any camp committing any act repugnant to this Constitution or detrimental to the objects and purposes of this Federation.

Sec. 3. Forfeiture of membership shall be declared by a two-thirds vote at an annual meeting, after proper investigation of the charges, and only when they have been substantiated.

ARTICLE XI.—AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. By a two-thirds vote of the delegates present at an annual meeting of this Federation, alterations and amendments can be made to this Constitution; provided, that notice and a copy of proposed change shall have been sent to each camp at least three months in advance of the annual meeting.

ARTICLE XII.—DISSOLUTION.

Section 1. This Federation is intended to exist until the individual members of its camps are too few and feeble to longer keep it up, and it

shall not be dissolved unless upon a vote, or agreement in writing, of four-fifths of the camps in good standing. In case of its dissolution, any property it may then possess shall be left to our successors, the "Sons of Confederate Veterans," and its records shall be deposited *in perpetuum* with the Louisiana Historical Association in Memorial Hall, New Orleans, Louisiana.

BY-LAWS.

ARTICLE I.—MEMBERSHIP.

Section 1. Application for membership shall be made through the headquarters of the State or Territory where the camp is organized, by blanks furnished by the general headquarters.

Sec. 2. When the Constitution and By-Laws and roll of members of the applying organization has been examined and recommended by division and department headquarters, and when the application is accompanied by the prescribed fees, the camp shall be admitted, if no defect is found in the record, and a certificate of membership will be issued to it by the Adjutant General Chief of Staff.

Sec. 3. A correct roll of active members in good standing in each camp shall be forwarded annually, before the first day of April next preceding the general annual meeting, direct to general headquarters, upon which certified roll will be based the camp's per capita, which shall accompany it, and computed the camp's representation at the annual and other meetings.

Sec. 4. Membership in more than one camp is not forbidden, but no comrade shall be borne on the rolls of more than one camp for the purpose of enumeration and representation.

ARTICLE II.—MEETINGS.

Section 1. There shall be held annually a general meeting or reunion of the Federation. Each division shall likewise have an annual meeting or reunion.

Sec. 2. The delegates at these annual meetings shall select the time and place for the next annual meeting.

Sec. 3. The Commander-in-Chief, at a request of the majority of the camps, shall convene the Federation in special meeting. Special meetings of divisions may likewise be called by the Major Generals, at the request of a majority of the camps of their division, or in any emergency which they may deem sufficient.

Sec. 4. At all meetings delegates shall address each other as comrades.

Sec. 5. The annual general meeting shall be called to order by the Major General commanding the State or Territory or subdivision in which the meeting is held. He shall first introduce to the assembly the Chaplain General, or, in his absence, the ranking chaplain, who will deliver a prayer. Any representative of the local or State government, or other person deputized to welcome the delegates, shall then be introduced by the Major General, after which he shall turn over the meeting to the General Commander-in-Chief, who will reply to the addresses, deliver his annual address and announce the meeting ready for business. The Adjutant General shall call the roll of general officers of the Federation, and of the delegates from its camps by States and Territories, giving the number of delegates each is entitled to by his records. And such accredited delegates, answering in person to the roll call of their respective camps, shall be duly recognized dele-

gates to the body, and the meeting will proceed to business on the basis fixed by the Adjutant General's roll of accredited delegates.

Sec. 6. Every comrade in good standing will be privileged to attend the meetings of any organization belonging to the United Confederate Veterans and receive that fraternal consideration they design to foster.

VOTING.

Sec. 7. In all questions submitted to the meeting, the chair will first put the question for the ayes and nays *viva voce*; if the roll of camps shall be called for, then the camps shall be called in order, the number of votes each is entitled to stated, and the vote for and against the motion announced by the chairman of each delegation, and if possible the vote shall be cast by States or divisions.

Sec. 8. Balloting shall be by camps, the chairmen of the delegations depositing the written ballots for the camp. In balloting for officers a majority of all votes cast shall be necessary to a choice. If there is no election on the first ballot, the name of the comrade receiving the lowest number of votes shall be dropped, and so on in successive ballots until an election is made.

Sec. 9. When there is but one candidate for an office, upon motion, and by unanimous consent, a formal ballot can be dispensed with, and the candidate elected by acclamation.

Sec. 10. The ayes and nays may be required and entered upon record, at the call of any three delegates from different departments.

ARTICLE III.—DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

Section 1. The General shall be head of this Federation, and shall enforce its Constitution, By-Laws, rules and regulations, and the will of its conventions and meetings, and to this effect he may issue all necessary orders. He shall preside over the general conventions, meetings and reunions of the United Confederate Veterans, and shall decide all questions of law, order or usage, and shall be empowered to act for the good of the Federation as circumstances, in his judgment, may require, in cases not provided for by this Constitution and By-Laws, subject in all such decisions and acts to appeal to the general convention or meeting. Immediately after entering upon this office, he shall appoint his staff and all other general officers and committees not otherwise provided for, and may remove these officers and committees at his pleasure.

Sec. 2. Lieutenant Generals.—The Lieutenant Generals shall command departments. They shall assist the General by counsel or otherwise, and in his absence or disability they shall fill his office, according to seniority in the Confederate service. They shall push the enrollment into camps of all veterans of the Confederacy, in their departments; supervise the work of their divisions and see to the enforcement of all orders from general headquarters, pass upon and forward all communications between division and general headquarters, and send annual report to the General one month before the annual meeting. They shall appoint their staff immediately after entering upon their office.

Sec. 3. Major Generals.—Major Generals shall command divisions, each State and Territory forming but one division, and having but one Major General. The Major Generals shall apply themselves to fully organize their States or Territories into camps; they shall be careful to have all the requirements of the Constitution and By-Laws strictly complied with in the formation of camps, and be intermediary in their relations with general and department headquarters; they shall see to the execution of all orders received therefrom; they shall assist the Lieutenant-General, by counsel or otherwise, and in his absence or disability they shall fill his office until the next annual meeting, according to seniority in the Confederate service.

They shall appoint their staff after entering upon the duties of their offices.

Sec. 4. Brigadier Generals.—Brigadier Generals shall command the brigades or district in which it may be found necessary to divide a State or Territory. They shall be under the Major General and assist him in organizing the State or Territory; they shall see to the execution of all orders received through him, and they shall take precedence of each other according to seniority in the Confederate service. They shall be the intermediary between the Major Generals and the camps of their brigade, and vice versa. They shall appoint their staff immediately after entering upon the duties of their office, and shall be allowed as many aids as they may deem necessary to facilitate the formation of camps in their district.

Sec. 5. Camp Officers.—Camp officers shall have their duties defined by the Constitution of the camps that create them, to which full liberty has been given to govern themselves, provided the duties so defined be not in conflict with the provisions of this Constitution and By-Laws.

STAFF OFFICERS.

Sec. 6. Adjutant General.—The Adjutant General shall be chief of staff of the Commander-in-Chief. He shall keep correct records of the proceedings of the General headquarters, and general meetings and reunions; a roster of the general department, division, brigade and camp officers, and a roll of the camps; he shall conduct the correspondence of the Federation, and issue the necessary orders under the direction of the General. All returns received by him from departments shall be turned over to the proper officer. He shall prepare all books and blanks required for the use of the United Confederate Veterans, under direction of the Commander-in-Chief. He shall be the keeper of the seal of the Federation, and shall issue under it all certificates of membership, commissions and documents. He shall draw requisitions for funds on the Quartermaster General, to be approved by the Commander-in-Chief, and he shall perform such other duties and keep such other books and records as the Commander-in-Chief may require. He shall make an annual report to the Commander-in-Chief, showing the work performed by his office and the condition of the Federation. He shall send out blank muster rolls to the various subordinate camps at least sixty days before the annual meetings, together with blank certificates for their delegates, with instructions to the Adjutants of the various camps to send in such muster rolls or roster of his camp; also the names of the delegates appointed by their camp to the annual meeting of the Federation, all direct to him, before the first day of the month next preceding the annual meeting.

Sec. 7. Quartermaster General.—The Quartermaster General shall hold the funds and vouchers of the Federation. He shall have the charge of the contracting for badges of the association and their sale to the camps, upon proper requisition; he shall pay all warrants drawn on him by the Adjutant and approved by the Commander-in-Chief; he shall have charge of all arrangements for transportation of general headquarters to and from general meetings or reunions, and he shall endeavor to facilitate the transportation by railroads of delegates to the meetings of the Federation.

Sec. 8. Inspector General.—The Inspector General shall prescribe the form by blanks to be used for the inspection of camps, and, with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief, give such special instructions in reference to inspections as may be deemed necessary. He shall prepare an abstract of the reports received from departments for the information of the Commander-in-Chief, and present a report to the annual meeting. He shall have charge of all investigations ordered for infractions of the Constitution and By-Laws of the Federation of the camps, or for conduct of any camp or individual considered detrimental to the Federation, which may be referred to him by the Commander-in-Chief.

Sec. 9. Surgeon General.—The Surgeon General shall perform the duties properly appertaining to his office, and present at the annual meet-

ing a report or paper on matters relating to the medical and surgical branch of the Confederate service.

Sec. 10. Commissary General.—The Commissary General shall attend to any duties the Commander-in-Chief may impose upon him, and he shall, at the annual meetings, present a written report or paper on matters relating to the Commissariat of the Confederate Army.

Sec. 11. Chaplain General.—The Chaplain General shall open and close with prayer the annual and other meetings, and perform such duties in connection with his office as the Commander-in-Chief may require. He shall present at the annual meeting a written report or paper upon matters relating to his branch of the Confederate service.

Sec. 12. Judge Advocate General.—The Judge Advocate General shall perform the duties appertaining to that office. He shall give all legal advice that may be required of him by the Commander-in-Chief. He shall present at the annual meeting a report and paper on the history of his department of the Confederate service.

Sec. 13. The Subordinate staff shall perform in their respective spheres the duties of their offices in conformity with the regulations imposed on the general staff, as far as they can be applied.

ARTICLE IV.—CHANNELS OF COMMUNICATION.

All official communications in the business of this Federation, its subordinate commands, must follow the usual military channels, except details designated; that is, from camps to brigades, to divisions, to departments, to general headquarters, and descending will take a reverse channel.

Direct communication from subordinate bodies or officers to superiors, and vice versa, passing around intermediate commanders, will not be permitted.

ARTICLE V.—COMMITTEES.

Section 1. There shall be four standing committees of one delegate from each State and Territory, and one to represent the camps outside the former Confederate States and Territories. They shall be as follows:

Sec. 2. Historical Committee, that shall have charge of all matters relating to the literary and historical purposes of this Federation.

Sec. 3. Relief Committee, that shall have charge of all matters relating to relief, pensions, homes and other benevolent purposes of this Federation.

Sec. 4. Monumental Committee shall have charge of all matters relating to monuments, graves and the Federation's objects and purposes in those respects.

Sec. 5. Finance Committee, to verify accounts of officers, to fix the compensation of same when it becomes necessary, under the advice and approval of the General Commanding-in-Chief, and to attend to such matters of finance as may be referred to them.

Sec. 6. These committees can subdivide themselves for purposes of facilitating their labors; and shall keep a record of their meetings, make reports annually or oftener if required by the Commander-in-Chief, and shall turn over their records to the Adjutant General at the expiration of their term of office.

Sec. 7. Special Committee.—Special committees can be appointed by the General Commanding, when a necessity arises, and shall be appointed by him when so ordered by the general meeting.

Sec. 8. All committees shall meet when called by their chairman.

Reports of committees shall be sent to the General-in-Chief one month before the annual meeting.

ARTICLE VI.—FINANCES.

Section 1. The fees shall be: an entrance fee of two dollars (\$2) from each camp, which shall accompany its application, and entitle the camp to a certificate of membership free from cost of postage.

Sec. 2. A fee of one dollar (\$1) for each commission issued to officers, or certificate to individual members, of camps by general headquarters, which fee shall include postage.



JOHN S. MARMADUKE,

Maj.-Gen. Confederate States Army, Governor of Missouri, 1865-7.

Sec. 3. A per capita tax of ten (10) cents for each active member in good standing in such camp, and not enumerated in any other camp.

Sec. 4. The General Commanding shall fix the price of dues for badges, books and blanks required and issued by the Federation, which dues shall not exceed an amount sufficient to defray their cost and distribution.

Sec. 5. All fees and dues shall be received by the Adjutant General and by him turned over to the Quartermaster General, in whose custody they shall remain until properly disbursed.

Sec. 6. The per capita tax of ten (10) cents shall be apportioned out by the Quartermaster General, as follows: 7.10 to general headquarters; 1.10 to department headquarters; 2.10 to division headquarters, and shall be kept in the general treasury to the credit of the different headquarters, separate from other funds, to be paid out only upon proper requisition of their Adjutant General.

Sec. 7. Divisions may levy additional fees and per capita tax upon their camps for their own purposes, and to meet their internal expenses.

ARTICLE VII.—AMENDMENTS.

These By-Laws and the rules and the regulations of this Federation shall only be altered or amended at an annual meeting, by a two-thirds vote of the delegates present.

But any section herein may be suspended for the time being, at any annual meeting by a unanimous vote of the delegates present. No amendments shall be considered unless by unanimous consent, if a notice and copy of it shall not have been furnished to each camp in the Federation at least thirty (30) days before the annual meeting.

[Unanimously adopted by the Missouri Division of the United Confederate Veterans, in convention assembled at Springfield, Mo., August 10th, 1901, for the government of the State Organization.]

GENERAL ORGANIZATION.

This organization consists of 1,583 Camps, located as follows: In Texas, 316; Georgia, 146; Alabama, 125; South Carolina, 140; Mississippi, 102; Arkansas, 100; Tennessee, 90; Missouri, 80; North Carolina, 79; Kentucky, 73; Louisiana, 60; Virginia, 67; Indian Territory, 47; Florida, 49; Oklahoma, 26; West Virginia, 24; Northwest, 15; Pacific, 15; Maryland, 13; District of Columbia, 2; Illinois, 2; Indiana, 1; Ohio, 1; Massachusetts, 1.

General Headquarters are permanently located at New Orleans. General Stephen D. Lee, General Commanding, resides at Columbus, Mississippi. Major-General Wm. E. Mickle, Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff, New Orleans. The Departments are:

Army of Northern Virginia.—Embraces South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia and Maryland. Lieut.-Gen. C. Irvine Walker, Commander, Charleston, S. C.; Brig.-Gen. Jas. G. Holmes, Adj.-Gen. and Chief of Staff, Mason, Ga.

Army of Tennessee.—Embraces Louisiana, Tennessee, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and Kentucky. Lieut.-Gen. Clement A. Evans, Commander, Atlanta, Ga.; Brig.-Gen. E. T. Skyes, Adj.-Gen. and Chief of Staff, Columbus, Miss.

Trans-Mississippi Department.—Embraces Texas, Indian Territory, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Northwest and Pacific. Lieut.-Gen. W. L. Cabell, Commander, Dallas, Tex.; Brig.-Gen. A. T. Watts, Adj.-Gen. and Chief of Staff, Beaumont, Tex.

ORGANIZATION OF THE MISSOURI DIVISION.

In February, 1895, Gen. John B. Gordon appointed Gen. J. O. Shelby Commander of the Missouri Division, who, with the valuable assistance of Comrade James Bannerman of St. Louis, who, coupled with his great work to secure a Home for the ex-Confederate soldier in this State, with untiring energy, set about the organization of Camps throughout the State.

Colonel Robt. McCulloch of Boonville was appointed Brigadier-General

to command the Eastern Brigade, and Comrade Gid. W. Thompson of Barry county to command the Western Brigade.

Comrade Henry A. Newman of Huntsville was appointed Adjt-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

On the death of General Shelby in 1897, General Gordon appointed General Robert McCulloch, then in command of the Eastern Brigade, to the command of the Missouri Division. Comrade S. M. Kennard of St. Louis was elected Brigadier-General to command the Eastern Brigade, to fill vacancy caused by the promotion of General McCulloch.

At the Springfield Reunion and the unveiling of the monument at the cemetery August 10th, 1901, owing to the absence of the Major-General, Brig-Gen. S. M. Kennard, Commander of the Eastern Brigade, assumed command and appointed Major C. C. Rainwater his Adjutant-General.

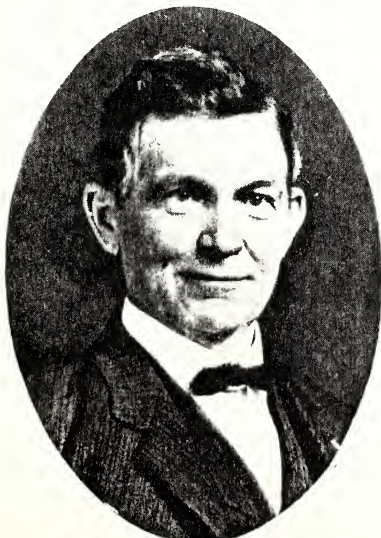
At the election of officers closing this Reunion, Col. Elijah Gates of St. Joseph was elected Major-General to command the Division. He appointed Major John C. Landis his Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff. Brig-Gen. S. M. Kennard was elected to command the Eastern Brigade, and Harvey W. Salmon to command the Western Brigade.

At the Reunion at St. Joseph, September 9th, 1902, the same general officers were elected.

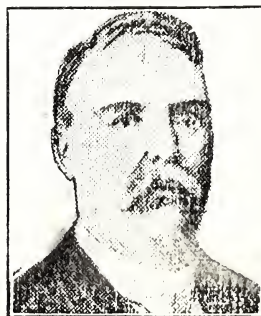
At the Reunion held at Columbia, September 24th, 1903, the same general officers were elected, with the exception of the Eastern Brigade; Major James Bannerman was elected to its command.

At the St. Louis Reunion, 1904, Major Harvey W. Salmon was elected Major-General to command the Division. He appointed W. B. Carter of Clinton his Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff. Captain Frank Gaiennie of St. Louis was elected Brigadier-General to command the Eastern Brigade, and Comrade John B. Stone of Kansas City was elected Brigadier-General to command the Western Brigade.

At the Reunion at Kansas City, October 3rd, 1905, Comrade James B. Gantt of Jefferson City was elected Major-General to command the Division; Comrade W. L. McClintic of Monroe City was elected Brigadier-General to command the Eastern Brigade, and Comrade George P. Gross of Kansas City to command the Western Brigade.



BRIG.-GEN. W. S. MCCLINTIC,
Commanding Eastern Brigade.



D. H. SHIELDS,
Adjt.-Gen. Eastern Brigade.

OFFICERS—1905-06.

James B. Gantt, Major-General Commanding.

James W. Allen, Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff.

EASTERN BRIGADE.

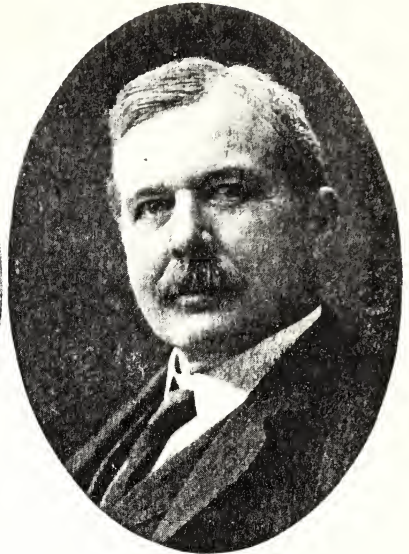
W. S. McClintic, Brigadier-General, Commander, Monroe City.

D. H. Shields, Lieutenant-Colonel, Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff, Hannibal.

<i>No.</i>	<i>Camp.</i>	<i>Commander.</i>	<i>Adjutant.</i>	<i>Location.</i>
460	Maj. Jas. Parrot	A. J. Gupton	J. W. Evans	Morley.
630	J. O. Shelby	O. H. P. Catron	N. C. Berry	West Plains.
636	T. G. Lowrey	H. A. Newman	W. H. Broadhus	Huntsville.
650	Mexico	W. H. Kennan	R. S. McKinney	Mexico.
659	J. S. Bowen	C. J. Moffitt	B. F. Haislip	St. Louis.
660	John B. Clark	C. B. Fisher	A. J. Furr	Fayette.
676	Robt. Ruffner	S. J. Harrison	G. W. League	Hannibal.
679	Bledsoe	J. W. McGee	W. M. Farrell	Paris.
685	Marmaduke	J. A. Taggart	W. P. Davis	Moberly.
688	C. H. Howard	C. H. Howard	E. G. Williams	Waynesville.
712	Crow	S. P. Fleming	T. D. Fisher	Farmington.
714	G. B. Harper	R. A. McCulloch	Jas. T. Ellis	Pilot Grove.
717	J. J. Searey	J. H. H. Maxwell	Elie Hodge	Columbia.
718	Gen. M. M. Parsons	Jas. B. Gantt	T. O. Towles	Jefferson City
723	Shacklett	W. C. Ladd	C. F. Sanders	Memphis.
731	St. Louis	Robt. McCulloch	A. W. Moise	St. Louis.
737	Gen. D. M. Frost	I. N. Sitton	J. M. Bryan	Fulton.
739	Col. P. S. Senteny	M. V. Wisdom	A. E. Senteny	Bowling G.
742	Col. E. A. Stein	W. A. Via	O. P. Margedant	Rolla.
744	J. O. Shockley	J. A. Love	A. S. Henderson	Vienna.
745	Col. E. T. Wingo	W. Barksdale	J. F. Organ	Salem.
751	Col. J. R. Woodside	M. G. Norman	S. B. Sprowle	Alton.
761	Ben. Holmes	J. B. McGhee	J. K. Lawrence	Greenville.
762	N. B. Forest	R. B. Parker	W. S. Chilton	Eminence.
779	S. G. Kitchen	W. L. Jeffries	J. W. McCullom	Dexter.
780	Stonewall	H. N. Phillips	B. C. Jones	Poplar Bluff
787	Gen. J. H. McBride	W. L. Lyle	J. Farley	Houston.
788	Gen. R. E. Lee	J. M. Cunningham	E. A. Millard	Cabool.
789	Col. W. Jeffers	J. J. Long	J. S. Hill	Marble Hill.
790	S. S. Harris	S. S. Harris	E. F. Jenkins	Jackson.
791	Col. A. C. Riley	J. Hunter	Albert Lee	New Madrid.
792	J. P. Taylor	T. B. Bradley	Collin Morgan	Kennett.
793	Col. I. N. Hedgepath	Thos. Marley	A. J. McCullom	Doniphan.
805	Col. Lowe	D. L. Glaves	L. E. Jenkins	Frederick'tn
811	Col. J. Kelly	J. P. Webb	J. G. Simpson	Cuba.
817	Dick Taylor	W. H. Long	O. F. Arnold	Bunceton.
1077	Joe Shelby	A. P. Garrett		Taneyville.
1220	Francis Cockrell	F. M. McChain	G. T. Aycock	Lebanon.



BRIG.-GEN. GEORGE P. GROSS,
Western Brigade.



LT.-COL. HENRY M. WITHERS,
Adjut.-Gen. Western Brigade.

WESTERN BRIGADE.

Geo. P. Gross, Brigadier-General, Commander, Kansas City.

H. M. Withers, Lieutenant-Colonel, Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff,
Kansas City.

No.	Camp.	Commander.	Adjutant.	Location.
80	Kansas City	D. K. Morton	J. T. Cox	Kansas City.
456	Sterling Price	Sid. Antle	F. M. James	Exeter.
488	Col. L. C. Campbell	R. S. Brownlow	J. E. Elliot	Springfield.
522	Jasper County	C. C. Catron	J. W. Halliburton	Carthage.
533	Col. E. B. Holoway	E. W. Strode	S. Lowe	Independence
541	Mooreville	J. M. Barron	N. Fiske	Mooreville.
547	Sterling Price	S. Powers	W. H. Edwards	Odessa.
554	Gen. J. S. Marmaduke	R. W. Nichols	D. F. Bell	Marshall.
613	John Benson	L. W. Haynie	J. F. Webster	Miami.
615	Marmaduke	Thos. O'Neal	D. S. Nuosom	Butler.
635	G. G. Vest	V. Marmaduke	W. C. Hall	Sweet Springs
648	Lexington	J. Q. Plattenburg	G. P. Venable	Lexington.
662	Nevada	J. D. Ingram	A. C. Sterrett	Nevada.
678	Norval Spangler	W. G. Watkins	W. F. Carter	Clinton.
684	Maj. J. L. Mirick	S. A. Ballard	Jas. A. Turner	Carrollton.
690	Freeman	J. B. Halter	B. J. Pearman	Wanda.
691	Pleasant Hill	Thos. Hayes	T. H. Cloud	Pleasant Hill.
696	J. T. Hughes	I. B. Baker	E. T. Smith	Plattsburg.
710	Gen. Pap Sterling Price	J. C. Wallace	A. G. Arrington	Keytesville.
711	Jno. Percival	S. W. Brown	Aldridge Corder	Waverly.
715	Windsor Guards	R. F. Taylor	A. C. Clark	Windsor.
727	Silas R. Crispin	J. L. Farris	J. C. Morris	Richmond.
728	Platte County	J. Synnammom	B. F. Murdock	Platte City.

No.	Camp.	Commander.	Adjutant.	Location.
729	Capt. T. McCarty	J. W. Hall	L. G. Hopkins	Liberty.
733	J. N. Edwards	Dr. R. C. Carter	J. B. Santmeyer	Higginsville.
734	Col. D. Shanks	R. M. Slaughter	M. V. Ferguson	Belton.
735	M. M. Parsons	W. P. Gibson	D. P. Woodruff	Warrensburg.
740	Lee's Summit	J. A. Carr	J. T. Lacy	Lee's Summit.
754	Emmett McDonald	J. C. Hooper	J. P. Caldwell	Pineville.
760	Capt. E. Ward	R. J. Tucker	W. L. Mack	Lamar.
807	Cundiff	J. C. Landis	L. H. Read	St. Joseph.
831	Up. Hayes	B. F. Harding	H. J. George	Oak Grove.
836	Flournoy	E. Barton	I. P. Bradley	Linneus.
859	Eldorado	T. B. Dry	J. L. Wilcoxon	Eldorado Sp's
912	Surgeon J. Cravens	Independence Mann	N. A. Baker	Gallatin.
985	Sedalia	J. A. Collins	T. C. Holland	Sedalia.
1044	J. M. Stemmons	L. Renfro	B. M. Neale	Greenfield.
1071	Stonewall	C. H. Woodson	F. M. Clements	Salisbury.
1174	Winnie Davis	R. J. M. Laffoon	J. L. Jennett	Kearney.
1566	Pap Price	A. E. Mitchell	J. G. Simpson	Morrisville.
1583	Armstrong	T. E. Gates	W. F. Green	Armstrong.

ORDERS AND CIRCULARS—SERIES 1905-6.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 4, 1905.

General Orders No. 1.

I. Having been elected at the annual meeting of the Division held at Kansas City, Missouri, October 3rd and 4th, 1905, as Major-General Commanding the Missouri Division, United Confederate Veterans, I hereby acknowledge the distinguished honor and assume command.

II. Headquarters of the Division are hereby established at Jefferson City, Missouri.

III. Comrade James W. Allen is hereby appointed Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff, with rank of Colonel. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

IV. At said annual meeting Comrade W. S. McClintic of Monroe City, Missouri, was elected Brigadier-General to command the Eastern Brigade, and Comrade George P. Gross of Kansas City, Missouri, was elected to command the Western Brigade, to whom, respectively, the Camps should report.

JAMES B. GANTT,
Major-General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 15, 1905.

General Orders No. 2.

I. The Major-General Commanding hereby announces the appointment of the following General Staff:

Chas. H. Howard.....	Inspector-General.....	Lt.-Col.....	Crocker.
Felix R. Porter.....	Chief Quartermaster.....	Lt.-Col.....	Springfield.
John Will Hall.....	Chief Commissary.....	Lt.-Col.....	Platte City.
J. W. Wofford.....	Judge-Advocate.....	Lt.-Col.....	Kansas City.
Dr. J. H. Britts.....	Chief Surgeon.....	Lt.-Col.....	Clinton.
Dr. R. C. Atkinson.....	Asst. Surgeon.....	Lt.-Col.....	St. Louis.
Thos. M. Cobb.....	Chaplain.....	Lt.-Col.....	Lexington.
J. M. Landis.....	Chief Artillery.....	Lt.-Col.....	St. Joseph.
John E. Organ.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Salem.
Ed. Barton.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Linneus.
J. C. Wallace.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Keytesville.
W. P. Gibson.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Warrensburg.
Rob. McCulloch.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	St. Louis.
John M. Weidemeyer.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Clinton.
O. H. P. Catron.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	West Plains.
R. J. Tucker.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Lamar.
W. J. Courtney.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Liberty.
A. M. Fulkerson.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Kennett.
T. C. Love.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Seymour.
T. C. Holland.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Sedalia.
A. L. Zollinger.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Otterville.
J. N. Bradley.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Papinville.
B. F. Murdock.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Platte City.
A. A. Breckinbridge.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Plattsburg.

J. D. Ingram.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Nevada.
R. H. Nichols.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Marshall.
A. J. Furr.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Fayette.
Thos. J. Cousins.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Hannibal.
J. J. Fulkerson.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Lexington.
Albert O. Allen.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	New Madrid.
J. W. Halliburton.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Carthage.
J. P. Bull.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	St. Louis.
J. R. Chowning.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Madison.
B. S. McKinney.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Mexico.
Henry A. Newinan.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Huntsville.
W. A. Via.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Major.....	Rolla.

They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By order of

JAMES B. GANTT,
Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,
Adj.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
JEFFERSON CITY, Dec. 18, 1905.

Circular No. 1.

To the Commanders and Adjutants of Camps in Missouri:

Comrades—I desire a complete roll of the membership of your Camp, setting forth the rank and company of each man and his regiment and brigade in the Confederate army. Have the same certified by your Commander and Adjutant and sent to James W. Allen, Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff, at Jefferson City, Missouri.

If you have a roster prepared and published by Col. Landis in 1902 you can use that, and add any new members who have since joined your camp, and if any of those on the roster of 1902 have died, note their death at the end of their names.

I hope to get out a published roster of all the ex-Confederates still living in Missouri. Your prompt attention to this will greatly facilitate the publication of the roster.

JAMES B. GANTT,
Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,
Adj.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 9, 1906.

Circular No. 2.

To the General Staff and all Officers of Camps:

Comrades—For the purpose of realizing sufficient funds to defray increasing expenses of the General Headquarters at New Orleans, our late beloved Commander, General John B. Gordon, as his last official act, recommended the issuance of Commissions to all officers of the Confederate Veteran Association upon payment of fees, in addition to the one dollar required by the constitution, as follows:

To Lieutenant-Generals and Major-Generals.....	\$20.00
To Brigadier-Generals	10.00
To Colonels	5.00
To all other officers.....	2.50

It is urged and requested that all Camp and Staff officers will thus comply with this last request of the honored founder of this Association



by forwarding at once to General W. E. Mickle, Adjt.-Gen. U. C. V., at New Orleans, the stated amount and obtain from him, by express, a beautiful commission, signed by our Commander-in-Chief, which would be a precious gift for your children.

JAMES B. GANTT,
Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,
Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 21, 1906.

Circular No. 3.

To all Ex-Confederate Soldiers and Sailors in Missouri:

Comrades—The "United Confederate Veterans' Association" is strictly a Social, Literary, Historical and Benevolent organization, for the purpose of uniting all ex-Confederate soldiers and sailors with the ties of friendship; to encourage the writing of narratives, memoirs, histories of battle, episodes and occurrences of the war between the States from 1861 to 1865; to see that the disabled are cared for; that a helping hand is extended to the needy, and that the Confederate widows and their children are protected and assisted. Discussions of political or religious subjects, or any political action endorsing applicants for political office, is absolutely prohibited by its constitution.

In the State of Missouri the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and the ex-Confederates of the State, aided by liberal contributions of ex-Federal soldiers, have established "The Confederate Home" near Higginsville, Mo., to which any Confederate soldier, who has become disabled by reason of his wounds, or the failure of his health, and his inability to support himself, has the right of admission, so that his last days may be spent in comfort and surrounded by those who shared with him the perils and privations of the war of '61 and '65.

In order to be admitted to this "Home" it is necessary that the soldier should be able to establish the fact of his enlistment in the Confederate Army, and his service therein. It is therefore exceedingly important that every Confederate soldier should unite himself with one of the Confederate Camps of the State, so that in case of misfortune the Commander and Adjutant of his Camp can certify to his service and enrollment in the Confederate Army, and to his worthiness to receive aid at "The Home." In view of these facts, as Commander of the Missouri Division of United Confederate Veterans, I earnestly request every ex-Confederate soldier and sailor within the State of Missouri to join one of the Camps now organized in this State at once, if not already a member.

It is earnestly hoped that the press of this State will give general publicity to this circular, and editorially call attention to the subject.

JAMES B. GANTT,
Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,
Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 22, 1906.

General Orders No. 3.

I. These Headquarters have been officially advised by General Order No. 38 from General Headquarters, United Confederate Veterans at New Orleans, under date of January 15, 1906, that the 16th Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans will be held in the city of New Orleans on April 25th, 26th and 27th, 1906, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, respectively.

II. The Major-General Commanding most earnestly urges all Commanders of Camps and the several Camps in Missouri to strive to have a large attendance from their Camps at the Reunion in New Orleans. The city of New Orleans is geographically situated so as to be easily accessible to a large section of our Federation. "The longing of the gallant remnants of the Confederate armies to meet each other, which each year grows stronger, the peculiar character of the city with its innumerable attractions, its old-time streets, its antique buildings, its immense shipping with the countless craft that float on the bosom of the 'Great River,' the beauty and refinement of its women, the hospitality of its people, ever the most enthusiastic Confederates, the exceedingly low rate made by the railroads, all coupled with the promise of its citizens (and with them promise is performance) that this gathering shall surpass all heretofore held, combine to make this meeting a memorable Reunion."

III. Brigade Commanders will promulgate this order, and urge the Camp officers in their respective Brigades to immediately take steps to elect delegates to this Reunion, and to forward to General Wm. E. Mickle, Adjutant-General United Confederate Veterans, at New Orleans, before the first day of April, a copy of the roster of each Camp, and the amount of dues for 1906, per capita, required by the constitution, in order that the names of the several Camps of Missouri may appear upon the general muster-roll and be accredited with proper representation. The Commanders and Adjutants of the several Camps will forward to these Headquarters a duplicate copy of the roster, typewritten, as certified to Gen. Mickle, and remit therewith ten cents per member, in obedience to the resolution adopted at Kansas City at the Reunion October, 1905, to meet the expenses, postage, printing, etc., of these Headquarters. In this connection the Major-General Commanding regrets to note the failure of many of the Camps to send to these Headquarters their rosters, thus delaying the publication of the membership of our organization in this State.

IV. The several Commanders and Adjutants of Camps in this State are requested to notify these Headquarters, as soon as possible, how many veterans of the several Camps will attend the Reunion, in order that the executive committee in charge of the reception may provide hotel or boarding house accommodations; and how many of the old comrades, if any, will require free lodging and board.

V. Commanders of Camps will please request their several county papers to publish this order. By order of

JAMES B. GANTT,
Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,
Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS,
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 5, 1906.
*General Orders*No. 4.*

I. The Major-General Commanding takes pleasure in announcing to the Camps of this Division that he has appointed Miss Helen Chesnut of St. Joseph sponsor and Miss Jewell Weidemeyer of Clinton maid of honor of the Missouri Division for the approaching Reunion at New Orleans, April 25th, 26th and 27th, 1906. These two young ladies are the daughters of two of our Missouri comrades, who volunteered at the commencement of the struggle in 1861, and remained steadfast to our cause until the surrender in 1865.

II. Headquarters of Missouri Division will be temporarily established at the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, April 25th, 1906. Personal staff of the Major-General will report promptly for duty. Every effort will be made to render service to the comrades attending the Reunion by furnishing information as to meetings, places for lodging, etc.

III. The Brigadier-Generals commanding the Eastern and Western

<http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found>

Brigades, each with his personal staff, will report at headquarters for duty.

IV. Each Camp in this Division is earnestly requested to send delegates and to have as many of its members attend the Reunion as possible. Commanders and Adjutants are again urged to forward their rosters and per capita tax to Maj.-Gen. Wm. E. Mickle, Adjutant-General, New Orleans.

V. Major Henry A. Newman has been named the Missouri member of the Committee on Credentials, to whom all delegates should report at these headquarters upon arrival at New Orleans. Lieut.-Col. D. H. Shields has been selected as member of the Committee on Resolutions.

VI. These headquarters are advised that the several railroads have agreed to a rate of *one cent* a mile, going from and returning to St. Louis. Same rate is expected from Kansas City, St. Joseph, Carthage, Springfield and other interior points of the State. This appears to be an open rate for all Confederates, their wives, daughters and sons attending the Reunion.

By order of

JAMES B. GANTT,

Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,

Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, NEW ORLEANS, April 25, 1906.

Special Orders No. 1.

I. Owing to the unavoidable absence of Brigadier-General George P. Gross, Commander of the Western Brigade of the Missouri Division, United Confederate Veterans, Lieut.-Col. Henry M. Withers is hereby assigned to the command of said Brigade, during the Reunion, with temporary rank of Brigadier-General. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

JAMES B. GANTT,

Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,

Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 1, 1906.

General Orders No. 5.

I. The Annual Reunion of the Missouri Division of the United Confederate Veterans will be held at Joplin, Missouri, on Wednesday and Thursday, 26th and 27th of September, 1906. Our comrades of Jasper county and the city of Carthage will join with the good people of Joplin in giving us a generous and hearty welcome, and in showing us the truly wonderful mineral resources of that splendid county.

II. Each Camp is entitled to one delegate for each twenty members thereof, and one additional for a fraction of ten or more. Every Camp in this Division is hereby directed and urged to send its delegates to this Reunion. The Commander and Adjutant of each Camp will be careful to see that the credentials of the delegates and alternates are duly certified in writing and mailed to James W. Allen, Adjutant-General, at room 126, City Hall, St. Louis, as soon as possible, and also a copy delivered to the delegate attending the Reunion. Every old Confederate in the State is cordially invited to attend, whether a delegate or not.

III. The Major-General Commanding cannot too earnestly urge upon his old comrades throughout the State the importance of attending this Reunion. The time is rapidly approaching when these Reunions must cease on earth, as our members are daily "Crossing over the river to rest under the shade of the trees," with our immortal heroes who have gone before. We are linked together by the ties of cause forever sacred, and by the memories of glorious achievements and untold sufferings. Forgetting all the

bitterness, and remembering only the glories of that struggle, let us meet this fall and renew the precious friendships of those eventful years from 1861 to 1865, and recall the memories of our departed heroes, and thus testify to the world our confidence in the justice of the cause for which we fought and endured so much, and for which our comrades died, and, at the same time, our love and devotion to the constitution of our reunited country and our allegiance to its institutions.

IV. A considerable number of the Camps have not paid their assessments to these headquarters for this year, and have failed to send in their perfected rosters. They are now requested to attend to these matters before the Reunion; and also to send a contribution for the preservation and care of our cemetery at Springfield, Missouri.

V. Efforts will be made to obtain the usual reasonable rates on the railroads for the occasion, result of which will be duly announced.

VI. The Brigadier-Generals of the Eastern and Western Brigades will immediately communicate this order to the several Camps of their commands, and urge upon them a full attendance at this Reunion.

By order of

JAMES B. GANTT,

Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,

Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI DIVISION, UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 13, 1906.

General Orders No. 6.

I. The Major-General Commanding takes pleasure in announcing to the various Camps of this Division that the railroads of this State have kindly consented to carry all delegates and others desiring to attend the State Reunion of the Missouri Division of United Confederate Veterans, to be held at Joplin on the 26th and 27th days of September, 1906, for one fare, plus 50 cents, for the round trip, excepting that rate of one fare and one-third for the round trip will apply where latter basis makes less, from all points in the State of Missouri. Tickets will be sold September 24th to 26th, inclusive, with final return limit of September 30th. The Commanders and Adjutants of all Camps will advise their comrades of this rate and publish it in their county papers at once.

II. The several Camps are authorized to select a sponsor and one maid of honor for each.

III. Miss Helen Chesnut of St. Joseph is hereby appointed sponsor for the Division for the Reunion at Joplin, and Miss Jewel Weidemeyer of Clinton, Miss Ada Allen of Liberty, Miss Genevieve Boarman of Springfield, Miss Audry Rudd of Jefferson City, Miss Virginia Allen of New Madrid, Miss Grace McCulloch of St. Louis, Miss Kathryn Mercer of Independence, Miss Blanche Kilgore of Carthage, Miss Mary A. Ingram of Nevada and Miss Florence King of Joplin Division maids of honor for that occasion, and will be accorded all the courtesies and privileges as such.

By order of

JAMES B. GANTT,

Major-General Commanding.

Official:

JAS. W. ALLEN,

Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

ROSTER OF OFFICERS AND MEMBERS

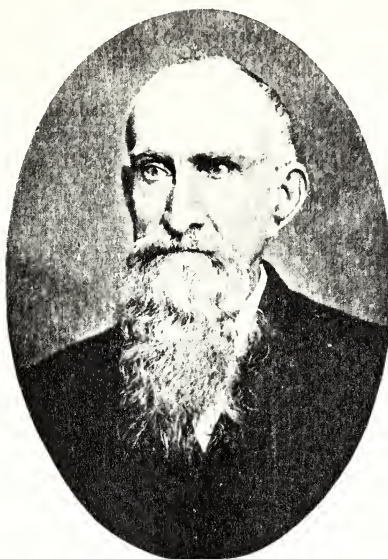
OF

Jasper County Camp No. 522 of Carthage, Missouri,

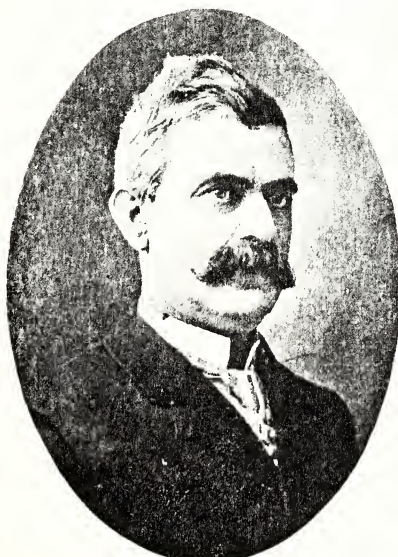
Who Were Untiring in Their Efforts to Make the Reunion a Success.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Co. or Rank.</i>	<i>No. of Regt., State and Service.</i>
C. C. Catron, Commander.	Capt.	Gordon's Regt. Cav.
S. J. Harrison, 1st Lieut. Com.	Private.	11th Mo. Infry.
T. B. Wormington, 2nd Lieut.		
Com.	Lieut. B.	3rd Mo. Cav.
Z. H. Lowdermilk, 3rd Lieut.		
Com.	H.	2nd N. C. Infry.
J. W. Halliburton, Adj. & Sec'y.	Private.	Williams' Regt., Shelby's Cav.
W. E. Hall, Co. Treasurer.	Co. A.	1st Batt.
George Burgoon.	A.	19th Tex. Cav.
R. A. Scott.	A.	Livingston Batt.
James C. Talbott.	D.	10th Mo. Infry.
Wm. H. Price.	K.	8th Mo. Infry.
W. B. McNew.	D.	2nd Tenn. Cav.
J. W. Hightower.	B.	2nd Tenn. Cav.
Jacob Litteral.	D.	Gordon's Regt.
W. N. Blanton.	G.	15th Ark.
Hubbard Johnson.	A.	Pence's Batt.
Benj. F. Hatcher.	A.	Pence's Batt.
S. H. Webb.	H.	8th Tenn. Cav.
H. E. Hatcher.	A.	1st Batt., Shelby's Brig.
A. M. Payne.	F.	3rd Mo. Infry.
Harvey Castor.	A.	6th Mo. Infry.
L. C. Davis.	E.	25th Va. Infry.
T. F. Pryor.	B.	Slack's Regt., Mo. Infry.
T. J. Shelton.	D.	1st Miss. Light Battery.
John Arcy.	H.	12th Va. Cav.
Geo. F. C. Corl.	B.	2nd N. C. Cav.
Ferdinand Osment.	B.	Price's Batt., Mo.
J. B. Head.	E.	Hobbs' Regt., Texas Co.
Jonathan Loveless.	A.	2nd Regt., Texas Light Infry.
A. B. Moore.	I.	18th Tenn. Infry.
R. C. Friend.	A.	Williams' Ky. Co.
J. W. Stith.		Collins' Batt. Brig.
Samual Danner.	F.	47th N. C.
J. H. Lyon.	H.	13th Ga., Pickett's Div.
S. L. Montgomery.	E.	3rd Mo. Infry.
J. C. Jasper.	C.	Slayback's Regt.
M. D. Johnston.	C.	2nd Ky., Hanson Div.
James Shriver.	E.	27th Va.
E. T. Rhea.	H.	3rd Tenn.
J. H. Wilson.	F.	9th Va. Cav.
Andrew J. Campbell.	E.	1st Ga. Infry.
F. S. Helm.	A.	1st Ky. Infry.
J. M. Daugherty.	A.	59th Tenn. Infry.
A. R. McMurran.	G.	2nd Va. Infry.
J. H. Dunning.	K.	16th Mo. Infry.
George Randall.	D.	37th Tenn. Infry.

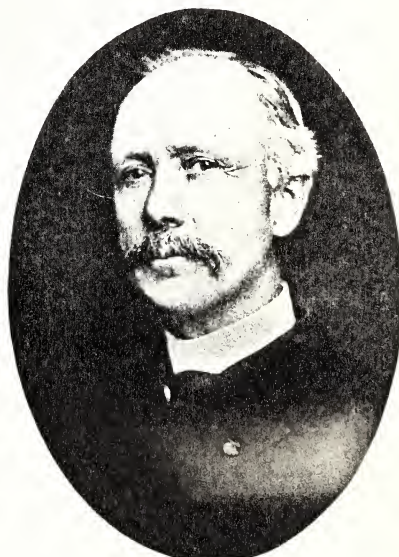




C. C. CATRON,
Commander Jasper County Camp, No. 522, U. C. V., Carthage, Mo.



JOHN W. HALLIBURTON,
Adjutant, Jasper County Camp.



W. E. HALL,
Treas. Jasper County Camp.



JASPER COUNTY CAMP NO. 522—Continued.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Co. or Rank.</i>	<i>No. of Regt., State and Service.</i>
Thomas Moffet.....	Private.....	Rolland's Com'd, Texas Rangers.
F. P. Langston.....	".....	Kentucky.
Abe Cox.....	".....	
J. H. Gist.....	A.....	Nicholas Regt., Jeff Thompson Brig.
W. E. Johnson.....	Private.....	Talbot's Regt. Raines Brig.
L. C. Gilbreath.....	F.....	10th Mo. Cav.
W. W. Greenlee.....	C.....	1st Va. Cav.
J. W. Aylor.....	A.....	Prindle's Batt. Sharp Shooters Mo.
Geo. Little.....		
C. S. Clover.....		
Alexander Campbell.....	A.....	8th Ark. Infry.
James Porter.....	B.....	3rd Mo. Cav.
F. J. Hazelwood.....	A.....	11th Mo. Infry.
John LaFever.....	C.....	11th Mo. Infry.
A. J. Blake.....	Private.....	1st Mo. Light Battery.
J. G. Jackson.....	B.....	47th N. C. Infry.
William A. Greever.....	C.....	Harrell's Batt., Ark.
B. M. Wilson.....	A.....	11th Mo. Infry.
I. B. Stevens.....	A.....	11th Mo. Infry.
E. J. Foreman.....	K.....	16th Tex. Infry.
Lee Taylor.....	A.....	Brooks' Reg., Fagan's Brig.
Wm. A. Daugherty.....	A.....	5th Tenn. Infry.
Richard D. Fallie.....	B.....	2nd Mo. Infry.
L. Shodgrass.....		1st Ark. Battery.
Wm. R. Adams.....		1st Mo. Artillery, Capt. Wade.
John B. Douglas.....	R.....	2nd Va. Infry.
J. A. Broadhurst.....	F.....	2nd Mo. Cav.
W. B. Reynolds.....	A.....	Stummer's Cav., Cabelle Brig.
J. C. Carmen.....	I.....	Porter's Regt., Mo.
T. W. Irwin.....	Griffins.....	Revir's Regt., Clark's Brig.
O. F. Arnold.....	I.....	4th Mo. Cav.
A. W. Carmen.....	I.....	Green's Infry.
H. W. Barker.....	H.....	1st Texas Cav.
Geo. E. Williamson.....	D.....	3rd Mo. Cav.
J. M. Johnson.....	I.....	2nd Mo. Cav.
A. C. Tarrant.....	A.....	2nd Mo. Cav.
J. D. Rice.....	D.....	8th Va. Cav.
S. H. Coiner.....		
A. H. McCune.....	H.....	McCowen's Regt.
Richard Rose.....	E.....	3rd Mo. Cav.
E. L. Howard.....	A.....	Todd's Regt.
G. R. Hill.....	B.....	31st Mo. Cav.
A. P. Lomax.....	B.....	39th N. C. Inf.
David Allen.....		3rd Mo. Battery.
W. H. Calfee.....	E.....	17th Va. Cav.
J. F. Smith.....		Prindle's Batt., Sharp Shooters.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
TENTH ANNUAL REUNION AND CONVENTION

FIRST DAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1906—MORNING SESSION.

Pursuant to General Orders No. 5, Series 1905-6, the Tenth Annual Reunion of the Missouri Division of United Confederate Veterans was held at Joplin, Missouri, September 26th and 27th, 1906.

The convention assembled at the Club Theater at 11 o'clock a. m., and was called to order by Major-General James B. Gantt, Commander of the Division.



MAJ.-GEN. JAMES B. GANTT.

Invocation by the Rev. T. M. Cobb, Chaplain-General of the Division.

The Honorable C. W. Lyon, Mayor of Joplin, was then introduced by General Gantt. After making a few pleasant remarks, the Mayor introduced Mr. H. Clyde Compton as his representative to make the formal address of welcome on behalf of the city officials.

MR. COMPTON'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Chairman, Confederate Veterans, Fellow Citizens and Ladies and Gentlemen:

I do not know, I cannot realize an occasion more gratifying to me and the American people; one more singularly creditable to the high type of American citizenship, and characteristic of that spirit, which lies at the

very foundation of the institutions of this country, supporting with the same proud and zealous patriotism the flag, holding with the same high purpose the ideals which the Fathers of the Revolution and time have made for our common good, than the occasion of your gathering here from all over this grand State, as Confederate veterans, to commemorate your deeds of valor on the field of battle, to meet again your comrades and to renew the old ties of love and friendship in a glorious reunion.

A little over four hundred years ago, Columbus, guided only by the sun in day and stars by night, struck out boldly from European shores upon the unknown and trackless ocean; tossed and swayed by the angry waves, he fearlessly rode the stormy deep, and in three months planted the sign of his conquest on the shores of this continent and opened it to civilization.

Europe at that time was undergoing a great moral, religious and intellectual reformation, and the principles of religious and civil liberty were asserting themselves, to the dread and fear of the "Divine right of Kings." The way being opened by the discovery of this continent, those who loved the principles of religious and civil liberty better than life, if that life was to be spent in subjection to the true philosophy of happiness and of living, became the explorers, the founders and settlers upon the shores of America.

These Puritan fathers were a brave, courageous and fearless people,



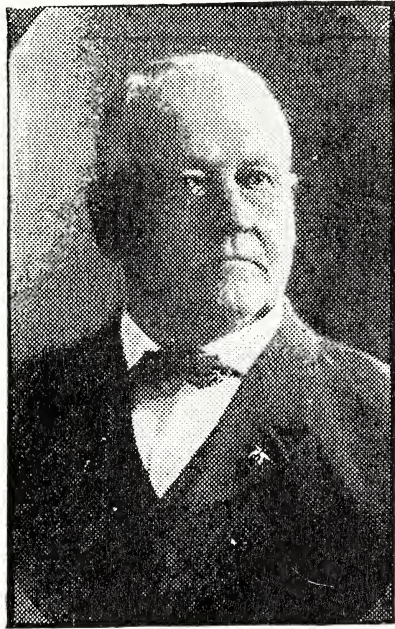
MR. H. CLYDE COMPTON, OF JOPLIN.

having suffered through the centuries from European absolutism and Monarchical despotism. They became thoroughly imbued with the idea, and taught by tradition, by custom and by the worthy example of their stalwart and noble characters, that government is not and cannot be a truly representative and just government which holds restraint upon the conscience of her people, and does not look to the well being of her citizens. They wished to have a government based upon the will of the governed, upon the needs and demands of her people; a government where each could have and enjoy the worth and produce of his own individual efforts without restraint except for the protection of another's right in the redress of another's wrong.

We have such a government today, and it was founded through her puritan strength, those ancestors inherited from these earliest founders.

And those traits of character, ideas and sentiments of government, enkindling our love and devotion to the country and the flag; those principles of religious and civil liberty have but added strength to our individualism, so that we have become not only the most independent and progressive people in the world, but the greatest thinking people. As we have come to this high plane of being by birth, had it ingrafted in our government and engendered in our lives, so we will continue to live, but on a higher plane, of broader citizenship and grander and truer statesmanship.

And today, as I look out upon this magnificent audience and behold the gray-haired veterans of the Union and Confederate armies, with common sympathies, equal patriotism, and under the folds of the grand old stars and stripes, once more united and forever the union and the cause of our coun-



COMRADE Z. H. LOWDERMILK, OF JOPLIN,
Chairman Entertainment Committee.

try to defend, my feelings carry me beyond the power of expression at such grand and magnificent characters in the citizenship of the bravest and most courageous soldiery in history. Yet, when you reflect, it was a struggle for a principle, and in the early building of the republic we cannot forget the strongest traits of character of our Puritan fathers was their strength of conviction upon principles of government.

The great question of state sovereignty, and the non-extension of slavery into the newly acquired territory, throbbed and beat in the heart of the nation. Families were divided; father against son; brother against brother, etc., until the mightiest struggle in history had spent its energy and a grand people returned to peace and the pursuits of happiness. There were reunions at the family altar; a renewal of a common patriotism, and those principles of religious and civil liberty, which our common ancestor-age dared all natural impediments, and at the risk of their lives, to formu-

late and establish with a plan of government, that we might enjoy with nature's laws the fruits of a representative and just government, whose sovereignty is the will of her people.

You gather here today as brave, courageous and fearless soldiers, veterans of the greatest war in history. You contended for a principle of government you believed was right; under your banners were marshaled the bravest soldiers and the most capable and able generals and leaders of modern times; in the great battle at Gettysburg, in the blood that dripped from the sacrificial altars, and mingled with the cliffs and rocks of Lookout Mountain, in the decisive consummation of a venerable struggle at Appomattox, can be read the fearlessness of that awful conflict, the heroism, the courage, the bravery and the convictions in men's souls, which prompted them to struggle for supremacy. And at the consummation of this great struggle, Grant turned to the soldiers of the Confederacy and said, "You may return to your homes, taking with you your baggage, horses and side arms," he paid the highest tribute to the honor, integrity, loyalty and patriotism of the Southern soldier. They were as true then as they were true in the line of battle, where you were led under the generalship of Robert E. Lee, whose achievements in this war will ever rank him among the world's greatest generals, and whose unsullied honor and loyalty has ever endeared him to the South and all mankind.

You can well point with pride to Sidney Johnson, to the brave and fearless Stonewall Jackson, for this great struggle was contended under the leadership of the most brilliant and able men of modern times. But years have passed, the marks of war and sectionalism are no more. Nothing but the memory of that great contest, the heroism and bravery of a courageous and fearless soldiery. And in 1898, in our war with Spain, when the gray-haired veterans of the Union and Confederate armies, all dressed in royal blue, went forth marching beneath our flag, in the common defense of the honor, the integrity and glory of our country, and dealt a blow to Spain and her tyranny that resounded around the world, all nations recognized the Puritan strength in the character of the American people, the union of their sentiments and ideas of religious and civil liberty; their patriotic devotion to flag and their country, and that the union was indissoluble and forever.

And today, as Confederate veterans of the greatest war in history, as brave, courageous and fearless soldiers and as the foremost, stalwart and patriotic citizens of today, who in the avenues of peace as in the bulwark and fearfulness of war you have speedily rebuilt and restored, where devastation and ruin had spread and exalted and raised a nation, whose greatness is not in her armies and navies, not in her forts and arsenals, but in the exalted character of her people, as the champions of religious and civil liberty.

And in the name of the most enterprising, generous and hospital people in the world; in the name of this city, the metropolis of the Southwest Missouri; in the name of its mayor and all its officials; in the name of the sons of those veterans, I welcome you to our hospitality, and say to you, as you linger here only a short moment, that we wish to make it the most cordial and pleasant of all the periods of your rambles. We are, therefore, at your service; ask and you will receive.

General Gantt then introduced Mr. Willard K. Butts, who delivered the address of welcome to the Sons of Veterans on behalf of the Z. H. Lowdermilk Camp.

MR. BUTTS' ADDRESS.

Ladies, Commander, Comrades:

It has fallen to me the pleasant duty of extending to you a cordial welcome. It comes full laden with love from the depths of the hearts of Z. H. Lowdermilk Camp.

They bade me say to you that they are honored by your presence in

our beautiful city; that they have anticipated your coming with feelings of the keenest delight, and have done all that loyal and loving hearts could do to make your visit a series of happy association and delightful pleasures, which we hope will be treasured in the tenderest depths of your memories for many years to come.

Over the length and breadth of our great republic, and especially throughout the domain of our grand old commonwealth, we believe the fame of our city and the mineral district as a wealth-producing locality has been heralded. We are justly proud of the position our city and county occupy in the galaxy of cities and counties of our State; but they do not desire to be admired for wealth alone, rather, to be loved for the generous hospitality of their homes, the manly dignity of their sons, and the sweet purity, unsurpassed beauty of their graceful daughters. These one and all join the comrades of our Camp in striving to show you that you are in the home of a people who love you for yourselves, and honor you for your illustrious sires.

We are more than delighted to have you in our homes, and thank you for bringing with you, to shed around us for a time their radiant beauty, the dearest, tenderest and loveliest maidens of the State.

Comrades, what a grand privilege we have in meeting at these reunions with the old heroes of the gray. Thank God that we are permitted to mingle with them and catch our inspiration from their lofty examples and stainless names. After a glorious struggle the Confederate government went down in failure, but those patriot soldiers did not fall. After a conflict of



MR. WILLARD L. BUTTS, JOPLIN.

four years, when soldiers stood eye to eye and hilt to hilt, a conflict in which every step was a battle and every battle was a graveyard. When on one point the stars and stripes waved in triumph and at another the stars and bars answered back the shout of victory, and when the feeble party, worn and weary, stood in the dark shadow of his native hills, where the tide ran blushing with the best blood of the south, what must be our admiration for the gallant Confederate hero? With the last arrow from his

quiver spent, the last shot from his locket gone, grasping with one hand his broken battle blade, and with the other holds up his battered shield, with Manassas, Shiloh, Chickamauga and Chancellorsville imprinted upon it, we are to be told that, notwithstanding such courage and devotion simply for the want of success, he is a traitor and his cause is treason. No! Away with such philosophy. They taught the world a new lesson in honor and valor, and carved upon the pages of history such a brilliant array of deeds as will cause the blood to quicken in the veins of generations yet to come.

Is it strange that you and I should belove their fame and glory in their names? Is it strange that you and I proudly trace our lineage to such gallant soldiers of the south? We are proud of the heritage they left us, and we are glad that they have officially recognized and encouraged the organization of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans. We will ever strive to show them that we are worthy of their confidence, and able and willing to assume all the trusts with which they may honor us. We gladly assume the responsibility of perpetuating their proud record of heroism and privation, of patriotism and splendid citizenship as worthy sons to take up their work and continue it after the great gray army has answered the last bugle call beyond the river.



MISS BLANCHE KILGORE,
Maid of Honor, Jasper County Camp,
Carthage, Mo.



MISS ANZELETT LOWDERMILK,
Chief Hostess Reunion.

And now, Comrades, Joplin, the queen of Southwest Missouri, like a bride adorned for her husband, in all the beauty of her love, holds out her hands to you and bids you come into her homes. The grace of her womanhood and the beauty of her maidenhood stands waiting to give you welcome, and stalwart manhood stands by their side to unite in that welcome. We trust that when you leave us you will take with you such memories that whenever in after years the names of Joplin and Jasper county fall upon your ears they will bring back only pleasant memories—memories of a hospitality that cannot be as broad as the heart from which it springs, nor as the love which it illustrates.

General James B. Gantt, Commander of the Missouri Division, then responded to the address of welcome as follows:

GENERAL GANTT'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Mayor, Mr. Compton, Members of the Commercial Club and Citizens of Joplin: In behalf of the Missouri Division of the Confederate Veterans, I thank you most heartily for your generous words of welcome to this truly wonderful city and county. It seems but a day to me since I first rode over this ground, and there was nothing to indicate that in a few short years a city of 40,000 inhabitants would spring into existence as by magic. But in the intervening years I have watched with admiration the thrift and enterprise of Joplin, Carthage, Webb City and Cartersville as they developed and unfolded to the world the unparalleled mines of zinc and lead which were hidden under the surface of Jasper county, and out of the wealth thus acquired builded these four splendid cities, Joplin, Webb City, Carthage and Cartersville.

Nowhere on earth has the last quarter of a century witnessed a more marvelous development than has been furnished right here by the enterprising people of this mineral district.

With indomitable courage and industry you have overcome all the difficulties of controlling the water and inaugurated great systems of milling the ores and have brought to your doors the great railroads to transport your output to the markets of the world.

Not only this, you have laid broad the foundation for a great metropolis for the future. Splendid office buildings, large and modern hotels and elegant business houses have arisen along your busy thoroughfares, but more than this, you have rightly considered that after all, without comfortable homes and churches and schools, you could never enjoy your wealth, and so you have erected all over your city magnificent temples to the honor and worship of God and have builded elegant and refined homes and school houses. To be the guest of such a city and such a people is indeed an honor and pleasure which we old Confederate veterans deeply appreciate. After looking about us we feel like the Queen of Sheba, the half has never been told of your wonderful development and progress.

For the pleasure of being with you and enjoying your splendid hospitality, we thank you again and again.

And now a word for these old Confederate comrades of mine who are your guests today. Among them are men who followed the leadership of that great captain and spotless gentleman, Robert E. Lee, and stormed the heights of Gettysburg and won imperishable renown at Richmond, Manassas, Antietam, Chancellorsville and the Wilderness, and held the lines at Petersburg until hunger and starvation alone loosened their grip.

Among them are men who left their homes here in Missouri without arms or ammunition and flocked to the standard of Sterling Price and fought the battles of Lexington, Carthage and Springfield and endured all the hardships and perils of that terrible struggle from 1861 to 1865. Among them are the men who followed Bowen, Green, Cockrell, Little and McCulloch across the Mississippi, and by their splendid courage at Vicksburg, Corinth, Iuka, Baker's Creek, Port Hudson and in the retreat of Joseph E. Johnston from Chattanooga to Atlanta made the name of Missourians forever glorious, and finally, under Cockrell and Gates at Franklin and Nashville, wrote their names high up in the temple of fame.

Among them are men who rode with McCulloch and Forest and Joe Wheeler in the west and Stuart and Hampton in Virginia and Marmaduke and Shelby in the Trans-Mississippi. Among them are the surviving heroes of Parsons' splendid brigade, which on all occasions illustrated the prowess of Missouri. In them, in a word, you have as your guests today the remnants of an army which for high purpose, for indomitable courage, for glorious

achievements has had no superior, if an equal, in the annals of all time. Nothing you can do for them can be too good. But, sirs, in the persons of these battle-scarred veterans you not only entertain soldiers of world renown, but you have a citizenship which is as glorious in peace as it was brave and courageous in war.

Returning at the close of that great struggle, they found too often nothing but the charred ruins of their once comfortable homes. With nothing left but their honor, manhood and faith in God, they went to work to restore their firesides, till their fields and take up again their professions, under the most adverse conditions, but how they succeeded all the world knows today. They have wrought and builded until today the south once more blossoms as the rose. Beautiful cities have sprung up, great factories are manufacturing our cotton, lumber and tar. Railroads have been rebuilt until every hamlet in the south now hears the shrill whistle of the locomotive. Our seaports are crowded with the commerce of the nations, and in every state of the south great universities and colleges have been founded and restored, and upon every hillside and in every valley school houses attest the determination of our people to educate their children to become worthy citizens of this great republic of ours.



MISS HELEN CHESNUT,
Of St. Joseph, State Sponsor.



MISS JEWELL WEIDEMEYER,
Of Clinton, State Maid of Honor.

But of Missouri especially, I call your attention to the character of the citizenship of these Confederate veterans. In every county, city and town they have won the respect of their communities by their honorable living, their positions in the business and professional world. In the political field they have proven their devotion to the best interests of the State. From their ranks we have sent to Washington, to represent the sovereignty of Missouri, Francis M. Cockrell and George Graham Vest, a representation that for a quarter of a century was the equal of that of any state in our great federation of states, and one which will ever be the high standard for future senators to emulate and accept as models.

In the person of John S. Marmaduke we furnished a Governor, whose integrity and firmness silenced even his political foes.

In the persons of Clark, Salmon, Mercer, Gates, Pitts, Lesueur, Allen and Coleman we furnished model Auditors, Treasurers, Secretaries of State and Superintendent of Public Schools.

On the Supreme bench, Judges Hough, Valliant and Brace have worn the ermine with dignity, and their decisions will ever remain precedents on account of their justice and learning in the law.

A people, Mr. Mayor and fellow citizens of Joplin and Jasper county, who can point to such a record as this are worthy of your entertainment, and they are the people who know how to appreciate your splendid hospitality.

It is a pleasing duty, in their name, to thank you for your cordial welcome.

The regular order of business was taken up, and the General Commanding named the committees as follows:

Committee on Credentials—Comrades W. P. Gibson, Henry A. Newman and C. C. Catron.

Committee on Resolutions—Comrades J. W. Halliburton, D. H. Shields and W. J. Haydon.

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DISTINGUISHED GUEST OF HONOR.

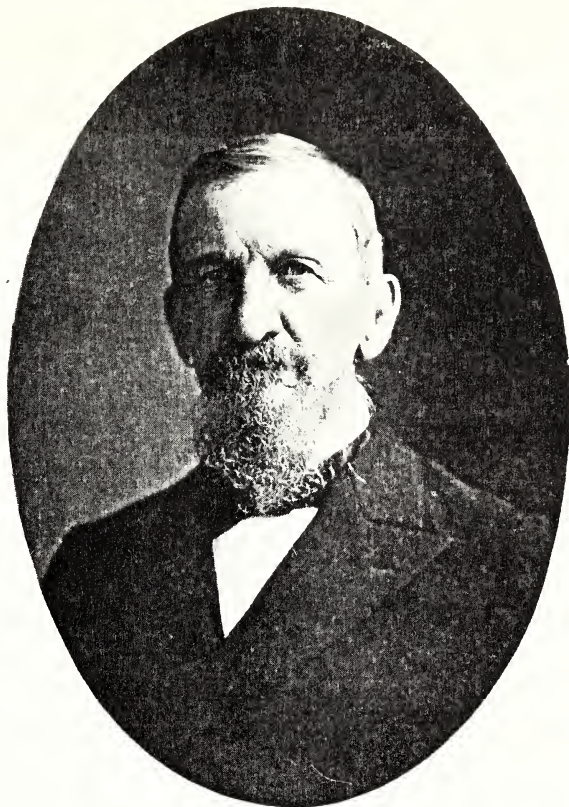
The guest of honor, Lieutenant-General A. P. Stewart, now residing in St. Louis, the ranking surviving general of the Confederate army, being upon the platform, was introduced to the audience and was received with great enthusiasm.

He thanked the Division for their cordial greeting and then proceeded to give a history of the removal of General Joseph E. Johnston from the command of the army of Tennessee and the placing of General Hood in command. General Stewart commanded a corps in that army and was at the time fully informed of all General Johnston's plans of battle.

He briefly reviewed the history of Bragg's retirement from Kentucky and going to Richmond. He said he was in Tullahoma when General Bragg returned to the army. He went into his car to hear what he had to say about the situation. General Bragg said, "I do not intend to use the spade any more;" that meant that he intended to fight "in the open." General Stewart said that might have done very well if there had been anything like evenly matched armies in size; but as the enemy were $4\frac{1}{2}$ to our 1, he will leave it to the judgment of any soldier here to say if it would not have been better to have fought the enemy, of superior force, from cover, and to make every foot of ground he took cost him as much blood and treasure as possible. He then reviewed Gen. Bragg's advance to Murfreesboro, where Rosecrans came out from Nashville to meet him, telling him of the great battle in which the Federal right was thrown back on Wednesday, and of the order to retreat on Saturday. If Joe Johnston had been there, he said, he would have found dozens of lines between Murfreesboro and Chattanooga which he would have entrenched and fought the enemy at every place. He regarded that campaign as one of the fatal mistakes of the war. When that campaign opened in May, 1864, Rosecrans was so superior in numbers that the only chance to successfully oppose him was to fall back, fighting all the time at every opportunity, and watch a chance to find him divided and then to strike. He contended that Johnston's campaign before Atlanta was one of the most skillfully conducted of the war.

He described the disposition of Johnston's army and Johnston's plans to prevent the capture of Atlanta by giving battle at Peachtree creek, and attacking the enemy, in detail. Everything was ready for action, when one day General Stewart went to General Johnston's headquarters and was shown a message from Adjutant-General Cooper from Richmond, which

directed General Johnston to turn over the command of the army to General Hood, who had been advanced to the temporary rank of full general. He felt then, he said, that it was the death blow of the Confederacy. He urged General Johnston to pocket the orders until the fate of Atlanta was



Alex. P. Stewart

Lieut.-Gen. Confederate States Army.

decided, knowing that the President did not understand all the circumstances. This General Johnston refused to do, saying that he could not disobey the President.

General Stewart said he went to see General Hardee, and even General Hood himself, and endeavored to keep the army from knowing of the order. The three generals signed a telegram to Mr. Davis, appealing to him to suspend the order without success. Two days later the battle of Peachtree Creek was fought, the original plan projected by General Johnston being disregarded, and the results were disastrous. In this engagement General Stewart lost about 1,500 men.

Lieutenant-General Alexander P. Stewart was born October 2, 1821, in Rogersville, Hawkins county, East Tennessee. In the early thirties the family removed to Winchester, Franklin county, Middle Tennessee, from which place he went to the United States Military Academy at West Point,

having received an appointment as cadet through Hon. Hopkins L. Turney. The class entered one hundred and thirty odd strong, and graduated in 1841, fifty-six in number. Among his classmates and graduating at the same time were Generals John Newton, W. S. Rosecrans, John Pope, G. W. Smith, Earl Van Dorn, James Longstreet, Lafayette McLaws, Richard H. Anderson and others.

On graduating he was assigned as a second Lieutenant in the Third Artillery Regiment, and served a year at Fort Macon, on the coast of North Carolina. In 1843 he was returned to the military academy as assistant instructor in the department of mathematics. On account of ill health, resigned in 1845, returned to Tennessee, and until the outbreak of the Confederate war served as professor of mathematics, natural philosophy and astronomy in the universities of Lebanon and Nashville, Tennessee.

In the early part of 1861 the legislature of Tennessee authorized the governor to organize a state army, and he was employed for a time in locating camps, making contracts for supplies, etc. In organizing the state forces an artillery corps was formed, consisting of twenty batteries. He was appointed major of the corps, and when the people of Tennessee voted in favor of "separation and representation," was transferred, as was the whole army of the state, to the Confederate service. He held the same rank, major of artillery, and was at Columbus, Kentucky, in charge of all the heavy artillery. On November 7th, 1861, Major Stewart was stationed with the "Big Gun," the "Lady Polk," the fire from which turned the tide of battle and made victory possible for the Confederates. A few days after, on the recommendation of Albert Sidney Johnston, he was commissioned a brigadier-general in the Confederate States army, and early in 1862 was ordered to Corinth, Mississippi, to command a brigade in Cheatham's division; marched to Shiloh, and was in the battle throughout both days. He was in the Kentucky campaign, on the retreat from Kentucky, and commanded a brigade in Cheatham's division in the battle of Murfreesboro. In 1863 he held Hoover's Gap in retreat to Chattanooga. He was sent to London to reinforce Buckner, and fell back with him to Chickamauga.

Early in 1863 General Stewart was promoted to major-general and placed in command of a division in Hardee's corps. He separated from General Buckner on the morning of the first day of (September 19) at Chickamauga, and received orders directly from General Bragg. On the first day at Chickamauga he broke the enemy's center. After the army retreated to Missionary Ridge he returned to D. H. Hill's corps. He was in the disaster at Missionary Ridge, November 23, 1863.

In the campaign from Dalton to Atlanta, in 1864, General Leonidas Polk was killed at Pine Mountain. General Stewart was then promoted to Lieutenant-General, and commanded the army of the Mississippi, afterwards Stewart's corps, and was in the Atlanta campaign in 1864, and participated in the battles of Peachtree creek, July 20, 1864; in the battle of Mount Ezra Church, near Atlanta, in which he was wounded; in Hood's campaign in Tennessee—at Franklin and Nashville—and finally was at Bentonville, North Carolina, at the surrender. Without going into details, it is sufficient to say that his promotion from Major of Artillery to the high rank of Lieutenant-General affords ample evidence of his great ability as a commander.

From 1874 to 1886 was Chancellor of the University of Mississippi at Oxford, and is now a member of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park Commission, having been appointed at its formation in 1890.

General Stewart is a highly intelligent and cultured man, and every position which he has held has been filled with faithfulness and marked ability. He is very modest and unassuming, and in social life is charming and interesting.

Among the many noble sons of the South who took up arms in defense of her right and honor, Lieutenant-General Alexander P. Stewart stood in the front rank, and for devotion to the cause, efficiency and bravery on the fields of battle was unsurpassed. It is to be hoped that he may yet be spared

for years to come, that the young men of the South may look upon him and be inspired to embody in their lives the splendid traits of character which have governed and controlled his long life.

General Stewart is making his home with his son, the Honorable A. C. Stewart, a prominent lawyer, in the city of St. Louis.

Music.

Recess for lunch was taken till 2 o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The convention was called to order promptly at 2 p. m., at which hour the ladies of Joplin gave a reception to the sponsors and maids of honor at the Keystone hotel.

Comrade George M. Jones, treasurer of the Confederate cemetery at Springfield, made his report. It shows that the cemetery is in fine condition and well cared for, and that the endowment fund of \$600 is well invested.

He reported that there was to the credit of the fund \$657.84, and expressed the hope that the Board might yet be able to establish a permanent endowment fund for the maintenance of the cemetery. The following is his statement:

CONFEDERATE STATE CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.

Geo. M. Jones, Treasurer, Dr.

Balance on hand last report.....	\$651.19
Amount received:	
Camp dues—	
Bledso Camp, No. 679.....	\$5.60
M. M. Parsons Camp, No. 735.....	8.00
Campbell Camp, No. 488.....	6.00
Interest on deposit in bank	19.03
Other sources	1.92
	<hr/> 40.55
Total	\$691.74
Paid on vouchers	<hr/> 33.90
Balance on hand	\$657.84
September 25th, 1906.	

General Gantt expressed a desire at this juncture that the State organization take some action toward having the remains of General Bowen, now buried in Mississippi, removed to the Missouri Confederate cemetery.

Comrade J. W. Halliburton made a report, on request, of the work done by the Jasper County S. C. V., in having erected monuments at the points of former battles in this county. The local camp was voted the thanks of the State organization for its work.

A ladies' quartette, consisting of Mrs. C. V. Buckley, Mrs. Harry Miller, Mrs. John McKinsey and Miss Olive Smith, of Delaware, Ohio, sang, "My Old Kentucky Home" and "Old Black Joe," amid the applause of the delegates. The songs were a treat to the old soldiers and the quartette was an excellent one. Miss Northrup of Kansas City made a great hit with the

delegates by singing "Dixie," and she was twice recalled to the stage for a repetition of the song.

The Committee on Credentials, through its Chairman, Comrade Henry A. Newman, submitted a partial report, after calling attention to the resolution adopted at the Kansas City Convention last October, stating that Camps failing to pay the per capita tax for maintenance of the cemetery at Springfield, and for the expenses of the State headquarters would not be entitled to representation upon the floor of the Annual Convention. The report was adopted and the matter further taken under consideration by the Committee for final report to the Convention tomorrow.

The absence of Comrade Judge James W. Boyd, of St. Joseph, who was invited to deliver the oration, and who was unavoidably detained at home on account of important litigation, was regretted by his numerous Confederate friends in attendance. It was a great disappointment to them all.

Comrade W. E. Hall of Carthage made a report concerning the marking of the battle ground of the engagement which took place in that vicinity, July 5th, 1861, between the Missouri State Guard and General Sigel. With the assistance of eye-witnesses, Comrade Hall placed four large stones, engraved with proper inscriptions, showing where the battle began, its course, and where it ended. A rising vote of thanks was tendered for this valuable service.

After making an announcement that the good citizens of Joplin had tendered the veterans an automobile ride about the beautiful city immediately after the adjournment; that the ball tendered by the United Sons of Veterans to the Sponsors and Maids of Honor would be given at the Elks' Hall tonight, and that a "Love Feast" would be given to the Old Soldiers at the rooms of the Commercial Club during the evening, on motion, the Convention adjourned till 11 a. m. Thursday, to meet at Lakeside Park.

THE AUTOMOBILE RIDE.

The automobile ride, instead of a march through the streets upon foot by the veterans, was novel, and greatly enjoyed by the old soldiers, many of whom had never seen such a machine, and a great many of whom had never enjoyed the privilege of riding on one.

THE BALL.

The ball given at the Elks' Hall by the Camp of United Sons of Confederate Veterans, in honor of the Sponsors and Maids of Honor attending the Reunion, was a most brilliant affair.

THE LOVE FEAST.

While the young people (and some old ones, too) were enjoying themselves at the ball, many of the veterans enjoyed the "Love Feast" at the rooms of the Commercial Club, where was a little speech making, much story telling, a great deal of smoking and quite enough of provisions, well cooked and served, with sufficient wine to aid digestion. The local Post of the G. A. R. contributed to the success of this entertainment, in the speech made by Mr. W. Jones in his humorous reply to General Gantt, who had been prevailed upon to make a speech. Both speakers were heartily applauded, which showed the good feeling existing between the members of these two organizations, maintained by remnants of the opposing great armies in 1861-5.

SECOND DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1906.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Convention met at the Pavilion in Lakeside Park at 11 a. m., and was called to order by the Major-General commanding.

Invocation by the Chaplain-General, Rev. T. M. Cobb.

Committee on Credentials made the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

To Major-General James B. Gantt Commanding:—

Your Committee on Credentials, after duly considering all credentials presented, in view of the Resolution unanimously adopted at the Reunion and Convention held in Kansas City last October requiring Camps to pay annual dues of ten (10) cents per capita to defray expenses of the Missouri Head-



* MAJ. HENRY A. NEWMAN, OF HUNTSVILLE.

quarters, and an additional ten (10) cents per capita for the purpose of maintaining the Cemetery at Springfield, to entitle them to representation upon the floor of the Convention, find the following named Camps entitled to representation in this Convention.

<i>No.</i>	<i>Name.</i>	<i>Location.</i>	<i>Delegates.</i>
615	Marmaduke Camp.....	Butler.....	2
678	Norval Spangler Camp.....	Clinton.....	3
522	Jasper County Camp.....	Carthage.....	5
859	Eldorado Springs Camp.....	Eldorado Springs.....	2
660	Jno. B. Clark Camp.....	Fayette.....	4
676	Robt. Ruffner Camp.....	Hannibal.....	2

No.	Name.	Location.	Delegates.
636	Thos. G. Lowrey Camp.....	Huntsville.....	2
733	Jno. N. Edwards Camp.....	Higginsville.....	2
718	Gen. M. M. Parsons Camp.....	Jefferson City.....	2
80	Kansas City Camp.....	Kansas City.....	6
710	Gen. Pap Sterling Price Camp.....	Keytesville.....	2
648	Lexington Camp.....	Lexington.....	2
729	Capt. Thos. McCarty Camp.....	Liberty.....	2
662	Nevada Camp.....	Nevada.....	6
831	Up. Hayes Camp.....	Oak Grove.....	2
679	Bledsoe Camp.....	Paris.....	2
728	Platte County Camp.....	Platte City.....	2
731	St. Louis Camp.....	St. Louis.....	4
488	Col. L. C. Campbell Camp.....	Springfield.....	3
807	Cundiff Camp.....	St. Joseph.....	2
688	C. H. Howard Camp.....	Waynesville.....	2
630	Joe O. Shelby Camp.....	West Plains.....	2
735	M. M. Parsons Camp.....	Warrensburg.....	2
690	Freeman Camp.....	Wanda.....	2
711	Jno. Percival Camp.....	Waverly.....	2

W. P. GIPSON,
HENRY A. NEWMAN.
C. C. CATRON.
Committee.

The Honorable Lawrence M. Griffith of Bates County was then introduced and delivered an eloquent address on behalf of the Sons of United Confederate Veterans, as follows:

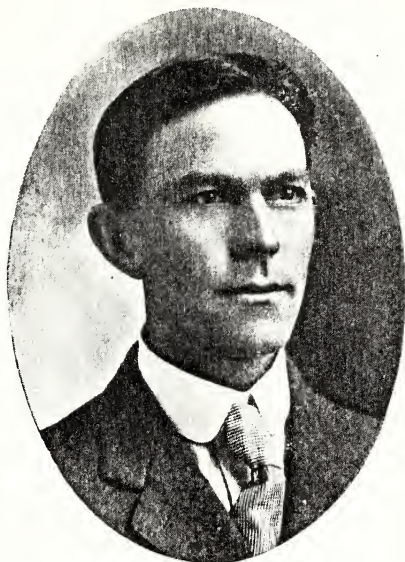
MR. GRIFFITH'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Commander and Veterans of the Confederacy: As the representative of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans, I come here to speak at your Reunion, and express our veneration for you all and the pride we feel in the heritage of valor and good citizenship which you will leave for us. If we need to express reasons for our organization, as some persons have thought, we can point to the record of those organizations of Confederate Veterans and Daughters of the Confederacy, which have done so much to re-establish the prestige of the South and to stem the tide of criticism directed against the South and her patriotic sons. We can point to the magnificent monuments that have been raised all over this Southland to those great soldiers and characters, who gave up everything for her honor, and in whose praise the North, as well as the South, is today participating.

Was the Confederate Soldier a traitor? Then the magnificent Lee, whose effigy stands with folded arms looking down St. Charles Avenue, in the city of New Orleans, colossal and high above the highest house-top, was a traitor; that Lee, whose name is now spoken in the North with veneration and respect, took upon himself the hardships and the misfortunes of the South, and bore upon his shoulders all the blame which can justly attach to any soldier of the South. Let them blame you. Let them condemn you. Let them malign you. And for our answer we will point to the statutes of Robert E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson, Albert Sidney Johnston, Nathan B. Forrest, Jefferson Davis and Sterling Price.

Let them call you cowards, and we will shout 'till the hills echo, Pickett, J. E. B. Stuart, Turner Ashby, Beauregard, Longstreet, Wade Hampton, and a score of other names. Let them say that your motives were not pure, and we will point to the private lives of those great generals of the South, famous for their purity of character and their strong faith in Christianity.

When Madison first announced the doctrine of secession in favor of the formation of the constitutional government as opposed to the government which existed under the Articles of Confederation, he laid the foundation for the Confederate Government, which was formed upon exactly the same principles, and with far greater reasons for renouncing the compact between the States. If some of the States had violated the spirit of the Articles of Confederation, and thus justified nine of them in renouncing the compact under those Articles, how much more did the northern states violate the spirit of the compact under the Constitution? And how much more were the southern states justified in disavowing the obligations of that compact? War upon the South was begun long before the firing upon Fort Sumter. It was begun when the northern people threatened to abolish the institution



HON. LAWRENCE M. GRIFFITH, OF RICH HILL.

of slavery, destroy the property in slaves, which was recognized and protected by the Constitution of the United States. It was renewed when the North rebelled against the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. It was increased when organized bands of people obstructed the United States Marshals in the northern states, who were enforcing the laws of the Government with respect to fugitive slaves. It was in full blast when religious and political organizations of the North sent emissaries to the South to stir up and inflame, organize and direct ignorant and bestial hordes of negroes in robbery, murder and inhuman crimes against the people of the South.

And when the ragged remains of an army of six hundred thousand Confederate patriots returned from a four years' fight with two million seven hundred thousand invaders, to find their homes despoiled, their families hungry and their estates dissipated, there was born in the South a new religion. They did not think it wrong to worship those ragged idols, and with an almost religious zeal they have given from their scanty store to raise monuments to their defenders; striving by word, pen and printing press to make the world listen to the truths and learn both sides of that conflict.

I say, if every Confederate soldier was a traitor, the devotion of the southern people is beautiful beyond example, and they are entitled to write on history's pages the true story of their deeds. And we, the Sons of those faithful and devoted people, should indeed be unworthy if we did not feel an impulse to carry on this crusade of honor, unequalled by any conquered race in the history of the world. So that we come to tell you that we are grateful for the lives you have led, and for the glorious valor, patriotism and civilization of the old South. We come to say that while there is one word left to write, while there is one monument to be built, while there is one word of praise left to be said, a grave to be tended to, or a veteran to be ministered to, this organization shall remain banded together in this holy purpose. Our federation is not political or religious in its nature; nor is it organized in any spirit of envy, spite or revenge. All we hope and want to do is to keep up the hue and cry that history must be written right and our heroes recognized. We shall not rest as long as the children in the land are given false ideas of that conflict, or while solemn historians or writers of constitutional law deify the statesmen and soldiers of the North and condemn the South to abuse and contempt.

If our organization shall pass away and it shall be said of us that we have been loyal to our people and our beloved Southland; that we have aided the cause of truth; that we have preserved some of that magnificent civilization of the old South, and have carried into posterity that stamp of man and woman which distinguished the battlefields, the legislative halls, hospitals and the homes of the Confederacy, then we shall feel that this Federation of Sons has been a triumphant success.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

Comrade J. W. Halliburton, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported the following, which were unanimously adopted amid much enthusiasm:

THANKS TO CITIZENS OF JOPLIN.

Resolved, That we hereby tender to the Commercial Club, city officials and good people of the city of Joplin, for their kind invitation to hold our Annual Reunion in their midst this year. And they, together with the good people of Carthage, Webb City, Cartersville and Jasper county, have our sincere and heartfelt thanks for their generous entertainment and splendid hospitality; and we assure them that our visit to Joplin and Jasper county will ever be cherished as one of the bright spots in our lives, and our days among them as days of pleasure and joy.

THANKS TO JASPER COUNTY CAMP U. C. V's.

Resolved, That we tender to our Comrades, the Members of Jasper County Camp, No. 522, U. C. V's., our sincere thanks for their kind attentions to us. And we assure them they will always be held in the kindest remembrance by us.

THANKS TO C. H. LOWDERMILK CAMP OF SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Resolved, That our thanks are specially due to the Z. H. Lowdermilk Camp of Sons of Confederate Veterans for their kindly attention to us and to our sponsors and maids of honor, and for the beautiful ball provided for our young people.

THANKS TO JOPLIN G. A. R. POST AND WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS.

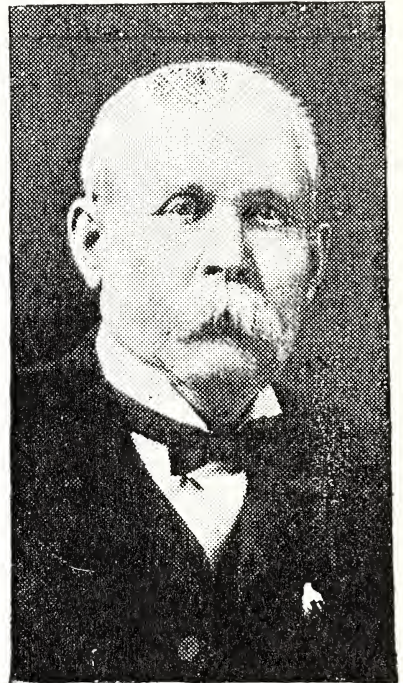
Resolved, That our thanks are due and heartily tendered to the Grand Army Post and Women's Relief Corps of Jasper county for their kindly attention to us, and their efforts to make our Reunion in Jasper county one to be pleasantly remembered.

THANKS TO THE NEWSPAPERS.

Resolved, That we return thanks to the newspapers of Joplin and Jasper county and the Associated Press for their generous and kindly notice of our meetings, and for their full and fair reports of our proceedings.



COMRADE T. W. CUNNINGHAM
at 16.



COMRADE T. W. CUNNINGHAM,
of Joplin, at 60.

THANKS TO THE RAILROADS.

Resolved, That we hereby return our thanks to the various railroads of the State for the generous rates given us for this Reunion.

URGING THE LEGISLATURE TO CAUSE CERTAIN MONUMENTS TO BE ERECTED.

Resolved, That we respectfully request and urge the next General Assembly of Missouri to make a suitable appropriation for the erection of a monument to the Confederate Soldiers of Missouri who died in the battles of Vicksburg, Mississippi.

ENDORING THE "CONFEDERATE VETERAN."

Resolved, That we commend the "Confederate Veteran," the official organ of our association, as well as the United Sons of Confederate Veterans and the United Daughters of the Confederacy, which is so ably conducted by our Comrade, S. A. Cunningham, and published at Nashville, Tennessee. We earnestly recommend it to all Comrades in Missouri.

URGING ALL CAMPS TO SEND DELEGATES TO THE NEXT NATIONAL REUNION TO BE HELD AT RICHMOND, VA.

Whereas, The next National Reunion of the U. C. V. will be held in the city of Richmond, Virginia, next June, and during the session the monument in honor of Jefferson Davis will be unveiled; this monument having been erected by voluntary contributions by Confederates throughout the length and breadth of our country, raised and expended by noble women of the Southland, organized as the Daughters of the Confederacy, and

Whereas, Under the providence of God, this will be the last reunion that many of our brothers can attend, we would urge that every camp in the jurisdiction of Missouri should make an extra effort to be represented at that time; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we earnestly urge upon each and every Camp in this jurisdiction to send one or more delegates to the reunion next June.



COMRADE S. A. CUNNINGHAM,
Editor "Confederate Veteran," Nashville, Tenn.

Comrade S. A. Cunningham, the worthy and able editor of the "Confederate Veteran," the official organ of all Confederate Associations, published at Nashville, Tennessee, was introduced, and applauded by the veterans. He briefly outlined the valuable work of his publication, which is so popular with all Confederates.

THANKS TO THE DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY FOR THE ERECTION OF THE
HANDSOME MONUMENT AT HIGGINSVILLE.

Whereas, The Daughters of the Confederacy have raised the necessary funds and caused to be erected in the Confederate cemetery at Higginsville a splendid monument to the memory of our gallant comrades buried there; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we hereby tender our heartfelt thanks and lasting gratitude for their magnificent and unselfish work and to assure them that they and their work will ever be a fondly cherished memory with every member of this Division.

RECOMMENDING THAT A COMMITTEE BE APPOINTED TO SECURE THE REMOVAL OF
THE REMAINS OF MISSOURI GENERALS TO THE SPRINGFIELD CEMETERY.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the Commander to take under consideration the removal of the remains of General Bowen, General Martin E. Green, General Little and General W. Y. Slack to the Confederate cemetery at Springfield, Mo., with power to act.

Comrade James C. Wallace, Commander of the "General Pap Sterling Price Camp No. 710," at Keytesville, presented a resolution asking the Convention to recommend to General Headquarters at New Orleans that its name be changed to "General Sterling Price Home Camp No. 710." Adopted.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The next and final order of business was the election of officers for the ensuing year. The Commander appointed tellers and announced that nominations were in order for the election of a Major-General to Command the Missouri Division of United Confederate Veterans, stating that his name should not be presented, as that distinguished honor had already been conferred upon him by his Comrades of Missouri.

Comrade John B. Stone of Kansas City, was placed in nomination. There being no further nominations, rules were suspended and he was elected by acclamation. It was so declared.

Nominations were then called for Brigadier-General for the Eastern Brigade. The name of Comrade T. J. Cousins of Hannibal was presented. No further nominations being made, rules were suspended and he was declared elected by acclamation.

And nominations were then called for Brigadier-General of the Western Brigade, when the only name presented was that of Comrade J. D. Ingram of Nevada, who, under the suspension of rules, was also elected by acclamation. It was so declared.

On motion, the Major-General elect and his Brigadier-Generals were named as a committee authorized and instructed to select the time and place for holding the Eleventh Annual Reunion in 1907

THANKS TO MAJOR-GENERAL COMMANDING AND OFFICERS
OF THE DIVISION.

Comrade John B. Stone, Major-General elect, offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Comrade James Walton, and unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

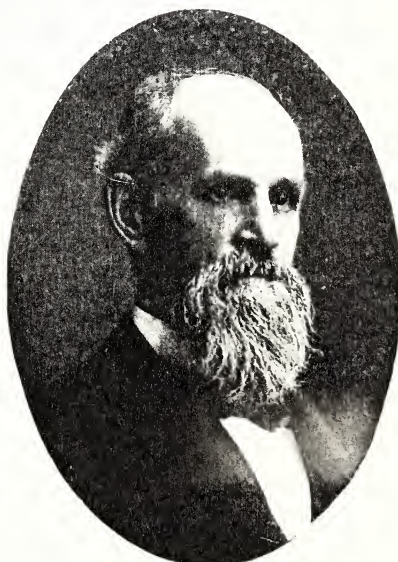
Resolved, That the thanks of the Missouri Division of United Confederate Veterans be tendered to Major-General James B. Gault for the splendid management and the able manner in which he has conducted the business of this Division during the past year; and for his uniform courtesy and the absolute impartiality with which he has treated every delegate to this Convention.



COMRADE J. B. STONE,
Maj.-Gen. Elect, Mo. Div., U. C. V.



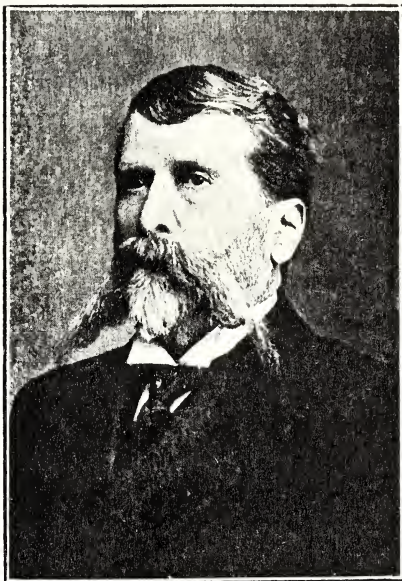
T. J. COUSINS,
Brig.-Gen. Elect, Eastern Brigade.



J. D. INGRAM,
Brig.-Gen. Elect, Western Brigade.

Resolutions of thanks were also extended to Brig.-General W. S. McClintic and Lt.-Colonel D. H. Shields, his Adjutant-General, of the Eastern Brigade; to Brig.-General George P. Gross and to Lt.-Colonel Henry M. Withers, his Adjutant-General, of the Western Brigade; and also to James W. Allen, Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff of the Division.

There being no further business, on motion, the convention adjourned *sine die*, to enjoy the elegant picnic dinner served by the good ladies of Jasper county at Lakeside Park.



JAMES W. ALLEN,
Adj.-Gen. and Chief of Staff, Mo. Div., U. C. V.

VETERANS REGISTERED AT THE JOPLIN REUNION,

September 26-27, 1906.

Name.	Command.	Rank.	Residence.
Asbury, A. E.	Co. A, Cornell's Mo. Cav.	Captain	Higginsville, Mo.
Arnold, O. F.	Co. I, 4th Mo. Cav.	P.	Webb City, Mo.
Allen, David.	Battery, 3rd Mo.	Sergt.	Carthage, Mo.
Atkinson, A.	Inf. C, 13th Mo. C.	P.	Kansas City, Mo.
Allen, Jas. W.	On duty in Ord. Bureau, War Dept.	Capt. M. S. G., Lieut. C. S. A.	St. Louis, Mo.
Bronaugh, W. C.	Co. K, 16th Mo. Inf.	Private	Clinton, Mo.
Bush, O. M.	Co. C, 16th Mo. Inf.	"	Clinton, Mo.
Broadhurst, J. C.	Co. F, Shank's Regt.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Buck, J. H.	Co. A, 4th Mo. Inf.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Blackwell, H. J.	Co. A, 3rd Ark. Inf.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Brockman, E. M.	Co. M, Searcy Batt.	"	Nevada, Mo.
Borden, Wm.	Co. E, 16th Mo. Inf.	"	Christopher, Mo.

Name.	Command.	Rank.	Residence.
Brannock, T. N.	Co. I, Shanks Regt.	"	Nevada, Mo.
Brooks, Henry.	Co. II, 4th Mo. Cav.	"	Hume, Mo.
Bannerman, Jas.	Co. C, Pindell's Batt., Mo.	"	St. Louis, Mo.
Blanton, W. M.	Co. G, 15th Ark. Inf.	Sergt.	Cartersville, Mo.
Brent, J. W.	Co. E, 11th Virg.	1st Lieut.	Joplin, Mo.
Bradley, J. A.	Jackman's Regt.	Mjr. & Qtr.	Tappanville, Mo.
Benjamin, D.	Monroe's Regt. G.	Private	Baxter Springs, Kas.
Burns, A. J.	Co. D, 13th Ark.	Sergt.	Chitwood, Mo.
Baum, M.	Raines' Div., Capt. Musgrave.		Galena, Kas.
Cole, A. W.	Gen. McBride's Staff.	Capt.	Warrensburg, Mo.
Cobb, Thos. M.	Co. H, 2nd Mo. Inf.	Sergt.	Belton, Mo.
Corder, Jno. E.	Co. H, 1st Mo. Cav.	Lieut.	Malta Bend, Mo.
Campbell, Alex.	Co. A, 8th Ark.	Private	Joplin, Mo.
Cameron, E. F.	Gault's Co., Slayback's Regt.	"	Excelsior Sp'gs. Mo.
Calfee, W. H.	Co. E, 17th Va. Cav.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Coimer, S. H.	Co. H, Clark's Regt.	1st Lt. & Capt.	Joplin, Mo.
Catron, C. C.	Co. C, Gordon's Regt.	Capt. A. Cs.	Carthage, Mo.
Carson, W. S.	Co. B, 9th Batt. Sharpshooters.	Sergt.	Granby, Mo.
Cole, Sam'l.	Co. G, 2nd Mo. Regt.	Private	Sheldon, Mo.
Clark, J. J.	Co. I, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Sheldon, Mo.
Combs, J. T.	Co. E, Porter's Regt.	"	Galena, Kas.
Carneau, A. W.	Green's Regt.	O. S.	Joplin, Mo.
Cunningham, T. W.	Co. I, 6th Mo. Inf.	Private	Joplin, Mo.
Canaday, T. G.	Co. I, 6th Va. Cav.	"	Baxter Springs, Kas.
Cunningham, B. C.	6th Tenn. Artillery.	"	Reed, Mo.
Cardin, T. J.	Cav. E, 2nd Mo.	"	Baxter Springs, Mo.
Campbell, J. L.	Cav. A, 2nd Mo.	"	Miami, I. T.
Cartmill, J. H.	Inf. A, 22nd Va.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Coats, John.	Price's Escort.	"	Wise, Mo.
Catron, W. J.	Co. B, 6th Mo. Inf.	"	Neosho, Mo.
Duncan, Matt F.	Co. H, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Kearney, Mo.
Dawson, W. E.	Co. D, Pindell's Batt.	"	Eldorado Spg's, Mo.
Dean, R. S.	Co. E, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Nevada, Mo.
Doty, Henry.	Co. E, 2nd Ky. Cav.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Danner, Sam'l.	Co. F, 42nd Mo. Cav.	"	Cartersville, Mo.
Dwyer, I. T.	Co. I, 10th Mo. Inf.	O. Sergt.	Dawyer, Mo.
Dunning, J. H.	Co. K, 16th Mo. Inf.	Private	Reeds, Mo.
Embrey, J. J.	Co. E, 16th Mo. Inf.	"	Newtonia, Mo.
Early, Jno. C.	Co. K, 10th Mo. Regt.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Eastwood, R. E.	Co. F, Searey's Batt.	"	Carthage, Mo.
Eaton, G. T.	Co. B, 9th Mo. Inf.	"	Moundsville, Mo.
Fritz, Jno. H.	1st and 4th Mo. Inf.	Sergt.	Clinton, Mo.
Finks, J. H.	Gen. M. M. Parson's Staff	Major	Fayette, Mo.
Fox, Geo. W.	Co. E, 60Va. Inf.	Corporal	Lee's Summit, Mo.
Foreman, E. J.	Co. K, 16th Tex. Inf.	3rd Sergt.	Joplin, Mo.
Flanagan, W. J.	Co. I, 65th Geo. Inf.	Private	Ash Grove, Mo.
Ford, J. R.	Co. C, 9th Mo. Inf.	Corporal	Butler, Mo.
Gooldy, W. J.	Co. D, 28th Va. Inf.	Captain	Vaux, Mo.
Goff, Ephr.	Co. K, 16th Mo. Inf.	Private	Clinton, Mo.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Command.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Gist, J. H.	Co. A, 7th Mo. Cav.	"	Chitwood, Mo.
Glover, C. S.	Co. A, 16th Mo. Inf.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Guinn, J. B.	Co. H, 2nd Geo. Cav.	"	Chelsea, I. T.
Goen, E. J.	Co. D, 1st Mo. Cav.	"	Kansas City, Mo.
Gross, Gep. P.	Fagin's Escort.	"	Kansas City, Mo.
Gibson, W. P.	Co. F, Hunter's Regt.	Adj.	Warrensburg, Mo.
Gilbert, J. O. W.	Co. B, 7th Ark. Inf.	Private.	Carthage, Mo.
Graves, W. J.	Co. H, 1st Tenn. Cav.	"	Racine, Mo.
Grimes, J. P.	11th Texas Art.	Corporal.	Saulsbury, Mo.
Gantt, Jas. B.	Co. B, 12th Ga. Inf.	O. Sergt.	Jefferson City.
Glenn, J. T.	Co. H, 10th Mo. Inf.	Private.	Seneca, Mo.
Greer, W. H.	2nd Mo. Shelby's Brig.	"	Lexington, Mo.
Holder, F. M.	Tucker's Co., Clarkson's Regt.	Private.	Duenweg, Mo.
Hart, John.	Co. A, Pierce's Batt.	"	Excelsior Sp'gs, Mo.
Hall, John Will.	Stmr. Webl.	Sailor.	Liberty, Mo.
Hopkins, A. B.	Co. E, 4th Mo. Inf.		
Hampton, J. R.	Co. A, Hampton Scouts, Tenn.	Corporal.	Clinton, Mo.
		Private.	Springfield, Mo.
Harrison, S. J.	Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Hatcher, H. E.	Co. A, Pierce's Batt. Mo.	Corp.-Sergt.	Webb City, Mo.
Hill, D. P.	Co. H, 3rd Mo. Inf.	Private.	Willard, Mo.
Haynes, J. W.	Co. A, 3rd Mo. Inf.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Haptonstall, J.	Co. D, 14th Va. Cav.	"	Eldorado Sp'gs, Mo.
Hautlein, R. M.	Co. I, Gordon's Regt.	"	Veve, Mo.
Hall, W. E.	Co. A, 1st Mo. Cav.	"	Carthage, Mo.
Harreford, V. P.	Co. C, 11th Mo. Inf.	1st Corporal.	Nevada, Mo.
Halter, J. B.	Co. B, 1st Mo. Cav.	Private.	Neosho, Mo.
Howard, E. L.	Co. A, Raines' Div.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Halliburton, J. W.	Co. F, Williams' Regt.	"	Carthage, Mo.
Hill, G. B.	Co. G, Elliott's Cav.	"	Saulsbury, Mo.
Hightower, J. W.	Co. D, 2nd Tenn. Cav.	O. Sergt.	Reeds, Mo.
Hatcher, B. F.	Co. A, Pierce's Batt. Mo.		Carterville, Mo.
Houx, J. O.	Co. F, 10th Mo. Cav.	Private.	Columbus, Kas.
Harper, H. H.	Co. D, 1st Mo. Cav.	"	Columbus, Kas.
Humphrey, H. C.	Co. H, 4th Mo. Cav.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Hardy, Jaunes.	Co. A, 35th Mo. Inf.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Hall, Jas. M.	M. S. L. Calloway Guards.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Hash, C. B.	Co. H, 8th Va. Cav.	2nd Sergt.	Gentry, Mo.
Haydon, W. J.	Co. A, Burbridge's Com.	Private.	Springfield, Mo.
Hauser, J. B.	Co. D, N. C. Cav., Lee's Div.	"	Horton, Mo.
Ingram, J. D.	11th Tex. Artillery	"	Nevada, Mo.
Jennett, J. L.	Co. C, 59th Va. Inf.	Captain.	Kearney, Mo.
Jordan, J. A.	Co. H, 7th Va. Cav.	Private.	Kansas City, Mo.
Jackson, J. G.	Co. B, 42nd Mo. Cav.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Johnson, Hubbard.	Pierce's Batt.	"	Prosperity, Mo.
Johnson, W. E.	Livingston's Batt.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Jones, E. N.	Co. D, 2nd Mo. Inf.	Corporal.	Butler, Mo.
Johnson, C. J.	Co. A, Faulkner's Regt.	Private.	Joplin, Mo.
Johnson, T. W.	Co. H, 3rd Regt. Shelp's Brig.	"	Sarcoxie, Mo.
Jones, G. M.	Staff, 3rd Mo. Cav.	Capt.	Springfield, Mo.
Johnston, J. M.	Eckler's Batt. Silver Brig.	Private.	Waco, Mo.
Kennedy, Jas.	Searey's Batt.	Major.	Kansas City, Mo.

Name.	Command.	Rank.	Residence.
Kennerly, J. W.	Co. E, 1s Va. Cav.	Private.	Tiffin, Mo.
Kemper, W. T.	Co. B, 10th Mo. Cav.	"	Rockville, Mo.
Keys, C. W.	Co. K, 7th Regt. La.	"	Aurora, Mo.
Kingston, J. M.	Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.	1st Lieut.	Granby, Mo.
Ke so, H.	Cole Younger s Co.		Carthage, Mo.
Lowdermilk, Z. H.	Co. H, 3rd Mo. Cav. Inf.	Capt.	Joplin, Mo.
Logan, J. B.	Co. K, 41st Tenn.	Private.	Marionville, Mo.
Little, G. W.	Co. A, 8th Tenn. Inf.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Lynch, Jacob.	Co. D, 17th Ark. Inf.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Lafever, John.	Co. C, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Carthage, Mo.
Llewellyn, Stephen.	Mo. S. G.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Lydard, B. H.	Co. K, 10th La. Cav.	2nd Scargt.	Joplin, Mo.
Litteral, Jacob.	Co. A, 2nd Ark. Cav.	Private.	Cartersville, Mo.
Lane, J. W.	Priee's Div.	"	Miami, I. T.
Logan, N.	Co. E, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Aurora, Mo.
Lindsay, J. M.	Co. E, Duke's Regt, 2nd Ky. Cav.	"	Kansas City, Mo.
Marshall, W. M.	Co. D, 3rd Mo. Cav.	Private.	Warrensburg, Mo.
Murray, A. G.	Co. E, Nichols' Regt.	"	Galena, Kas.
Murray, J. J.	Co. G, Slayback's Regt.	"	Sweet Springs, Mo.
May, J. H.	Co. A, 2nd Cherokee.	"	Carthage, Mo.
Morton, D. K.	Co. E, 8th Ky. Cav.	Lieut.	Kansas City, Mo.
Mitchell, I. N.	Co. E, 16th Mo. Inf.	Private.	Sweet Water, Mo.
Murdock, B. F.	Co. G, 6th Mo. Inf.	1st Lieut.	Platte City, Mo.
Marsteller, J. W.	Cheevs. Batt. Va.	Private.	Jefferson City, Mo.
Mock, D. H.	Co. A, Shanks' Regt.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Moorman, C. P.	Co. E, 2nd Va. Cav.	"	Galena, Kas.
Montgomery, S. L.	Co. E, 8th Mo. Cav.	1st Scargt.	Carthage, Mo.
Meador, J. E.	Co. C, Craven's State Gd.	Private.	Reeds, Mo.
McClanahan, C. N.	Co. F, 8th Mo. Cav.	"	Nevada, Mo.
McClintock, W. S.	Rumford's Batt. Va.	"	Monroe City, Mo.
McNew, W. B.	Co. D, 2nd Tenn. Cav.	Sergt.	Carthage, Mo.
McLeod, J. E.	Pindall Batt. D.	Orderly Sergt.	Franklin, Mo.
McGowan, Robt. J.	Co. D, 9th Ky. Cav.	Private.	Nevada, Mo.
McMurrin, A. R.	Co. I, 2nd Va. Inf.	"	Carthage, Mo.
McGee, John M.	Co. G, 4th Mo. Cav.	"	Paris, Mo.
Newton, W. J.	Co. H, 33rd Tenn. Inf.	"	Joplin Mo.
Newman, H. A.	Co. I, 43rd Ga. Inf.	Lieut.	Huntsville, Mo.
Nix, S. S.	Co. G, 7th Ky.	3rd Lieut.	Joplin, Mo.
Nickell, C.	Co. A, 4th Mo. Inf.	Chaplain.	Joplin, Mo.
Osborn, Thos. B.	Co. F, 16th Inf. Mo.	Private.	Newtonia, Mo.
O'Neal, Thos.	Co. F, 7th Va. Cav.	"	Rich Hill, Mo.
Oliver, E. S.	Co. E, 6th Ky. Inf.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Palmer, John A.	Co. K, Slayback Regt.	"	Nevada, Mo.
Perninor, J. D.	Co. H, 43rd Tedn. Cav.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Porter, J. E.	Co. E, 8th Mo. Cav.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Porter, J. W.	Co. K, Slayback's Regt.	"	Rich Hill, Mo.
Patterson, A. R.	Co. E, Elliott's Regt.	"	Odessa, Mo.
Price, W. H.	Co. K, 8th Mo. Inf.	"	Cartersville, Mo.
Prophet, J. J.	Co. A, 3rd Mo. Batt.	"	Webb City, Mo.
Price, W. G.	Co. H, 3rd Mo. Cav.	1st Sergt.	Saganaw, Mo.
Purcell, W. J.	3rd Ark. Inf.		Springdale, Ark.
Renick, R. F.	Co. H, 4th Mo. Inf.	1st Lieut.	Columbus, Mo.
Record, F. M.	Co. B, Wells' Batt.	Private.	Cooly's Bluff, I. T.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Command.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Ross, R.	Co. E, 31st Va. Inf.	"	Rich Hill, Mo.
Roop, C. L.	Co. G, Gordon's Regt.	"	Carthage, Mo.
Robertson, O.	Co. D, 2nd Mo. Cav.	"	Columbus, Kas.
Reynolds, I. W.	Blythes' Batt, Miss.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Renfro, J. N.	Co. G, 1st E. Tenn. Cav.	"	Granby, Mo.
Smith, C. C.	Co. G, 1st Mo. Cav.	Ord. Sergt.	Pittsville, Mo.
Shelton, A. H.	Co. B, 3rd Mo. Inf.	Private.	Excelsior Sp'gs, Mo.
Sevier, W. P.	Co. C, Prindell's Batt.	2nd Lieut.	Butler, Mo.
Soper, P. T.	Co. B, Shank's Regt.	"	Kearney, Mo.
Seward, J. G.	Co. C, 5th Va. Cav.	Captain.	Joplin, Mo.
Stevens, I. B.	Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.	Private.	Sarcoxie, Mo.
Starke, M. L.	Co. A, Williams' Regt.	Fireman.	Joplin, Mo.
Scanlan, Jno.	S. C. N.	Private.	Bethel, Kas.
Starns, D. F.	Co. C, 6th Mo. Inf.	"	Higginsville, Mo.
Sheard, Robt.	Co. F, 7th Va. Cav.	Sergt.	Bloomington, Ill.
Stith, G. H.	Co. E, 2nd Ky. Cav.	Private.	Joplin, Mo.
Stover, Jos.	Co. K, 2nd Mo. Inf.	"	Rich Hill, Mo.
Seroghem, E. M.	Co. K, 1st Mo. Cav.	"	Nevada, Mo.
Thurman, J. T.	Co. B, 5th Mo. Bevier Col.	"	Marceline, Mo.
Taylor, J. M.	Co. I, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Kansas City, Mo.
Treadway, John D.	Co. E, 9th Mo. Inf.	"	Victory, Mo.
Talbott, J. C.	Co. D, 10th Mo. Inf.	O. Sergt.	Cartersville, Mo.
Turk, T. B.	Co. C, 6th Ky. Inf.	Private.	Stotts City, Mo.
Turk, A. M.	Co. 9, Wallace's Regt. Inf.	"	Miller, Mo.
Tapp, J. W.	Co. D, 3rd Mo. Inf.	"	Howard, Mo.
Thomas, R. H.	Co. K, Price's Escort.	"	Sheldon, Mo.
Todd, Rufus H.	Co. B, 3rd Tenn. Cav.	1st Lieut.	St. Joseph, Mo.
Thomas, Harvey.	Co. A, Price's Batt.	Private.	Everton, Mo.
Taggard, Wm. R.	Co. A, Price's Batt.	"	Neosho, Mo.
Trigg, Jno. C.	M. S. 9, Price's Command	"	Joplin, Mo.
Tucker, James.	Co. A, 17th Va. Cav.	"	Duane City, Mo.
Tarrant, A. C.	Co. A, Shank's Regt.	"	Duenweg, Mo.
Taylor, Wesley.	Co. D, 3rd & 5th Mo. Inf.	"	Neosho, Mo.
Turk, N. G.	Co. K, Hooper's Regt., Shelby's Brig.	"	Carthage, Mo.
Talbot, S.	Co. E, 62nd Va. Inf.	"	Miami, I. T.
Taylor, Lee.	Co. A, 34th Ark. Inf.	Captain.	Joplin, Mo.
Toney, Thomas.	Co. M, 2nd Ky. Cav., J. H. Morgan's.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Violette, Thos. H.	Co. I, 2nd Mo. Cav.	Private.	Clinton, Mo.
Walden, J. P.	Co. H, 14th Tex. Inf.	"	Higginsville, Mo.
Wills, F. A.	Co. A, 3rd Mo. Cav.	O. Sergt.	Everton, Mo.
Wood, R. H.	Co. I, Gordon's Regt.	Captain.	Clinton, Mo.
Williams, D. D.	Co. A, 5th Regt. Mo.	Private.	Warrensburg, Mo.
Weidemeyer, J. M.	Co. F, 6th Mo. Inf.	"	Warrensburg, Mo.
Williams, E. G.	Co. E, 11th Va. Inf.	Sergt.	Waynesville, Mo.
Watkins, W. G.	Co. A, 4th Mo. Cav.	Private.	Clinton, Mo.
Webb, F. M.	Co. C, Shank's Regt.	"	Oak Grove, Mo.
Wilson, Jos. A.	King's Batt. Cav. Corp., Army of Tenn.	Sergt.	Lexington, Mo.
Watkins, Jno. P.	Co. K, 2nd Mo. Cav.	Private.	Kansas City, Mo.
Wormington, T. B.	Co. B, 3rd Mo. Cav.	2nd Lieut.	Sarcoxie, Mo.
Wilson, B. M.	Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.	Private.	Sarcoxie, Mo.
Wilson, H. C.	Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.	"	Sarcoxie, Mo.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Command.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Woodson, C. H.	Co. D, 7th Va. Cav.	Captain.	Salisbury, Mo.
White, W. V.	Co. F, 34th Mo. Cav.		
	Inf.	1st Lieut.	Joplin, Mo.
Woods, Jno.	Co. E, Searcy's Batt.		
	Sharpshooters.	Private.	Fayette, Mo.
Walden, J. A.	Co. E, Searcy's Batt.		
	Sharpshooters.	3rd Lieut.	Glasgow, Mo.
Wells, A. G.	Detached Swd.	Private.	Galena, Kas.
Whitehead, R. A.	Co. A, Wheeler's Cav.	"	Joplin, Mo.
Waters, Jas.	3rd Mo. Batt.	"	Fayette, Mo.
Willis, O. G.	Co. A, Williams' Regt.	"	Fayette, Mo.
Woodward, E. W.	Co. G, Green's Regt.	"	Ncosho, Mo.
Wilhoit, B. B.	Collins' Batt.	"	Jasper City, Mo.
White, C. F.	Hunter's Regt.	"	Nevada, Mo.
Whittaker, R. T.	Co. A, 1st Mo. Cav.	Corporal.	Joplin, Mo.
Woods, Harris.	Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.	Private.	Wentworth, Mo.
Wood, E. C.	Co. A, Pierce's Batt.	"	Duenweg, Mo.
Walton, J. R.	Co. A, 1st Mo. Cav.	1st Lieut.	Nevada, Mo.
[Official:]		JAS. W. ALLEN,	Adjutant-General.



CLUB THEATER BUILDING, JOPLIN.
In which the Reunion Convention was held

APPENDIX.

In formulating the plans for publishing the proceedings of the Reunion at Joplin, I took into consideration the fact that, in the order of Divine Providence, in a few years the organization of the "United Confederate Veterans" must cease to exist; and that the "United Sons of Confederate Veterans" would become the custodian of its records and property, to perpetuate the personal war records of those who fought and those who died for the cause most sacred, I concluded to print its Constitution in this Appendix. And, in order to show the objects and purposes of the "United Daughters of the Confederacy," being a kindred organization, its Constitution is also printed.

I have followed these with reliable historical data obtained from the records of the War Department at Washington, and from other reliable sources, principally from the interesting and valuable "Confederate Hand-Book," published by Col. Robert C. Wood, of New Orleans. It is hoped that the matter thus collected and printed will make this report of such interest and value as to cause it to be preserved by the Veteran and his descendants.

Being unable to secure the rosters of *all* the camps in the State, after making extra effort to obtain them for publication in this report (having received but few), I have concluded to print only that of "Jasper County Camp," our hosts, whose members made the reunion a pronounced success.

JAS. W. ALLEN.

Missouri Trust Building, St. Louis.

CONSTITUTION
OF THE
UNITED SONS OF THE CONFEDERATE
VETERANS

ARTICLE I.—NAME AND LOCATION.

Section 1. The style and title of this Association shall be "Camp..... United Sons of Confederate Veterans," with headquarters at

ARTICLE II.—OBJECTS.

Sec. 2. The chief design in organizing this Camp is to perpetuate the personal war record of those who fought and those who died for their country—to that end to hold ourselves in readiness to accept and preserve such records, relics and other property as may be committed to our care by

Sec. 3. To cultivate the ties of friendship that should exist among those whose ancestors have shared common dangers, sufferings and privations.

Sec. 4. To instill into our descendants a proper veneration for the spirit and glory of their fathers, and to bring them into association with our organizations, that they may aid us in accomplishing our objects, and finally succeed and take up our work where we may leave it.

any individual or society—especially the Camp of the United Confederate Veterans of our vicinity—when death shall have disbanded their organization.

Sec. 5. The other objects shall be those contained in the Constitution of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans.

ARTICLE III.—MEMBERS.

Sec. 6. All male descendants of those who served in the Confederate Army or Navy to the end of the war, or who died in prison or while in actual service, or who were killed in battle, or who were honorably retired or discharged, shall be eligible for membership in this camp; provided, no member under sixteen years of age shall have the right to vote; and provided, further, no member shall be admitted under twelve years of age.

ARTICLE IV.—ADMISSION.

Sec. 7. Application for membership shall be made upon a printed form provided for this purpose, and shall set forth fully the record of the applicant's ancestor in the Confederate service. This record must be certified to, when practicable, by the committee on records of some veteran Camp, or by some member of the ancestor's command, or by the attachment of sufficient documentary evidence to satisfy the committee on application of its correctness. These records shall be carefully preserved, and shall also be transcribed in a book provided for the purpose.

Sec. 8. Applications for membership shall be read at any regular (or Veterans of our vicinity—when death shall have disbanded their organization, special) meeting, referred to the committee on application, and, if approved, acted upon at once, or at the next meeting.

Sec. 9. Election for members shall be by ballot. The affirmative vote of three-fourths of the members present at the meeting shall be necessary for election.

ARTICLE V.—OFFICERS.

Sec. 10. The officers of the camp shall be a commandant, first and second lieutenant commander, adjutant, surgeon, quartermaster, chaplain, treasurer, color sergeant and historian, whose term of office shall be one year.

Sec. 11. The commandant shall preside at all meetings of the camp, and preserve in strict exercise the rules established by parliamentary usage. He shall appoint all committees, and sign all official letters and documents; command the camp in all parades, be a member ex-officio of all committees, and have such other duties as hereinafter set forth.

Sec. 12. In the absence of the commandant, the lieutenant commanders in order shall discharge the duties incumbent upon the position. In their absence the next ranking officer shall fulfill these duties.

Sec. 13. The adjutant shall perform all the duties belonging to the position of secretary. He shall write all official letters and documents. To assist him, he is empowered, with the approval of the commandant, to appoint as many assistants as may be necessary.

Sec. 14. The treasurer shall collect all funds due the camp. He shall give bond to the camp, if required, in such amount and with such sureties as may be required by it. At each anniversary meeting he shall make a full report. Disbursements shall require the written approval of the commandant. His books and accounts shall be subject to examination at all times by the ways and means committee. At each anniversary meeting this committee shall make a report of the same to the camp. The treasurer shall be relieved of all dues.

Sec. 15. The chaplain shall attend to the spiritual needs of the camp, and officiate at all funerals of members when requested.

Sec. 16. The surgeon shall attend to the physical needs of the members on all encampments and the like.

Sec. 17. The quartermaster shall have charge of all arrangements, and shall discharge all duties ordinarily required of such officer. The commandant shall appoint a special committee, of which the quartermaster shall be chairman, who shall aid in the arrangement for any banquet ordered by the camp.

Sec. 18. The color sergeant shall carry the flag upon all parades and upon all assemblies, and have charge of and be accountable for its safe-keeping.

Sec. 19. Where more than one flag is to be carried, the commandant shall appoint temporary color bearers.

Sec. 20. The historian shall collect and have supervision over the records and of all other information obtainable concerning the veterans whose descendants form the camp, and shall collect and preserve, so far as possible, all authentic information concerning the war, and its causes, its battles and results. All such information shall be carefully copied, or pasted into a book provided for the purpose, or otherwise carefully preserved, and kept in a fire-proof safe by the historian. In a special book, provided and ruled for that purpose, he shall keep a record of all applications, the facts set forth in the same, and a record of the granting of certificates of membership to individual members, as provided for in the general constitution.

ARTICLE VI.—EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Sec. 21. The commandant, adjutant, treasurer, lieutenant-commanders and quartermaster shall be an executive committee, of which the commandant shall be chairman, with full authority to manage the financial

affairs of the camp, and generally to look after and have charge of other affairs of the camp, and to report from time to time the condition of its finances.

Sec. 22. Should any office become vacant between the regular meetings of the camp, and it be necessary to fill the same at once, the executive committee shall appoint a temporary officer, subject to the approval of the camp at its next regular meeting.

ARTICLE VII.—COMMITTEE ON APPLICATION.

Sec. 23. The committee on application shall examine into and report upon all applications for membership; and, so far as practicable, verify the record of the applicant's ancestor. This committee shall consist of three members, and shall be appointed by the commandant.

Sec. 24. The book of records of members, as well as the original record blanks of members, shall be in the custody of the chairman of the committee on application, and he shall be held accountable for their safe-keeping.

Sec. 25. The committee shall request each applicant (whose ancestor is alive at the filing of the application) to record in his application some personal incident or anecdote of either camp, march or battle, but this is not compulsory on the applicant.

ARTICLE VIII.—COMMITTEE ON MEMBERSHIP.

Sec. 26. The committee on membership shall consist of so many as shall be deemed necessary for the commandant, or shall be appointed by him. It shall see that all eligible persons are extended an invitation to join the camp.

ARTICLE IX.—RELIEF COMMITTEE.

Sec. 27. A relief committee of five shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to diligently seek information concerning the condition in life of all Confederate soldiers residing in the vicinity of the camp. Any cases of distress or need or want of any character shall be promptly reported to the camp, or the executive committee, if the camp cannot conveniently meet, in order that prompt measures may be taken to afford relief by money, contributions or otherwise.

ARTICLE X.—MEETINGS.

Sec. 28. The regular meetings of the camp shall be held on the second Wednesday in each month of the year, except in the months of June, July, August and September.

Sec. 29. The anniversary meeting shall be celebrated on the — day of — in each year. At this meeting all elections of officers and appointment of committees shall take place for the ensuing year.

Sec. 30. Special meetings may be called by the commandant when deemed necessary by him, or upon the written request of five members.

Sec. 31. Five members shall constitute a quorum at any meeting where business is to be transacted.

Sec. 32. The following order of business shall be observed in the meetings of the camp, viz.:

1. Call to order.
2. Roll call.
3. Reading minutes.
4. Motions and resolutions.
5. Reports of officers.
6. Reports of committees.

7. Election of members.
8. Unfinished business.
9. New business.
10. Adjournment.

Sec. 33. On all parliamentary questions not covered by this or the general constitution, Roberts' Rules of Order shall be used as authority.

ARTICLE XI.—FINANCES.

Sec. 34. Each applicant shall pay an admission fee of one dollar, which amount shall be handed with his application, or the same cannot be considered; and this fee shall be in full of all dues for the current year.

Sec. 35. The yearly dues shall be one dollar, which sum shall be due and payable in advance.

Sec. 36. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to formally notify any member who is in arrears one year, and if the amount due be not paid in thirty days after such notification, his name shall be dropped from the roll of the camp.

Sec. 37. No resignation shall be considered until all dues are paid.

ARTICLE XII.—MEMORIAL DAY.

Sec. 38. The camp shall assemble annually to take part in memorial services, as provided for by the local Memorial Association, or otherwise.

ARTICLE XIII.—SPONSOR.

Sec. 39. There may be one sponsor and one maid of honor, selected annually by the camp, to represent it at all gatherings. Each must be a descendant of one who served in the Confederate army or navy.

Sec. 40. The Commander-in-chief may temporarily suspend this privilege for any general reunion.

ARTICLE XIV.—BADGE.

Sec. 41. The official badge of the camp, to be worn by members, shall be the badge provided by the general constitution.

ARTICLE V.—AMENDMENTS.

Sec. 42. Any article or section of this constitution may be altered or amended by a vote of two-thirds of the membership of the camp, provided such change does not conflict with the Constitution of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans.

UNITED SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Theo. W. Owens.....Commander-in-Chief
 Albert C. Sexton.....Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff
 Headquarters, Montgomery, Alabama.

MISSOURI DIVISION.

Chilton AtkinsonCommander
 Thos. E. Powe.....Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff
 Headquarters, St. Louis, Missouri.

CAMPS IN MISSOURI.

<i>No.</i>	<i>Name of Camp.</i>	<i>Location.</i>	<i>Commandant.</i>	<i>Adjutant.</i>
189	Springfield.....	Springfield..	W. P. Patterson...	R. S. Roberts.
190	R. E. Lee.....	Houston....	F. W. Ruckley....	W. E. Barton.
191	Sterling Price.....	Warrensbg.	Jas. L. Robinson...	H. J. Burris.
293	Sterling Price.....	Poplar Bl'ff.	Geo. C. Orchard....	J. E. Craig.
298	Robt. McCulloch....	Boonville...	F. D. Richards....	Arthur McCasty.
302	Weightman.....	Lexington...	Thomas B. Ramsey.	Geo. A. Veanable.
346	Francis M. Cockrell..	East Prairie.	C. D. Mitchell....	R. A. Doyle.
353	Stonewall Jackson...	Sedalia.....	Wm. D. Steele....	Walter D. Moore.
357	Joe Shelby.....	Doniphan...	Chas. H. Ireland...	Thos. J. Bennett.
360	Kansas City.....	Kansas City.	Garland M. Jones...	Jno. F. Lumpkin.
377	Robert E. Lee.....	Moberly....	C. W. Mangus....	Thos. T. McKinney.
437	Geo. Graham Vest...	Marshall....	R. E. L. Smith....	Jas. A. Walker.
55	Joe Vaughan.....	Fayette....	R. C. Clark.....	H. P. Mason.
145	Sterling Price.....	St. Louis...	Seymour Stewart...	Richard Miller.
203	Francis M. Cockrell..	West Plains.	H. D. Green.....	R. S. Hogan.

CONSTITUTION
OF THE
UNITED DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY

ARTICLE I.

This Association shall be known as the Missouri Division of United Daughters of the Confederacy, and is composed of local Chapters organized under regulations by this Division. And its domicile shall be the place of residence of the Recording Secretary.

ARTICLE II.—OBJECTS.

"The objects of this Division are, to honor the memory of those who served and those who fell in the service of the Confederate States; to protect historic places of the Confederacy; to collect and preserve the material for a truthful history of the war; to aid in erecting monuments to the heroes of the Confederacy; to fulfill the duties of grateful kindness toward the survivors of the war and those dependent upon them;" and to cherish the ties of friendship which these sacred principles impose upon the members of this Association.

ARTICLE III.—MEMBERSHIP.

Those women entitled to membership are the widows, wives, mothers, sisters, nieces and lineal descendants of such men as served honorably in the Confederate army, navy or civil service; or, those men unfit for active duty who loyally gave aid to the cause; also, women and their lineal descendants, wherever living, who can give the proof of personal service and loyal aid to the Southern cause during the war.

ARTICLE IV.—ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS.

1. Seven or more eligible women in any given locality in Missouri may organize a Chapter and designate it by such name as may be selected.
2. A Charter and Certificate of Membership shall be obtained upon application to the National Association, according to the rules of that body.
3. Each Chapter shall adopt a Constitution, By-Laws and Order of Business, none of which shall be inconsistent with the provisions of this Constitution, and by the election of a President and other proper officers.
4. The Missouri Division of U. D. C. shall furnish blank applications for membership to be used in all Chapters in this State.

ARTICLE V.—OFFICERS.

1. The officers of Missouri Division, U. D. C., shall be: A President, a Vice-President, a Second Vice-President, a Recording Secretary, a Corresponding Secretary, a Treasurer and a Historian.
2. These officers shall be nominated and elected by ballot, to serve one year and until their successors are duly elected.
3. Should any office become vacant by death or otherwise, the President shall appoint a successor for the unexpired portion of the term.

ARTICLE VI.—DUES.

1. The dues of the Division shall be a ten cents per capita tax, to be paid into the treasury of the Missouri Division. Also, the sum of ten cents for each member of a Chapter shall be paid to the National U. D. C. on the first of February each year.

2. Any Chapter being six months in arrears in payment of State dues shall be notified and stand suspended; provided such Chapter shall, twenty days before the annual State convention, pay all indebtedness to the State Division, its membership shall be restored.

ARTICLE VII.—ANNUAL CONVENTION AND REPRESENTATION.

1. This Division shall meet annually; the date to be designated by the Board of Managers, due notice of which shall be given to each Chapter by the Corresponding Secretary; place of holding Convention to be decided by vote in Convention.

2. Each Chapter shall be entitled, in all Conventions, to one vote for every twenty-five members or fraction thereof not less than seven. If a Chapter has less than twenty-five members it shall be entitled to one vote; no Chapter shall be entitled to more than four votes.

3. Representation under Section 2 of this Article shall be based upon the dues paid into the State Treasury during the year; and only those who are duly accredited are entitled to the delegate's badge and have a vote.

4. The State officers may, ex-officio, vote at all State meetings.

5. President of Chapters are, ex-officio, members of the State Convention, and are each entitled to one vote, either in person or by proxy.

6. No person shall vote or hold office in more than one Chapter at the same time; every person who may at any time become enrolled as a member of more than one Chapter shall, within thirty days thereafter, file with the Recording Secretary of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and with the Recording Secretary of the Missouri Division, and with the Secretary of each Chapter of which at that time she may be a member, a statement, in writing, setting forth the name of the Chapter to which she desires to vote and hold office; and until such statement shall be filed, such person shall not be entitled to vote or hold office in any Chapter of which she may be a member.

ARTICLE VIII.—COMMITTEES AND CERTIFICATES.

1. A Board of Managers, composed of State officers, shall be vested with power to conduct the general affairs of the Division, and to meet whenever business demands. This Board shall have supervision and control of all the property and interests of the Division, and its proceedings shall be reported at each annual meeting.

2. A Committee on Credentials, Committee on Auditing Treasurer's Report and a Committee on Condensing Minutes shall be appointed by the President for next annual meeting.

3. A Certificate of Membership shall be furnished by the Chapter to each member whose dues are paid.

ARTICLE IX.—MEMORIAL SERVICES AND CROSSES OF HONOR.

1. The birthdays of Jefferson Davis, sole President of the Confederate States (June 3), and that of General Robert Lee (January 19) shall have annual observance by the Chapters of this Division, and Southern Crosses of Honor shall be bestowed by Chapters, under the rules of that ceremony.

ARTICLE X.

1. The seal of the Missouri Division of the U. D. C. shall be a replica of the great seal of the Confederate States of America, with the addition of the inscription, "The Missouri Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy," on the outer rim.

2. The use of the seal of the Missouri Division, U. D. C., for business purposes, other than the business of this Association, is expressly forbidden.

ARTICLE XI.

This Division shall transact such business only as is consistent with Article II of this Constitution.

ARTICLE XII.

Nothing contained in this Constitution shall be construed as preventing any Chapter from becoming legally incorporated under the laws of Missouri should it so decide.

ARTICLE XIII.

"The Woman's Manual of Parliamentary Law," by Harriet R. Shattuck, shall be the authority on Rules for this Division.

ARTICLE XIV.

This Constitution may be amended by adopting, by a two-thirds vote, at any annual Convention, the proposed amendments, provided notice has been filed with the Board of Managers at least three months previous to the annual meeting of this Division, which said proposed amendment shall be germane to the existing Constitution, and when so adopted, shall be submitted to the circuit court for approval and amendment to the Charter of this Corporation.

ORGANIZATION.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Mrs. M. C. Goodlett, Nashville, Tenn.....	Honorary President and Founder
Mrs. Lizzie George Henderson, Greenwood, Miss.....	President
Mrs. A. H. Voorhies, San Francisco, Cal.....	First Vice-President
Mrs. D. A. S. Vaught, New Orleans, La.....	Second Vice-President
Mrs. Andrew L. Dowdell, Opelika, Ala.....	Recording Secretary
Mrs. A. W. Rapley, St. Louis, Mo.....	Corresponding Secretary
Mrs. L. H. Raines, Savannah, Ga.....	Custodian of Cross of Honor
Miss Mary Leigh, Norfolk, Va.....	Custodian of Flags and Pennants

MISSOURI DIVISION.

STATE OFFICERS.

Mrs. P. G. Robert.....	Honorary President
Mrs. R. E. Wilson.....	Honorary President
Mrs. A. E. Asbury.....	Honorary President
Mrs. A. W. Rapley.....	Honorary President
Mrs. Jas. H. Campbell, Lexington.....	Honorary President
Mrs. J. B. Gantt, Jefferson City.....	President

Mrs. C. C. Rainwater, St. Louis.....First Vice-President
 Mrs. J. W. Mercer, Independence.....Second Vice-President
 Miss Nelle B. Potts, Fayette.....Recording Secretary
 Mrs. R. L. Wilson, Cape Girardeau.....Treasurer
 Mrs. Chas. P. Hough, Jefferson City.....Corresponding Secretary
 Mrs. J. M. Phillips, Kansas City.....Historian
 Mrs. S. V. Warth, Nevada.....Registrar
 Mrs. Melvina Murry, Liberty.....Honorary Recorder of Crosses
 Miss Francis Hopkins, Liberty.....Recorder of Crosses

MARGARET A. E. MCLURE CHAPTER, No. 119, ST. LOUIS.

Mrs. P. G. Robert, President; Mrs. Frank Gaiennie, First Vice-President; Mrs. H. S. O'Bannon, Second Vice-President; Mrs. M. O. Vail (deceased), Third Vice-President; Mrs. James Bannerman, Fourth Vice-President; Mrs. A. E. Morgan, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Sam Fields, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. A. D. Hopkins, Treasurer.

LIBERTY CHAPTER, No. 147, LIBERTY.

Mrs. J. J. Felts, President; Mrs. Chas. Lee Smith, Vice-President; Mrs. D. C. Allen, Treasurer; Miss Emma R. Morton, Secretary.

RICHMOND GREYS CHAPTER, No. 148, FAYETTE.

Mrs. Martha Payne, President; Mrs. J. W. Armstrong, First Vice-president; Mrs. A. F. Willis, Second Vice-President; Mrs. M. B. Yeaman, Recording Secretary; Miss Nellie Smith, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Jos. B. Denny, Treasurer; Mrs. A. W. Walker, Historian; Mrs. W. F. Kirby, Registrar; Miss Ada Potts, Custodian of Crosses.

KANSAS CITY CHAPTER, No. 149, KANSAS CITY.

Mrs. Geo. P. Gross, President; Mrs. D. G. Saunders, First Vice-President; Mrs. R. S. Shreve, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Numa Heitman, Secretary; Miss Pearl Jewell, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. O. G. Young, Treasurer; Mrs. Hugh Miller, Historian; Mrs. Henry M. Craig, Registrar; Mrs. W. A. McMillian, Custodian; Misses Virginia Minter and Mollie Lucas, Sergeant-at-Arms.

CONFEDERATE HOME CHAPTER, No. 203, HIGGINSVILLE.

Mrs. H. F. Campbell, President; Mrs. R. P. Tabb, First Vice-President; Mrs. Geo. Vandiver, Second Vice-President; Mrs. J. S. Belt, Recording Secretary; Mrs. H. G. Asbury, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. L. E. Hartman, Treasurer; Mrs. A. E. Asbury, Jr., Historian.

STERLING PRICE CHAPTER, No. 213, LEXINGTON.

Miss Ella Nichell, President; Mrs. J. H. Hall, First Vice-President; Mrs. Jo. Wilson, Second Vice-President; Miss Martha Crenshaw, Recording Secretary; Mrs. R. N. Cook, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Fred Hicks, Treasurer; Mrs. G. W. Hyde, Historian; Mrs. C. T. Ryland, Custodian.

STERLING PRICE CHAPTER, No. 401, ST. JOSEPH.

Mrs. John Doniphan, President; Mrs. W. R. Millan, First Vice-President; Mrs. G. B. Hay, Second Vice-President; Mrs. W. C. Martin, Third Vice-President; Mrs. F. A. Chase, Secretary; Mrs. Annie Pattee, Treasurer.

F. M. COCKRELL CHAPTER, No. 482, WARRENSBURG.

Miss Nellis Burris, President; Mrs. J. A. B. Adcock, First Vice-President; Mrs. D. P. Woodruff, Second Vice-President; Mrs. J. Ray Ramsey, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Gertrude McFarland, Recording Secretary; Mrs. B. F. Ross, Treasurer; Mrs. Ewing Cockrell, Historian.

ROBERT E. LEE CHAPTER, No. 552, MARSHALL.

Mrs. D. F. Bell, President; Mrs. J. W. Barnhill, First Vice-President; Mrs. Lula Vanstone, Second Vice-President; Mrs. G. E. Scrutchfield, Recording Secretary; Miss Bertie Francisco, Treasurer; Mrs. T. E. Rigney, Historian.

ST. LOUIS CHAPTER, No. 624, ST. LOUIS.

Mrs. W. L. Kline, President; Mrs. E. H. Campbell, First Vice-President; Mrs. B. F. Givens, Second Vice-President; Mrs. E. R. Gamble, Third Vice-President; Mrs. Frank Carmack, Fourth Vice-President; Miss Mabel Westlake, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Annie Hickok, Recording Secretary; Mrs. J. McD. Jones, Treasurer; Miss Lannia Crow Reiley, Registrar; Mrs. Henry Woodward, Historian.

SPRINGFIELD CHAPTER, No. 625, SPRINGFIELD.

Mrs. J. I. Boarman, President; Mrs. Geo. W. McDaniel, First Vice-President; Mrs. J. W. Comer, Second Vice-President; Mrs. W. J. Hayden, Treasurer; Mrs. Minnie B. Roberts, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Nettie Hudnal, Recording Secretary.

MATTIE E. CATRON CHAPTER, No. 626, WEST PLAINS.

Mrs. M. B. Clark, President; Mrs. T. B. Kilpatric, First Vice-President; Mrs. G. T. Lewis, Second Vice-President; Miss Lillian Ellis, Treasurer; Mrs. U. B. Pitts, Secretary; Mrs. C. R. Luster, Historian.

BETTY SHELBY CHAPTER, No. 627, WAVERLY.

Mrs. Spencer Brown, President; Mrs. B. H. Nuckols, Vice-President; Miss E. Corder, Secretary; Miss H. G. Galbraith, Treasurer.

WINNIE DAVIS CHAPTER, No. 628, JEFFERSON CITY.

Mrs. Chas. Pinckney Hough, President; Mrs. Jos. W. Folk, First Vice-President; Mrs. M. W. Hall, Second Vice-President; Mrs. M. V. Ford, Recording Secretary; Miss Nellie Ellis, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. A. J. Rudd, Treasurer; Miss Bertine Barlow, Historian; Mrs. Annie C. Marsteller, Assistant Historian.

CAPE GIRARDEAU CHAPTER, No. 629, CAPE GIRARDEAU.

Mrs. R. B. Oliver, President; Mrs. Elma Ealy, First Vice-President; Clara Rider Hayden, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Louis Houck, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. J. W. Thornton, Historian; Mrs. W. T. Wilson, Treasurer.

EMMETT McDONALD CHAPTER, No. 630, SEDALIA.

Mrs. W. F. Hansberger, President; Mrs. Adelia Monroe, First Vice-President; Mrs. H. W. Harris, Second Vice-President; Mrs. J. A. Collins, Treasurer; Mrs. C. C. Lawson, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. M. B. Coleman, Recording Secretary; Miss Ella Barnett, Historian.

KATE K. SALMON CHAPTER, No. 631, CLINTON.

Mrs. J. M. Weidemeyer, President; Mrs. E. Allison, First Vice-President; Mrs. E. P. Lamkin, Second Vice-President; Mrs. W. F. Carter, Recording Secretary and Treasurer; Miss Louise Britts, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Anne Britts, Historian.

STONEWALL JACKSON CHAPTER, U. D. C., No. 639, KANSAS CITY.

Mrs. J. F. Davis, President; Mrs. Virginia Quinlan, First Vice-President; Mrs. J. R. Samuels, Second Vice-President; Mrs. S. C. Lee, Third Vice-President; Mrs. S. P. Day, Fourth Vice-President; Mrs. R. F. Crawford, Recording Secretary; Mrs. F. F. Todd, Treasurer; Miss Sheffer Vivian, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. J. W. Kern, Historian; Mrs. J. H. Stevens, Custodian; Mrs. Thos. W. Parry, Registrar.

KENNETT CHAPTER, No. 702, KENNETT.

Mrs. C. B. Ruff, President; Miss Belle Wells, First Vice-President; Mrs. Kos. Little, Second Vice-President; Mrs. A. S. Harrison, Recording Secretary; Miss Lucy Hawkins, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. T. J. Baird, Treasurer; Miss Agnes Harrison, Historian.

INDEPENDENCE CHAPTER, No. 710, INDEPENDENCE.

Mrs. J. W. Mercer, President; Mrs. M. J. Lowe, First Vice-President; Mrs. C. R. Brown, Second Vice-President; Miss Agnes Harbison, Recording Secretary; Miss Katherine Mercer, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. O. H. Gentry, Jr., Treasurer.

JOHN S. MARMADUKE CHAPTER, No. 713, COLUMBIA.

Mrs. Annie H. Smith, President; Mrs. Anna H. Johnson, First Vice-President; Miss Sallie Bedford, Second Vice-President; Miss Estelle Watson, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Kitte Smith, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Moss P. Parker, Treasurer; Mrs. Annie P. Scott, Historian; Mrs. Lizzie B. Morris, Custodian.

CARLTON-JOPLIN CHAPTER, No. 729, CARUTHERSVILLE.

Mrs. S. P. Reynolds, President; Mrs. C. B. Faris, First Vice-President; Mrs. W. P. Armstrong, Second Vice-President; Mrs. C. H. Cunningham, Recording Secretary; Miss Josie Faulk, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Mary K. Joplin, Treasurer; Mrs. Lee W. Rood, Historian; Miss Alberta Hammond, Registrar; Mrs. J. F. Scott, Directress of Children's Chapter; Miss Mary K. Joplin, Assistant Directress.

STONEWALL JACKSON CHAPTER, No. 775, ST. LOUIS.

Mrs. C. W. McFarland, President; Mrs. Jas. Arbuckle, First Vice-President; Mrs. J. Davidson, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Clyde Arbuckle, Third Vice-President; Mrs. J. A. Osborn, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Fred Johnston, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Myra Clardy, Treasurer.

FRANCIS MARION COCKRELL CHAPTER, No. 868, ARMSTRONG.

Miss Jee Woodson, President; Mrs. M. E. Brown, Vice-President; Miss Vilo Martin, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Belle Denny, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. M. A. Allen, Treasurer; Mrs. J. C. Maple, Historian and Custodian.

SAM DAVIS CHAPTER, No. 877, ST. JOSEPH.

Miss Kate Macdonald, President; Mrs. Jas. N. Burnes, First Vice-President; Mrs. J. J. Tootle, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Ed. C. Smith, Third Vice-President; Mrs. Eugene Soper, Fourth Vice-President; Mrs. J. H. Van Burnt, Recording Secretary; Mrs. True Davis, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. W. E. Stringfellow, Treasurer; Mrs. Louis Siemens, Historian.

STERLING PRICE CHAPTER, No. 901, NEVADA.

Mrs. Samuel Vance Warth, President; Mrs. James M. Hull, First Vice-President; Miss Dora Dodson, Second Vice-President; Mrs. S. A. Johnson, Third Vice-President; Mrs. Horace G. Foster, Recording Secretary; Mrs. G. G. Ewing, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. T. Y. Brannock, Custodian; Mrs. Lee B. Ewing, Treasurer; Miss Abbe McNeil, Historian.

MAJOR JOHN L. OWEN CHAPTER, No. 963, MONROE CITY.

Mrs. M. B. Procter, President; Mrs. Dora Hallock, Vice-President; Miss Anna May Boulware, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Geo. Fisher, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Mark Hawkins, Treasurer.

THE STERLING PRICE HOME CHAPTER, No. 1009, KEYTESVILLE.

Mrs. L. H. Wallace, President; Mrs. J. J. Moore, First Vice-President; Mrs. H. C. Minter, Second Vice-President; Miss Grace Edwards, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Zetta Martin, Recording Secretary; Mrs. C. C. Parks, Treasurer; Mrs. C. F. Lanikin, Historian; Mrs. H. J. West, Custodian.

First Chartered Chapter of "Daughters of the Confederacy" in Missouri.

In January, 1891, the Southern women in St. Louis organized the "St. Louis Daughters of the Confederacy." Mrs. M. A. E. McLure, President; Mrs. A. C. Cassidy, First Vice-President; Mrs. Randolph R. Hutchinson, Second Vice-President; Mrs. T. H. West, Third Vice-President; Mrs. Leroy B. Valliant, Fourth Vice-President; Mrs. Thomas J. Portis, Fifth Vice-President; Mrs. James Bannerman, Sixth Vice-President; Mrs. John D. Winn, Treasurer; Miss Lola Harwood, Recording Secretary; Mrs. A. C. Robinson, Corresponding Secretary. Upon the resignation of Miss Harwood, Mrs. E. R. Gamble was elected Recording Secretary. The first year the society collected nearly \$8,000. In six years it collected \$28,000, which was donated to the Confederate Home at Higginsville. In 1896 this Chapter, with other Chapters, organized a State Association, under name of "Daughters of the Confederacy of Missouri." It was the first body of Southern women chartered in Missouri. The State Organization then raised about \$6,000, and assisted the Confederate Veterans in erecting a costly and beautiful monument in the Springfield Confederate Cemetery.

Confederate Memorial Work.

Shortly after the war closed, when prosperity enabled the Confederate Soldiers to divert something from their daily needs, they turned to memorial work. Throughout the South modest headboards were erected here and there at the graves of their fallen comrades. The noble women of the South then took up the work, and, through their

untiring energy, erected lofty shafts and beautiful monuments at an expenditure of over a million dollars, and the end is not yet. Plans are now being made and money raised for the erection of other monuments to perpetuate the memory of the Confederate Soldier's valor displayed for over four years in defense of principle most sacred.

"THE CONFEDERATED SOUTHERN MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION."

The Confederated Southern Memorial Association was organized May 30th, 1900, in the city of Louisville, Ky., during the Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, to commemorate the work already done, in the several Southern States, under separate organizations. The original signers of the constitution were: Mrs. Kate Walker Behan, Mrs. J. D. Walker, Mrs. M. Louise Benton Graham, Miss Daisy M. L. Hodgson, Miss Lucy Marshall Smith, Mrs. R. J. McGowan of Missouri, Mrs. Jennie Edwards of Missouri, Mrs. J. T. McTeer, Mrs. Theodosia Worthington Valliant of Missouri, Miss Julia A. Garside, Miss Sue H. Walker, Mrs. Joseph R. Davis, Mrs. W. E. Badger, Mrs. Shelton Shieves, Miss Minnie Baugham, Mrs. Davis C. Richardson, Mrs. Lizzie Cary Daniel, Mrs. M. E. Lloyd and Mrs. N. V. Randolph.

The following officers were then elected for a term of three years: President, Mrs. W. J. Behan, White Castle, La.; Recording Secretary, Miss Daisy M. L. Hodgson, New Orleans; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Sue H. Walker, Fayetteville, Ark.; Historian, Mrs. Sarah Polk Blake, and a Vice-President from each State represented. Mrs. Jennie Edwards was elected Vice-President for Missouri. In 1907 Mrs. L. B. Valliant is the Vice-President.

This Association was formally recognized by the United Confederate Veterans amid great applause—Gen. Gordon expressing his hearty approval of the organization. A memorial presented to the United Confederate Veterans, in convention assembled, signed by the thirteen charter associations, was as follows:

"Throughout the South are scattered memorial associations who have not relinquished their original organization, and whose work is solely memorial and monumental. These associations (some of which were formed as far back as 1865), by the most assiduous efforts, have removed from wayside and battlefield our sacred dead, placed them in cemeteries of our own, and builded monuments that will bear lasting testimony to the courage, endurance and patriotism of the Confederate Soldier. We bring to you more tangible demonstration of work done than any other organized body of Southern people, men or women. We propose to organize or combine these memorial associations (embracing as nearly as possible every one in the South) into what we call a 'Confederation of Memorial Associations.'

"We are not willing to lose our identity as memorial associations, nor to merge ourselves into the younger organization, 'The Daughters of the Confederacy.' We hope by this federation to commemorate our efforts and stamp our work upon the hearts of those who come after us, and thereby insure its continuance."

"The Confederate Memorial Society of Missouri" organized in 1900 with the following officers: Mrs. Leroy B. Valliant, President; Mrs. Celeste Pim, First Vice-President; Mrs. Phil Chew, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Jennie Edwards, Secretary, and Mrs. R. J. McGowan, Treasurer.

The officers of this Association in 1907 are: Mrs. Jennie Edwards, President; Mrs. Elizabeth Cocke, First Vice-President; Mrs. Robt. McCulloch, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Davis Porcher, Third Vice-President; Mrs. Celeste Pim, Treasurer; Mrs. Peyton Skipwith, Secretary; Miss Nomine Chassaing, Recording Secretary.

Under this general organization a number of associations were formed in Missouri.

At Cape Girardeau the Samuel S. Harris Association was formed April 9th, 1902, with Mrs. Julia E. Harris, President; Miss Alma E. Albert, Secretary; Mrs. Louis Houck, Corresponding Secretary, and Mrs. W. T. Wilson, Treasurer.

At Jefferson City the Sterling Price Association was formed January 21st, 1901, with Mrs. Margaret H. Robinson, President; Mrs. Caroline V. Overstreet, Vice-President; Mrs. Bennetta J. Rader, Treasurer, and Mrs. B. H. Ferguson, Secretary.

At Mexico the Blandford Memorial Association was formed January 23rd, 1902. Miss Belle Morris, President; Mrs. Geo. Morris, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Mary Kretschmar, Treasurer.

At Nevada the Memorial Association was formed May 25th, 1901, with Mrs. T. G. Huston, President; Miss Anna Ingram, Vice-President; Mrs. Kathryn Clack, Treasurer, and Mrs. Annie Lisle Stettmund, Secretary.

At Springfield the State Monument Association was formed in 1902, with Mrs. W. J. Hayden, President; Mrs. Jere Boarman, Secretary; Mrs. Belle Ish, Treasurer.

MONUMENTS IN MISSOURI.

The first monument in Missouri was erected in 1878, in Bellefontaine Cemetery, St. Louis, to the memory of Major-General Sterling Price, by his loving and admiring friends. It is a lofty shaft of granite, resting upon a triple base foundation. The inscriptions: "Sterling Price, Born in Prince Edward County, Va., September 19, 1809. Died September 29, 1867." "Farmer, Legislator, Governor, Brigadier-General During the Mexican War, Major-General in the Confederate States Army. His Purity of Character was Equalled Only by His Exalted Patriotism." Just below is written: "This Monument is Erected by His Friends as a Tribute to His Worth."

The late General William Shields of St. Louis (formerly a resident of Lexington, Mo.) was one of the prime movers, and was chiefly interested in procuring the necessary funds for the erection of this costly monument to the memory of this gallant soldier. Captain Silas Bent was president of the association organized for this purpose.

The descriptions following are taken from the valuable and very interesting paper relating to the memorial work in Missouri, prepared by Miss Kate Macdonald, President of Sam Davis Chapter, U. D. C., of St. Joseph, and read at the Convention held in Cape Girardeau, October 17th, 1906.

MONUMENT AT LEXINGTON CEMETERY.

The design is the present base, surmounted by a soldier in grante, wearing the undress uniform of a Confederate Soldier leaning upon his grounded gun. The base, which cost \$1,000, is one of gray granite with cap and die—the surface shows the crossed swords, and above are these words: "Our Heroes Sleep." The second base bears the inscription: "Confederate Dead," and upon the opposite side is a list of names of brave men who lie buried in its shadow. Erected by Confederate Memorial Association. Unveiling, 1894.

MONUMENT AT FREDERICKTOWN.

Is a slender symmetrical shaft of granite 15 feet in height, ending with a spherical globe, and resting upon a double base, the first 2 feet and the second 8 inches. Erected by Women's Memorial Society in 1895.

MONUMENT AT MOBERLY, MO.

Is a tall shaft of gray granite resting upon a double base, bearing the following inscriptions: On one side, "In memory of our Heroic

Dead." On the other side, "Sacred to the memory of the Confederate Soldiers who fought to Defend Their Homes, 1861-1865." The lower base bears the words, "Erected by the D. O. C. of Moberly, Mo." The 15-foot shaft upholds the life-sized statue of a Confederate soldier, with gun in hand, guarding his precious charge.

MONUMENT AT SPRINGFIELD.

Rests on a solid concrete foundation, 14 feet square and 8 feet from bottom to top. The dirt taken from the excavation is graded up to the top of the foundation, which gives the monument the appearance of resting on a natural mound two feet above the level of the ground. The pedestal is 16 feet high, in six sections or courses, mounting one upon another; each section except the first is one solid piece. The first section is about 12 feet square and the whole is of Barry (Vt.) granite. Upon the front of the pedestal, in bronze, is a picture of Gen. Sterling Price in bas relief. Upon the east and west sides, in bronze, are the regular and battle flags of the Confederacy. On the front above the portrait of Gen. Price, in bronze lettering, is the inscription: "To the Memory of Missouri Soldiers in the Army of the Confederate States of America." On the east and south sides: "Those who Die for a Right Principle do not Die in Vain." "Erected in 1901 by the U. C. V. of Mo., and the U. D. C. of Mo." "They Fought for the Right of Self-Government." Surmounted by a statute in bronze, 12 feet 7 inches, of a Confederate soldier with bared brow and folded arms.

MONUMENT AT KANSAS CITY.

Is a tall shaft of gray granite 38 feet high, resting upon a double base—second section of which is adorned at the four corners by cannon balls of polished black marble. Midway up the shaft is the Confederate battle flag in bronze; on the opposite side is a copy of the seal of the Chapter in bronze, and the inscription: "Erected by the Kansas City Chapter 149, U. D. C., May 30, —." On the front of the lower base is traced: "In Memory of our Confederate Dead." A life-size statue of a Confederate soldier in complete uniform, with gun in hand, is a striking feature.

MONUMENT AT NEOSHO.

The cost was \$825.00. Three stone steps lead to the lower base, upon which is the inscription: "In Memory of the Confederate Dead." A die and cap are surmounted by the figure of a Confederate soldier in winter uniform, with gun at "parade rest." Unveiling, August, 1902.

MONUMENT AT LIBERTY.

The cost was \$1,019.00. Built of Barry (Vt.) stone, 20 feet in height, double base 7 feet square at the foundation and five feet at the top. Dark barry; is polished on four sides. Near top is traced Confederate flag. On the bottom is crossed swords, and between is the inscription: "Sacred to the Memory of the Confederate Soldiers of Clay County, Mo." On the opposite side: "Sacred to the Memories of the D. O. C." A handsome 7-foot Confederate soldier completes the monument. Erected by Thos. McCarty Camp of the U. C. V., 1904, Capt. Phil. W. Reddish was the prime mover in the erection of this monument.

MONUMENT AT CONFEDERATE HOME, HIGGINSVILLE.

It rests upon the solid granite block from which the upper part of it is carved; protected by a column at each corner and covered with

a granite roof; and is a reproduction of the Thorwaldsen Colossal Lion carved out in solid rock, and in one strong paw, with protecting power, is the seal of the U. D. C., with its striking motto: "Lord, God of Hosts, be with Us Yet, Lest We Forget, Lest We Forget." Below the seal is the legend: "Memoriam of the Confederate Dead." On the back of the monument are the words: "Erected by the Missouri Division of the U. D. C., Gloria Victis, 1865." The cost was \$5,000. Unveiling, June 2nd, 1906.

Other Monuments to be Erected.

AT ST. LOUIS.

Efforts are now being made for the erection, by the St. Louis Confederate Monument Association, of a magnificent monument in one of the beautiful parks or places in the city of St. Louis.

AT KEYTESVILLE.

"Sterling Price Home Chapter," United Daughters of the Confederacy, at Keytesville, aided by the General Sterling Price Home Camp, U. C. V., have a plan on foot by which they hope, at an early date, to erect a beautiful and costly monument there to the memory of its illustrious citizen, and the State's most distinguished soldier—Maj.-Gen. Sterling Price.

"A Monument Higher and Grander than the Great Pyramid of Egypt."

"It is, then, not the extravagance of hyperbole, but the sober utterance of truth, to say that these heroic leaders and the heroic men who followed them—sublime in their devotion to duty; magnificently unregardful of the possibility of waging successful war against such vast odds of numbers and resources—have raised a monument more lasting than brass or marble; higher and grander than the great pyramid of Egypt; more splendid than the tomb of Napoleon at the Hotel des Invalides; more sublime than Westminster Abbey itself—a monument that will rivet the gaze of generations yet unborn—a monument at whose feet mankind will bow in reverence as long as freedom survives on earth. It is a shaft not made by hands—a spiritual obelisk—on which all men will read, 'Sacred to the memory of men who laid down their lives, their fortunes, and all, save their sacred honor, in loyal obedience to the call of duty as they understood it.'"—(Rev. Dr. McKim.)

"A Memorial to Southern Women."

Undying in faith and love, last at the cross and first at the tomb, it has always been woman's glory to uphold man's faltering footsteps, bind up his wounds and soothe his aching brow.

At no time in her glorious history has this noble mission of woman been better exemplified than in the women of the South during and after the Civil War.

In death and desolation, and in mental and bodily anguish unspeakable, the light of her faith in the Southern soldier and in the Southern cause never went out. The Southern soldier went unflinchingly to his certain death nerved and cheered by the support of the loved women at home.

When all was over, when the soil of the South had drunk in vain the life blood of her best and bravest, when darkness unspeakable brooded over the land, and the lamp of hope had gone out, Southern women again took up the crushing burden, soothed the starving, bleeding soldier, and whispered hope for the future into his agonized mind and heart.

The renaissance of the South after the greatest and most pitiless war of history is due mainly to her women. And now, when the clouds have rolled away, and the bright sun of peace and prosperity shines over our once desolated land, it is again the tender, tireless hands of the loving women of the South that decorate, each year, the graves of our dead heroes, and their voices and pens that keep their memories green in the hearts and minds of the rising generations.

How can we Southern men honor our matchless women? Already we have reared in our hearts a spiritual monument to them even more exquisite than that described by the Rev. Dr. McKim as reared to the Southern soldier.

But let us not stop at this.

Let us erect at Richmond, or some other Southern city, a physical monument to the Southern women, which shall express in form and feature, beautiful and tender, and worthy of the genius of a Phidias or a Praxiteles, that undying love, honor and reverence which we feel, but can never adequately express in words.—(C. H. Fauntleroy.)

Confederate Soldiers' Home of Missouri, at Higginsville.

PRESENT BOARD OF MANAGERS.

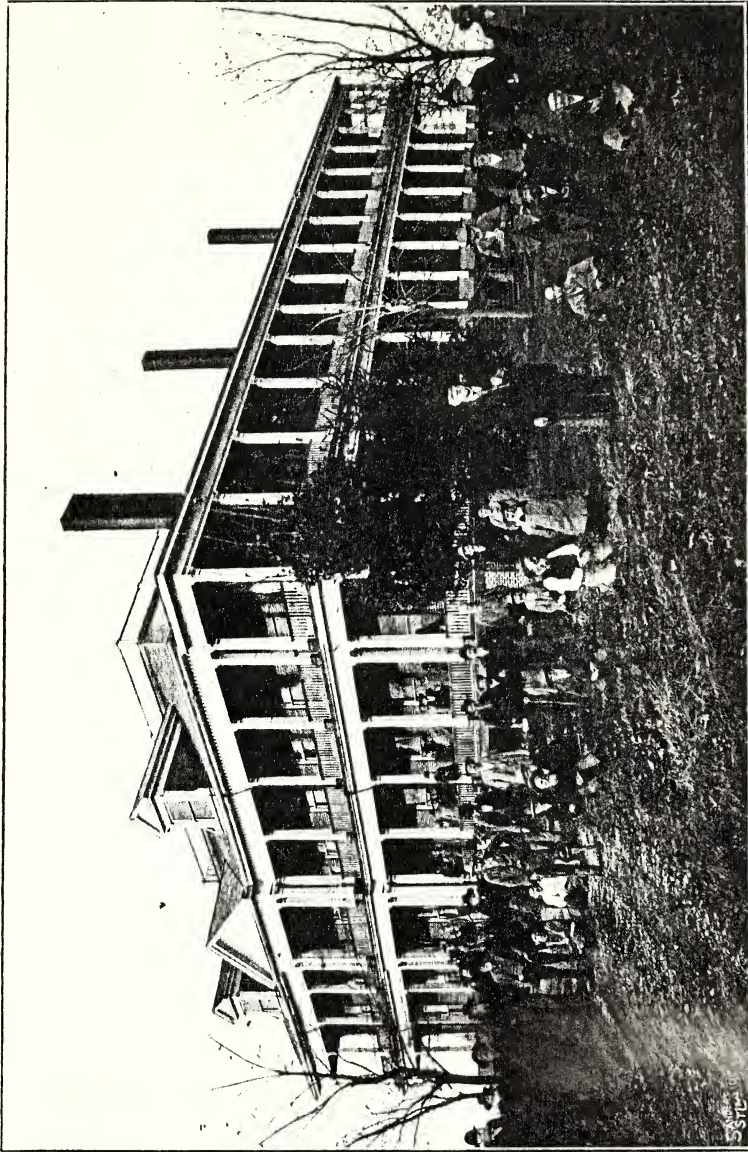
W. S. McClintic, President.....	Monroe City, Mo.
C. H. Vandiver, Vice-President.....	Higginsville, Mo.
B. F. Murdock, Treasurer.....	Platte City, Mo.
W. H. Kennan, Secretary.....	Mexico, Mo.
J. Posey Woodside.....	Alton, Mo.

OFFICERS.

J. L. Pace	Superintendent
R. H. Benton.....	Assistant Superintendent
W. C. Webb.....	Surgeon
Mrs. Mary H. Pace.....	Matron
Miss Laura Mitchell.....	Stenographer

The Confederate Soldiers' Home of Missouri was incorporated August 17, 1889. In 1891 it was opened for the admission of inmates. The Home was built entirely by contribution and supported by private subscription until the year 1897, when it was turned over to the State, and since that time has been supported by appropriations made by the Legislature of the State of Missouri.

The main building is a two-story brick, built in colonial style of architecture so frequently met with throughout the Southern States. Spacious porches and broad sweeping verandas are striking features of the exterior. It is constructed in the form of a double L., which forms an open court in the rear of the building. The outside trimmings are of stone. It has a broad veranda, two stories high, extending the entire length. On entering the spacious hallway and turning to the right, one enters the office. This is a memorial room, in honor of General John S. Marmaduke and Captain Wm. Parkinson McLure, a son of the honored president of the Margaret A. E. McLure Chapter, D. O. C., of



CONFEDERATE HOME OF MISSOURI AT HIGGINSVILLE

St. Louis. Life-sized portraits of these adorn the walls, and also of Mrs. McLure, presented by the ladies of St. Louis, by whom this room is elegantly furnished. The clock, which is the gift of Mrs. McLure, is said to be the handsomest in the State.



MAJ. JAMES BANNERMAN, OF ST. LOUIS.

The parlor is also a memorial room, in memory of ex-Governor Claiborne F. Jackson, and was furnished by the ladies of Hannibal and Marshall, at which places Mrs. C. L. Lamb and Mrs. Annie B. Perkins, daughters of the Governor, resided. Mr. J. B. Legg, a prominent architect of St. Louis, donated the plan of the building.

The cottages are arranged on either side of the avenue, and the lots have a frontage of 100x200 feet deep. To avoid any invidious distinctions, they are built after the same model, and have a back and front porch and three rooms. Each cottage has a nice grass plot in the front yard, while back is a garden spot, so that every one can raise his own vegetables. Besides the cottages erected by the State organizations, a number were built by the local Chapters of the D. O. C., and named in honor of some distinguished soldier. At the south end of the avenue stands a neat chapel, built by the ladies of Lafayette county, at a cost of \$1,200, where services are regularly held. Men of families occupy the cottages, and enjoy the quiet retirement of domestic life, just as though they were in their individual homes.

The origin of the Home may be traced back to the association of Confederate Soldiers of St. Louis, who incorporated March 1st, 1882, the "Southern Historical and Benevolent Association of St. Louis," with Maj. John S. Mellon, President; Judge Leroy B. Valliant, Vice-President; Maj. C. C. Rainwater, Treasurer, and C. P. Ellerbe, Secretary. Among the active members were Col. Celsus Price, Col. Jas. R. Claiborne, Maj. James Bannerman, Maj. C. C. Rainwater, Maj. J. H. McNamara, Capt. Frank Gaiennie, Capt. Robert McCulloch, Capt. Jos. Boyce, Capt. Henry Guibor, Judge Thomas J. Portis, John W. Howard, and many others.

At the Reunion of Ex-Confederates at Higginsville, in 1899, definite

plans were agreed upon for the organization of the Confederate Home Association, which, through the liberality of the people of Missouri, was successful in raising \$70,000 in less than three years. The patriotic Southern women of Missouri, who took up the matter and earnestly, lovingly and faithfully, through its organization of the "Daughters of the Confederacy," secured large sums of money, are entitled to the credit of making the Home a pronounced success.



COL. J. L. PACE,
Superintendent Confederate Home of Missouri, Higginsville.

In 1891 the Confederate Home Association was incorporated with Judge Thos. J. Portis, President; Judge Leroy B. Valliant, Vice-President; Maj. O. F. Guthrie, Secretary, and George B. Thompson, Treasurer. The Directors were: Capt. Frank Gaienne, Saml. Kennard, Capt. Henry Guibor, Maj. James Bannerman and Col. Jas. R. Claiborne. And subsequently, in 1893, when the Home was turned over to the Association, its active officers were: James Bannerman of St. Louis, President; Harvey W. Salmon of Clinton, Vice-President; H. A. Ricketts of Mexico, Treasurer; W. P. Barlow of St. Louis, Secretary; T. W. Cassell, Superintendent; J. J. Fulkerson, M. D., Surgeon. Supervising Committee—H. W. Salmon, Thos. P. Hoy and Blake L. Woodson. Local Committee—A. E. Asbury, Chairman; A. Wade and M. L. Belt. Executive Committee—1st District, K. F. Peddicord, Palmyra; 2nd District, F. L. Pitts, Paris; 3rd District, A. C. Cook, Plattsburg; 4th District, Elijah Gates, St. Joseph; 5th District, Balke L. Woodson, Kansas City; 6th District, W. C. Bronaugh, Lewis Station; 7th District, Thos. P. Hoy, Sedalia; 8th District, Robt. A. McCulloch, Pisgah; 9th District, W. H. Kennan, Mexico; 10th District, Henry Guibor, St. Louis; 11th District, W. C. Green, M. D., St. Louis; 12th District, Frank Gaienne, St. Louis; 13th District, Edmond Casey, Potosi; 14th District, O. H. P. Catron, West Plains; 15th District, C. T. Davis, Nevada.

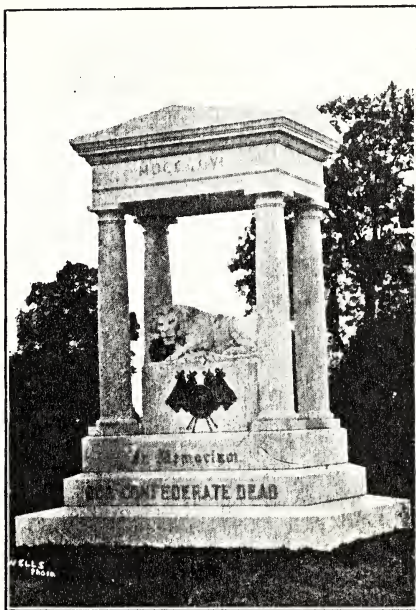
On the 9th day of June, 1893, the Rev. P. G. Robert, Rector of the

Church of the Holy Communion in St. Louis, in an eloquent address on behalf of the "Daughters of the Confederacy," formally presented the Home to the "Confederate Home Association."

On June 2d, 1906, the beautiful monument erected in the cemetery of the Confederate Home, by the "United Daughters of the Confederacy," costing \$5,000, was unveiled. Two little girls, dressed in red and white, Edwa Robert, daughter of John G. Robert, grand-daughter of Mrs. P. G. Robert, and Natalie Gaiennie, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Frank Gaiennie of St. Louis, drew the cords which unveiled this magnificent monument.

Since the Home has been the property of the State the number of inmates has gradually increased, and it now has about three hundred. A number of improvements have also been made, new building erected and an electric light plant installed.

While all of the inmates are old and feeble, and a number of them entirely helpless, yet they bear their infirmities with the bravery of true soldiers, and are patiently and cheerfully awaiting the "final roll call."



MONUMENT AT CONFEDERATE HOME, HIGGINSVILLE.

Among the many women who worked and gave generously to aid in establishing a home for our old, worn-out veterans, we would mention especially the name of Mrs. Margaret A. E. McLure, lovingly known as "Mother McLure," whose tender love and interest endeared her to the hearts of all true Confederate soldiers. To her the Home is indebted for many of its comforts, and her name will ever be held in love and reverence by the inmates of the Confederate Soldiers' Home of Missouri.

While thousands upon thousands of those in this State who wore the "Gray," and a number of those who wore the "Blue," contributed

to the fund for the erection and maintenance of the Home, it must be said that great credit is due to our comrade, Major James Bannerman of St. Louis, the first active president of the organization, for his unselfish and untiring efforts in establishing this Home. He had the valuable assistance of Major Henry A. Newman of Huntsville and Capt. W. P. Barlow of St. Louis in the prosecution of this important work.

The Home is located about two miles northwest of Higginsville, Lafayette county, Mo., upon a farm containing 373 acres, purchased of Mr. Grove Young, in March, 1891.

The Home is now under the most excellent management of Col. J. L. Pace as Superintendent.

RULES FOR ADMISSION OF INMATES.

1. Residence—Citizenship in the State of Missouri for two years prior to date of application must be established.

2. Honorable service in the army or navy of the Confederate States, giving company by letter, regiment by number, date and place of enlistment, duration or time of service, date and place of parole or discharge.

This record of service to be established by certificates from the old company muster rolls on file in the war department at Washington, or by certificates of living comrades under oath who served in the company or regiment with the applicant.

The Superintendent will apply for certificates from Washington for any applicant upon receipt of his application giving company and regiment.

3. Men who were disabled while serving in the Missouri State Guard under Governor Jackson and General Price in 1861 and 1862, if otherwise eligible under the rules, may be admitted.

4. Physical inability to support self or family, without means or other resources, pensions or incomes must be established to be eligible to admission.

5. Wives over fifty years of age, if not second or third wives, may be admitted with their husbands; second or third wives admitted only at the discretion of the Board of Managers. Widows over fifty years of age upon proof of husband's soldier record.

6. Children under fourteen years of age whose parents possess proper qualifications for admission may be admitted and retained in the Home until they arrive at the age of fourteen years.

7. Men of proper qualifications as to citizenship and service, no matter from what state enlisted nor to what state the command served in is accredited, may be admitted upon proper proof of eligibility.

Confederate Reunions.

A National Reunion is held by the surviving Confederate Veterans each year; and annual reunions are held in the several Southern States. Local reunions are also annually held by many Camps.

"Let not our fellow countrymen of the North mistake the spirit of these great occasions. If Daniel Webster could say that the Bunker Hill monument was not erected 'to perpetuate hostility to Great Britain,' much more can we say that the monuments we have erected, and will yet erect, in our Southland to the memory of our dead heroes, are not intended to perpetuate the angry passions of the Civil War, or to foster or keep alive any feeling of hostility to our brethren of other parts of the Union. No; but these monuments are erected, and these

great assemblages of our surviving veterans are held in simple loyalty to the best and purest dictates of the human heart. The people that forgets its heroic dead is already dying at the heart; and we believe it will make for the strength and the glory of the United States if the sentiments that animate us today shall be perpetuated generation after generation. Yes, we honor, and we bid our children honor, the loyalty to duty—to conscience—to fatherland—that inspired the men of '61; and it is our prayer and our hope, that as the years and generations pass, the rising and the setting sun and the moon and the stars, winter and summer, spring and autumn, will see the people of the South loyal to the memories of those four terrible but glorious years of strife; loyally worshipping at the shrine and the splendid manhood of our heroic citizen-soldiers, and even more splendid womanhood, whose fortitude and whose endurance have challenged the admiration of the world. Then, when the United Republic, in years to come, shall call 'To Arms,' our children, and our children's children, will rally to the call, and emulating the fidelity and the supreme devotion of the soldiers of the Confederacy, will gird the Stars and Stripes with an impenetrable rampart of steel."—Rev. Dr. McKim.



CAPT. GEORGE M. JONES,

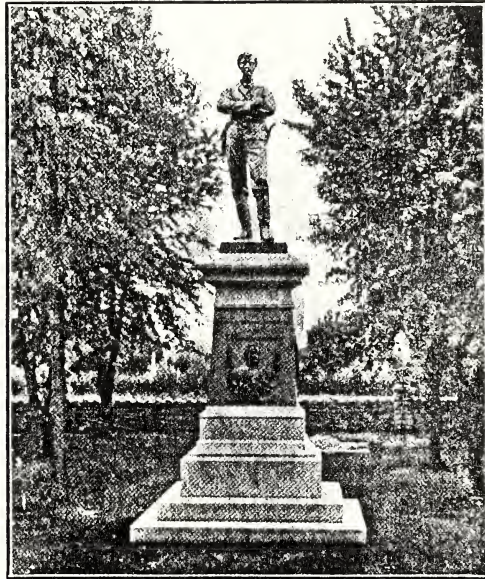
Treasurer Springfield Cemetery Association.

Springfield Confederate Cemetery.

On the 23rd day of November, 1870, the Confederate Cemetery Association was formed. Grounds were selected adjacent to the Federal Cemetery and adjoining the Citizens' Cemetery just south of Springfield. The good people of this beautiful city, aided by the noble women of the State, caused the remains of about five hundred Confederate soldiers, whose lives were lost in its vicinity, to be reburied in this cemetery. The first report of the Treasurer, June 21st, 1871, showed an cost \$12,000—the "Daughters of the Confederacy" contributed about \$5,000 to this fund. Including the cost of erecting the keeper's cottage,

expenditure of \$2,217.36. The wall, subsequently built, cost \$6,000, and the beautiful monument erected, which was unveiled August 10th, 1901, and the expense of procuring headstones, the total cost of the cemetery exceeds \$25,000.

Under resolution adopted by the United Confederate Veterans Association, an annual per capita of 10 cents is required of the members of all Camps in Missouri for the maintenance and preservation of this,



CONFEDERATE MONUMENT AT SPRINGFIELD CEMETERY.

"Our Silent City of the Dead," which is under tender, faithful and careful supervision of our most worthy Comrade, Capt. George M. Jones.

The Southern Cross of Honor.

The idea of the Southern Cross of Honor, to be given by the Daughters of the Confederacy to the Veterans and descendants of deceased Confederate Soldiers and Sailors, originated with Mrs. Mary Ann Cobb Erwin of Athens, Ga. The design offered by Mrs. S. E. Gabbett of Atlanta, Ga., was adopted at Richmond, Va., in 1899.

RULES FOR BESTOWAL OF CROSS.

Presidents of Chapters must apply to the recording secretary of the U. D. C. for blank certificates of eligibility, which are to be filled by Veterans, or by the oldest living lineal descendant of deceased soldiers to whom Crosses are to be given. Before any descendant can secure

the Cross in any county three consecutive monthly notices must be inserted in the city and county papers calling upon veterans to send in applications. Each Chapter is required to keep a book alphabetically arranged, in which is recorded the name and command of each soldier who received the Cross, so that there may be no possibility of bestowing a second Cross upon the same person. The Crosses are bestowed on General Memorial Day, President Davis' and General Robert E. Lee's birthdays—June 3rd and January 19th—and one day between July 1st and January 19th, to be selected by each State Division in Convention assembled. In case a veteran has the misfortune to lose his Cross, he cannot receive another. In case the person to whom the Cross is given dies without heirs, he may have the Cross buried with him, or may have it sent to some Confederate Museum. A Veteran may bequeath his Cross to any descendant that he may select. This Cross cannot be worn except by the Veteran upon whom it is bestowed. Where counties have no local organizations of U. D. C. the Veterans will receive their Crosses from the nearest Local Chapter.

President and Cabinet of the Confederacy.

Jefferson Davis, President.
Alexander H. Stephens, Vice-President.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Hon. Robert Toombs, Georgia, February 21, 1861.
Hon. R. M. T. Hunter, Virginia, July 25, 1861.
Hon. J. P. Benjamin, Louisiana, March 18, 1862.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Hon. J. P. Benjamin, Louisiana, February 25, 1861.
Hon. Thos. Bragg, North Carolina, November 21, 1861.
Hon. Thos. H. Watts, Alabama, March 18, 1862.
Hon. Geo. Davis, North Carolina, January 2, 1864.

SECRETARY OF WAR.

Hon. L. P. Walker, Alabama, February 21, 1861.
Hon. J. P. Benjamin, Louisiana, November 21, 1861.
Hon. Geo. W. Randolph, Virginia, March 18, 1862.
Gen. G. W. Smith, Kentucky, November 17, 1862.
Hon. Jas. A. Sedden, Virginia, November 21, 1862.
Gen. Jno. C. Breckenridge, Kentucky, February 6, 1865.

SECRETARY OF TREASURY.

Hon. Chas. G. Memminger, South Carolina, February 21, 1861.
Hon. Geo. A. Trenholm, South Carolina, July 18, 1864.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

Hon. Stephen D. Mallory, Florida, March 4, 1861.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Hon. Henry T. Ellet, Mississippi, February 25, 1861.
Hon. John H. Reagan, Texas, March 6, 1861.

Confederate Senators From Missouri.

John B. Clark, Missouri, first Congress.
R. L. Y. Peyton, Missouri, first Congress.
Waldo P. Johnson, Missouri, second Congress.
L. M. Lewis, Missouri, second Congress.
Geo. G. Vest, Missouri, second Congress.

**Members of the First and Second Congresses of the Confederate States
From Missouri.**

Hon. Jasper W. Bell, Missouri, member of the first Congress.
Hon. Jno. B. Clark, Missouri, member of the second Congress.
Hon. A. H. Conrow, Missouri, member of the first and second Congress.
Hon. Wm. M. Cooke, Missouri, member of the first Congress.
Hon. Thomas W. Freeman, Missouri, member of the first Congress.
Hon. Thomas A. Harris, Missouri, member of the first Congress.
Hon. R. A. Hatcher, Missouri, member of the second Congress.
Hon. N. L. Norton, Missouri, member of the second Congress.
Hon. Thomas L. Snead, Missouri, member of the second Congress.
Hon. Geo. G. Vest, Missouri, member of the first and second Congress.
Hon. Peter D. Wilkes, Missouri, member of the second Congress.

**Partial List of Engagements Between the Confederate and Federal
Forces in Missouri.**

1861.

May 10, Camp Jackson.	September 13-20, Lexington.
June 17, Boonville.	September 19, Boonville.
July 5, Carthage.	October 12-25, Fredericktown.
July 17-19, Parkersville.	October 18, Warrensburg.
July 25-27, Harrisonville.	October 25, Springfield.
August 2, Dug Springs.	November 7, Belmont.
August 10, Wilson's Creek.	November 24, Johnstown.
August 19, Charleston.	November 26, Independence.
August 21, Jonesboro.	December 3, Salem.
September 12, Black River.	

1862.

January 9, Columbus.	August 9, Salem.
February 12, Springfield.	August 11-14, Independence.
February 28, New Madrid.	August 23, Columbus.
March 14, New Madrid.	September 2-5, Neosho.
March 20, Carthage.	September 11-13, Bloomfield.
March 30, Clinton.	September 21, Cassville.
April 9-16, Montevallo.	October 6, Liberty.
April 28, Warsaw.	October 17, Lexington.
May 30, Neosho.	October 20, Marshfield.
June 23, Raytown.	October 27-29, Island Mound.
July 6, Salem.	November 3, Harrisonville.
July 18, Memphis.	November 9, Huntsville.
July 20, Greenville.	November 27, Carthage.
July 28, Cross Timbers.	December 15, Neosho.
August 1, Grand River.	December 28, New Madrid.
August 2, Ozark.	

1863.

January 1-10, Springfield.
 January 13, Carthage.
 February 8, Independence.
 March 23, Independence.
 April 1-5, White River.
 April 5, Jackson.
 April 9, Sedalia.
 April 22-24, Independence.
 April 26, Cape Girardeau.
 April 27, Jackson.
 May 16, Carthage.
 May 21-30, Cassville.
 May 22, Benton.

May 23, Hartsville.
 July 30, Lexington.
 August 7, New Madrid.
 August 9-18, Cape Girardeau.
 August 25-28, Sedalia.
 September 4-7, Pleasant Hill.
 October 7-17, Marshall.
 October 16, Cross Timbers.
 November 16-18, Springfield.
 November 16-23, Keytesville.
 December 24-29, Cassville.
 December 26-28, Salem.

1864.

February 19, Independence.
 February 22, Lexington.
 May 6-11, Patterson.
 May 16-25, Pilot Knob.
 May 18-23, Carthage.
 July 9-13, Wellington.
 July 10, Platte City.
 July 12, Columbus.
 August 1, Rolla.
 August 7, Enterprise.
 September 19, Doniphan.
 September 27-30, Harrison.

October 1, Franklin.
 October 7, Jefferson City.
 October 11, Boonville.
 October 15, Sedalia.
 October 22, Independence.
 October 28-30, Newtonia.
 November 1, Rolla.
 November 8, Quincy.
 November 16-23, Brunswick.
 December 3, New Madrid.
 December 14, Cape Girardeau.

1865.

January 12-22, Warrensburg.
 January 16-27, Big Piney.
 February 6-8, Ozark.
 March 3-7, Bloomfield.
 March 5, Lebanon.
 March 5-12, Rolla.

March 19, Columbus.
 March 10-23, Warrensburg.
 May 18-20, Warsaw.
 May 19-22, Kingsville.
 May 23-26, Warrensburg.

Losses in 13 Battles.

Battle.	State.	Date.	Confed. loss.	Fed. loss.	Total.
Antietam	Maryland	Sept. 16-17, '62..	9,328	11,657	20,985
Manassas	Virginia	August 21, '62..	9,365	10,199	19,564
Perryville	Kentucky.....	October 8, '62..	3,145	3,696	6,841
Fair Oaks.....	Virginia	May 31, '62.....	5,729	4,384	10,113
Fredericksburg ..	Virginia	Dec. 13, '62.....	4,664	10,884	15,548
Stone's River	Tennessee.....	Dec. 31, '62.....	9,239	9,532	18,771
Chancellorsville ..	Virginia	May 1-4, '63.....	10,746	11,368	22,114
Chickamauga.....	Georgia.....	Sept. 19-20, '63..	15,801	11,135	26,936
Gettysburg.....	Pennsylvania..	July 1-3, '63.....	22,544	17,684	40,228
Wilderness.....	Virginia	May 5-7, '64.....	10,750	14,283	25,033
Cold Harbor.....	Virginia	May 31, '64.....	4,500	10,922	15,422
Atlanta	Georgia.....	July 22, '64.....	7,500	2,522	10,022
Franklin	Tennessee.....	Nov. 30, '64.....	6,250	1,222	7,472

<i>Name.</i>	<i>State.</i>	<i>Date of Rank.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Major-Generals—Con.</i>			
G. B. Crittenden	Ky.	Nov. 9, 1861.	
J. C. Pemberton	Va.	Jan. 14, 1862.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
Richard S. Ewell	Va.	Jan. 24, 1862.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
W. W. Loring	Fla.	Feb. 15, 1862.	
Sterling Price	Mo.	Mar. 6, 1862.	
B. F. Cheatham	Tenn.	Mar. 10, 1862.	
Saml. Jones	Va.	Mar. 10, 1862.	
D. H. Hill	N. C.	Mar. 26, 1862.	
J. M. Withers	Ala.	April 6, 1862.	
T. C. Hindman	Ark.	April 14, 1862.	
J. C. Breckenridge	Ky.	April 14, 1862.	Acting Secretary of War, Feb. 6, 1865.
L. McLaws	Ga.	May 23, 1862.	
A. P. Hill	Va.	May 26, 1862.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
R. H. Anderson	S. C.	July 14, 1862.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
J. E. B. Stuart	Va.	July 25, 1862.	Killed at Yellow Tavern, Va., May 12, 1864.
Richard Taylor	La.	July 28, 1862.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
S. B. Buckner	Ky.	Aug. 16, 1862.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
S. G. French	Miss.	Aug. 31, 1862.	
C. L. Stevenson	Va.	Oct. 10, 1862.	
Geo. E. Pickett	Va.	Oct. 10, 1862.	
Jno. B. Hood	Tex.	Oct. 10, 1862.	See list of Generals and Lieut.-Generals.
D. R. Jones	Ga.	Oct. 10, 1862.	
Jno. H. Forney	Ala.	Oct. 27, 1862.	
Dabney H. Maury	Va.	Nov. 4, 1862.	
M. L. Smith	Fla.	Nov. 4, 1862.	
Jno. G. Walker	Mo.	Nov. 8, 1862.	
Arnold Elzey	Md.	Dec. 4, 1862.	
Franklin Gardner	La.	Dec. 13, 1862.	
P. R. Cleburne	Ark.	Dec. 13, 1862.	Killed at Franklin, Tenn., Nov. 30, 1864.
I. R. Trimble	Md.	Jan. 17, 1863.	
D. S. Donelson	Tenn.	Jan. 17, 1863.	
Jubal A. Early	Va.	Jan. 17, 1863.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
Jos. Wheeler	Ala.	Jan. 20, 1863.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
W. H. C. Whiting	Miss.	Feb. 28, 1863.	
Edward Johnson	Va.	Feb. 28, 1863.	
R. E. Rodes	Ala.	May 2, 1863.	Killed at Winchester, Va., April 19, 1864.
W. H. T. Walker	Ga.	May 23, 1863.	Killed at Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1864.
Henry Heth	Va.	May 24, 1863.	
Jno. S. Bowen	Mo.	May 25, 1863.	
Robt. Ransom, Jr.	N. C.	May 26, 1863.	
W. D. Pender	N. C.	May 27, 1863.	Killed at Gettysburg, Pa., July 2, 1863.
A. P. Stewart	Tenn.	June 2, 1863.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
C. M. Wilcox	Tenn.	Aug. 3, 1863.	
J. F. Gilmer	S. C.	Aug. 3, 1863.	
Wade Hampton	S. C.	Aug. 3, 1863.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
Fitzhugh Lee	Va.	Aug. 3, 1863.	
Wm. Smith	Va.	Aug. 30, 1863.	
S. D. Lee	S. C.	Aug. 31, 1863.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
Howell Cobb	Ga.	Sept. 9, 1863.	
Jno. A. Wharton	Tex.	Nov. 10, 1863.	
W. T. Martin	Miss.	Nov. 10, 1863.	
N. B. Forrest	Tenn.	Dec. 14, 1863.	See list of Lieut.-Generals.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>State.</i>	<i>Date of Rank.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Major-Generals--Con.</i>			
Chas. W. Field.....	Ky.....	Feb. 12, 1864.	
J. P. Anderson.....	Fla.....	Feb. 17, 1864.	
W. B. Bate.....	Tenn.....	Feb. 23, 1864.	
C. J. Polignac.....	France.....	April 8, 1864.	
S. B. Maxey.....	Tex.....	April 18, 1864.	
Robt. F. Hoke.....	N. C.....	April 20, 1864.	
W. H. F. Lee.....	Va.....	April 23, 1864.	
J. F. Fagan.....	Ark.....	April 24, 1864.	
Jno. B. Gordon.....	Ga.....	May 14, 1864.....	See list of Lieut.-Generals.
Jas. B. Gordon.....	N. C.....	May 14, 1864.....	Killed at Yellow Tavern, Va. 1864.
J. B. Kershaw.....	S. C.....	May 18, 1864.	
B. R. Johnson.....	Tenn.....	May 21, 1864.	
S. D. Ramseur.....	N. C.....	June 1, 1864.....	Killed at Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19, 1864.
E. C. Walthall.....	Miss.....	June 6, 1864.	
H. D. Clayton.....	Ala.....	July 7, 1864.	
Wm. Mahone.....	Va.....	July 30, 1864.	
Jno. C. Brown.....	Tenn.....	Aug. 4, 1864.	
L. L. Lomax.....	Va.....	Aug. 10, 1864.	
H. W. Allen.....	La.....	Aug. 10, 1864.	
J. L. Kemper.....	Va.....	Sept. 19, 1864.	
M. C. Butler.....	S. C.....	Sept. 19, 1864.	
G. W. C. Lee.....	Va.....	Oct. 20, 1864.	
T. L. Rosser.....	Va.....	Nov. 1, 1864.	
Jno. Pegram.....	Va.....	Nov. 26, 1864.....	Killed at Hatcher's Run, Va., Feb. 5, 1865.
P. M. B. Young.....	Ga.....	Dec. 30, 1864.	
Wm. Preston.....	Ky.....	Jan. 1, 1865.	
W. B. Taliferro.....	Va.....	Jan. 1, 1865.	
Bryan Grimes.....	N. C.....	Feb. 15, 1865.	
T. J. Churchill.....	Ark.....	Mar. 17, 1865.	
J. S. Marmaduke.....	Mo.....	Mar. 17, 1865.	
W. W. Allen.....	Ala.....	Mar. 17, 1865.	
W. Y. C. Humes.....	Tenn.....	Mar. 17, 1865.	
Harry T. Hays.....	La.....	April 9, 1865.	
M. W. Gary.....	S. C.....	April 9, 1865.	
J. O. Shelby.....	Mo.....	May 10, 1865.	
A. P. Bagby.....	Tex.....	May 10, 1865.	

*Brigadier-Generals, by
States.*

ALABAMA.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Allen, W. W.....	March 1, 1864.....	See list of Major-Generals.
Baker, Alpheus.....	March 7, 1864.	
Battle, C. A.....	Aug. 25, 1863.	
Bowles, P. D.....	April 2, 1865.	
Canty, Jas.....	Jan. 6, 1863.	
Clanton, J. H.....	Nov. 18, 1863.	
Clayton, H. D.....	April 22, 1863.....	See list of Major-Generals.
Deas, Z. C.....	Dec. 2, 1862.	
Forney, J. H.....	March 10, 1862.....	See list of Major-Generals.
Forney, W. H.....	Nov. 9, 1864.	
Frazer, J. W.....	May 19, 1863.	
Fry, B. D.....	May 24, 1864.	
Garrott, I. W.....	May 28, 1863.....	Killed at Vicksburg, June 17, 1863.
Gorgas, J.....	Nov. 10, 1864.	

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
Gracie, A., Jr.	Nov. 4, 1862.	Killed at Petersburg, Va., Dec. 2, 1864.
Hagan, Jas.	Feb. 18, 1865.	
Holtzclaw, J. T.	July 7, 1864.	
Johnston, G. D.	July 20, 1864.	
Kelly, J. H.	Nov. 16, 1863.	Killed near Franklin, Tenn., Sept. 2, 1864.
Law, E. M.	Oct. 3, 1862.	
Leadbetter, D.	March 6, 1862.	
Longstreet, Jas.	June 17, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals and Lieut.-Generals.
Moody, Y. M.	March 4, 1865.	
Morgan, Jno. T.	Nov. 16, 1863.	
O'Neal, E. A.	June 6, 1863.	
Perry, W. F.	Feb. 25, 1865.	
Pettus, E. W.	Sept. 18, 1863.	
Roddy, P. D.	Aug. 11, 1863.	
Rodes, R. E.	Oct. 4, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Saunders, J. C. C.	June 7, 1864.	Killed near Petersburg, Va., Aug. 21, 1864.
Shelley, C. M.	Sept. 17, 1864.	
Thomas, B. M.	Aug. 4, 1864.	
Tracey, E. D.	Aug. 16, 1862.	Killed near Port Gibson, Miss., May 1, 1863.
Walker, L. P.	Sept. 17, 1861.	
Wheeler, Jos.	Oct. 30, 1862.	See lists of Major-Generals and Lieut.-Generals.
Withers, J. M.	July 10, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Wood, S. A. M.	Jan. 7, 1862.	

ARKANSAS.

Beal, W. N. R.	April 11, 1862.	
Churchill, T. J.	March 4, 1862.	
Cleburne, R. P.	March 4, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Dockery, T. P.	Aug. 10, 1863.	
Fagan, J. F.	Sept. 12, 1862.	See list of Major Generals.
Gantt, E. W.	—, 1862.	
Govan, D. C.	Dec. 29, 1863.	
Hawthorne, A. T.	Feb. 18, 1864.	
Hindman, T. C.	Sept. 28, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
McCray, T. H.	—, 1863.	
McNair, E.	Nov. 4, 1862.	
McRae, D.	Nov. 4, 1862.	
Pike, Albert.	Aug. 15, 1861.	
Polk, Lucius E.	Dec. 13, 1862.	
Reynolds, D. H.	March 5, 1864.	
Roane, J. S.	March 20, 1862.	
Rust, Albert.	March 4, 1862.	
Tappan, J. C.	Nov. 5, 1862.	

FLORIDA.

Anderson, J. Patton. . .	Feb. 10, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Brevard, T. W.	March 22, 1865.	
Davis, W. G. M.	Nov. 4, 1862.	
Finegan, J.	April 5, 1862.	
Finley, J. J.	Nov. 16, 1863.	
Loring, W. W.	May 20, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
McIntosh, Jas.	Jan. 24, 1862.	Killed at Pea Ridge, Ark., March 7, 1862.
Miller, Wm.	Aug. 2, 1864.	
Perry, E. A.	Aug. 26, 1862.	
Shoup, F. A.	Sept. 12, 1862.	
Smith, E. Kirby.	June 17, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals, Lieut.-Generals and Generals.
Smith, M. L.	April 11, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Walker, W. S.	Oct. 30, 1862.	
GEORGIA.		
Alexander, E. P.	Feb. 26, 1864.	
Anderson, C. D.	May —, 1864.	
Anderson, G. T.	Nov. 1, 1862.	
Anderson, R. H.	July 26, 1864.	
Bartow, F. S.	July 21, 1861.	Killed at Manassas, Va., June 21, 1861.
Benning, H. L.	Jan. 17, 1863.	
Boggs, W. R.	Nov. 4, 1862.	
Browne, W. M.	Dec. —, 1864.	
Bryan, Goode.	Aug. 29, 1863.	
Cobb, Howell.	Feb. 13, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Cobb, T. R. R.	Nov. 1, 1862.	Killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. —, 1862.
Colquitt, A. H.	Sept. 1, 1862.	
Cook, Phil.	Aug. 5, 1864.	
Crews, C. C.	—, 1865.	
Cummings, A.	Oct. 29, 1862.	
Deshler, Jas.	July 28, 1863.	Killed at Chickamauga, Ga., Sept. 20, 1863.
Doles, George.	Nov. 1, 1862.	Killed at Bethesda Church, Va., June 2, 1864.
Du Bose, D. M.	Nov. 16, 1864.	
Evans, C. A.	May 19, 1864.	
Gardner, W. M.	Nov. 14, 1861.	
Gartrell, L. J.	Aug. 22, 1864.	
Girardey, V. J. B.	July 30, 1864.	Killed at Petersburg, Va., Aug. —, 1864.
Gordon, Jno. B.	May 7, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals and Lieut.-Generals.
Hardee, W. J.	June 17, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals and Lieut.-Generals.
Harrison, G. P., Jr.	Feb. —, 1865.	
Iverson, A. J.	Nov. 1, 1862.	
Jackson, H. R.	June 4, 1862.	
Jackson, J. K.	Feb. 13, 1862.	
Jones, D. R.	June 17, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Lawton, A. R.	April 13, 1861.	Quartermaster-General, Sept. 17, 1864.
McLaws, L.	Sept. 25, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Mercer, H. W.	Oct. 29, 1861.	
Semmes, P. J.	March 11, 1862.	Killed at Gettysburg, Pa., July 2, 1863.
Smith, W. D.	March 7, 1862.	
Sorrell, G. M.	Oct. 31, 1864.	
St. John, I. M.	Feb. 16, 1865.	Commissary-General.
Stovall, M. A.	Jan. 20, 1863.	
Thomas, B. M.	Aug. 4, 1864.	
Thomas, E. L.	Nov. 1, 1862.	

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
Toombs, Robt.	July 19, 1861.	
Walker, W. H. T.	May 25, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Wayne, H. C.	Dec. 16, 1861.	Declined appointment.
Willis, Edward.		Killed before commission reached him.
Wilson, C. C.	Nov. 18, 1863.	
Wofford, W. T.	Jan. 17, 1863.	
Young, P. M. B.	Sept. 28, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.

KENTUCKY.

Breckenridge, J. C.	Nov. 2, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Buckner, S. B.	Sept. 14, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals and Lieut.-Generals.
Buford, A.	Sept. 2, 1862.	
Cosby, G. B.	Jan. 20, 1863.	
Crittenden, G. B.	Aug. 15, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Duke, B. W.	Sept. 15, 1864.	
Field, C. W.	March 9, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Hansom, R. W.	Dec. 13, 1862.	Killed at Murfreesboro, Ga., Dec. 31, 1863.
Hawes, J. M.	March 5, 1862.	
Helm, B. H.	March 14, 1862.	Killed at Chickamauga, Ga., Sept. 19, 1863.
Hodge, G. B.	Aug. 2, 1864.	
Lewis, J. H.	Sept. 30, 1863.	
Lyon, H. B.	June 14, 1864.	
Marshall, H.	Oct. 30, 1861.	
Morgan, Jno. H.	Dec. 11, 1862.	
Preston, Wm.	April 14, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Taylor, T. H.	Nov. 5, 1862.	
Tilghman, L.	Oct. 18, 1861.	Killed at Baker's Creek, Miss., May 16, 1863.
Williams, J. S.	April 16, 1862.	

LOUISIANA.

Adams, D. W.	May 23, 1862.	
Allen, H. W.	Aug. 19, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Beauregard, P. G. T.	March 1, 1861.	See list of Generals.
Blanchard, A. G.	Sept. 1, 1861.	
Bragg, Braxton.	March 7, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals and Generals.
Brent, J. L.	Oct. —, 1864.	
Duncan, J. K.	Jan. 7, 1862.	
Gardner, F.	April 11, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Gibson, R. L.	Jan. 11, 1864.	
Gladden, A. H.	Sept. 30, 1861.	Killed at Shiloh, Tenn., April 6, 1862.
Gray, Henry.	March 17, 1865.	
Grayson, J. B.	Aug. 15, 1861.	
Hays, H. T.	July 25, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Hebert, Louis.	May 26, 1862.	
Hebert, P. O.	Aug. 17, 1861.	
Higgins, E.	Oct. 29, 1863.	
Liddell, St. J. R.	July 12, 1862.	
Major, J. P.	July 21, 1863.	
Mouton, A.	April 16, 1862.	Killed at Mansfield, La., April 9, 1864.
Nichols, F. T.	Oct. 14, 1862.	

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
Scott, T. M.	May 10, 1864.	
Sibley, H. H.	June 17, 1861.	
Stafford, L. A.	Oct. 8, 1863.	Killed at Wilderness, Va., May 10, 1864.
Starke, W. E.	Aug. 6, 1862.	Killed at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
Taylor, Richard.	Oct. 21, 1861.	See lists of Major-Generals and Lieut.-Generals.
York, Zebulon.	June 2, 1864.	

MARYLAND.

Archer, Jas. F.	June 3, 1862.	
Elzey, Arnold.	July 21, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Johnson, B. T.	June 28, 1864.	
Lovell, Mansfield.	—, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Mackall, W. W.	Feb. 28, 1862.	
Steuart, G. H.	March 6, 1862.	
Trimble, R. I.	Aug. 9, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Winder, C. S.	March 1, 1862.	Killed at Cedar Creek, Va., Aug. 9, 1862.
Winder, J. H.	June 21, 1861.	

MISSISSIPPI.

Adams, Wirt.	Sept. 28, 1863.	
Baldwin, W. E.	Sept. 19, 1862.	
Barksdale, W.	Aug. 12, 1862.	Killed at Gettysburg, Pa., July 1, 1863.
Barry, W. S.	—, 1865.	
Benton, S.	July 26, 1864.	Killed at Atlanta, Ga., July 28, 1864.
Brandon, W. L.	June 18, 1864.	
Chalmers, J. R.	Feb. 13, 1862.	
Clark, Chas.	May 22, 1861.	
Cooper, D. H.	May 2, 1863.	
Davis, J. R.	Sept. 15, 1862.	
Featherston, W. S.	March 4, 1862.	
Ferguson, S. W.	July 23, 1863.	
Frazier, C. W.	May 19, 1863.	
French, S. G.	Oct. 23, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Gholson, S. J.	May 6, 1864.	
Griffith, R.	Nov. 2, 1861.	Killed at Savage Station, Va., June 29, 1862.
Harris, N. H.	Jan. 20, 1864.	
Humphries, B. G.	Aug. 12, 1863.	
Lowery, M. P.	Oct. 6, 1863.	
Lowry, Robt.	Feb. 4, 1865.	
Martin, W. T.	Dec. 2, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Miles, W. R.	—, 1864.	
Posey, Carnot.	Nov. 1, 1862.	Killed at Bristoe Station, Va., Oct. 14, 1863.
Reynolds, A. E.	March —, 1865.	
Sears, C. W.	March 1, 1864.	
Smith, J. A.	Sept. 30, 1863.	
Starke, P. B.	Nov. 4, 1864.	
Tucker, W. F.	March 1, 1864.	
Van Dorn, Earl.	June 5, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Walthall, E. C.	Dec. 13, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Whiting, W. H. C.	July 25, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.

MISSOURI.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
Bowen, J. S.	March 14, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Clark, J. B., Jr.	March 8, 1864.	
Cockrell, F. M.	July 18, 1863.	
Frost, D. M.	March 3, 1862.	
Green, M. E.	July 21, 1862.	Killed at Vicksburg, Miss., June 27, 1863.
Jackman, S. D.	May 16, 1865.	
Lewis, Leven M.	May 16, 1865.	
Little, H.	April 16, 1862.	Killed at Iuka, Miss., Sept. 19, 1862.
Marmaduke, J. S.	Nov. 15, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Parsons, M. M.	Nov. 5, 1862.	
Shelby, J. O.	Dec. 15, 1864.	See list of Major-Generals.
Slack, W. Y.	April 17, 1862.	Killed at Pea Ridge, Ark., March 7, 1862.
Steen, A. E.	April —, 1862.	
Thompson, M. J.	July 30, 1861.	
Walker, J. G.	Jan. 9, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
NORTH CAROLINA.		
Anderson, G. B.	June 9, 1862.	Killed at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
Baker, L. S.	July 23, 1863.	
Barringer, Rufus.	June 1, 1864.	
Branch, L. O. B.	Nov. 16, 1861.	Killed at Antietam, Md. Sept. 17, 1864.
Clingam, R. L.	May 17, 1862.	
Cooke, J. R.	Nov. 1, 1862.	
Cox, W. R.	May 31, 1864.	
Daniel, J.	Sept. 1, 1862.	Killed at Spottsylvania, Va., May 12, 1864.
Gatlin, R. C.	July 8, 1862.	
Godwin, A. C.	Aug. 5, 1864.	Killed at Winchester, Va., Sept. 19, 1864.
Gordon, Jas. B.	Sept. 5, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Grimes, B.	May 19, 1864.	See list of Major-Generals.
Hill, D. H.	July 18, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Hoke, R. F.	Jan. 17, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Holmes, T. H.	June 5, 1861.	See lists of Major and Lieut-Generals.
Johnson, R. D.	Sept. 1, 1863.	
Kirkland, W. W.	Aug. 29, 1863.	
Lane, J. H.	Nov. 1, 1862.	
Leventhrope, C.	Feb. 3, 1865.	
Lewis, W. G.	May 31, 1864.	
MacRae, W.	Nov. 4, 1864.	
Martin, J. G.	May 15, 1862.	
Pender, W. D.	June 3, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Pettigrew, J. J.	Feb. 26, 1862.	Killed at Falling Waters, Md., July 14, 1863.
Raines, G. J.	Sept. 23, 1861.	
Ransauer, S. D.	Nov. 1, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Ransom, M. W.	June 13, 1863.	
Ransom, R., Jr.	March 4, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Roberts, W. P.	Feb. 21, 1865.	
Seales, A. M.	June 13, 1863.	
Vance, R. B.	March 4, 1863.	

SOUTH CAROLINA.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
Anderson, R. H.	July 10, 1861.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Bee, Barnard E.	June 17, 1861.	Killed at Manassas, Va., June 21, 1861.
Bonham, M. L.	April 23, 1861.	
Britton, Jno.	May 6, 1864.	
Butler, M. C.	Sept. 2, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Capers, E.	Nov. 30, 1864.	
Chestnut, J. Jr.,	April 23, 1864.	
Conner, Jas.	June 1, 1864.	
Drayton, T. F.	Sept. 25, 1861.	
Dumovant, J.	Aug. 22, 1864.	Killed at Vaughan Road, Va., Oct. 1, 1864.
Elliot, S. Jr.	May 24, 1864.	Killed at Petersburg, Va., 1864.
Evans, N. G.	Oct. 21, 1861.	
Gary, M. W.	May 19, 1864.	See list of Major-Generals.
Gilmer, J. F.	—, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Gist, S. R.	March 20, 1862.	Killed at Franklin, Tenn., Nov. 30, 1864.
Gordon, Jas. B.	Sept. 28, 1863.	
Gregg, Maxcy	Dec. 14, 1861.	Killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.
Hagood, J.	July 21, 1862.	
Hampton, Wade.	May 23, 1862.	See list of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Huger, Ben.	June 17, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Jenkins, M.	July 22, 1862.	Killed at Wilderness, Va., May 6, 1864.
Kershaw, J. B.	Feb. 13, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Lee, S. D.	Nov. 6, 1862.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Logan, T. M.	Feb. 15, 1865.	
Manigault, A. M.	April 26, 1863.	
McGowan, S.	Jan. 17, 1863.	
Perrin, A.	Sept. 17, 1863.	Killed at Spottsylvania, Va., May 12, 1864.
Preston, Jno. S.	June 10, 1864.	
Ripley, R. S.	Aug. 15, 1861.	
Stevens, C. H.	Jan. 20, 1864.	Killed at Atlanta, Ga., July 27, 1864.
Trapier, J. H.	Oct. 21, 1861.	
Villepique, J. B.	March 13, 1862.	
Wallace, W. H.	Sept. 20, 1864.	

TENNESSEE.

Adams, Jno.	Dec. 29, 1862.	Killed at Franklin, Tenn., Nov. 30, 1864.
Anderson, S. R.	July 9, 1861.	
Armstrong, F. C.	Jan. 30, 1863.	
Bate, W. B.	Oct. 3, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Brown, Jno. C.	Aug. 30, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Bell, T. H.	Nov. —, 1864.	
Carroll, W. H.	Oct. 21, 1861.	
Campbell, A. W.	March 15, 1864.	
Cheatham, B. F.	July 9, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Davidson, H. B.	Aug. 18, 1863.	
Dibrell, G. G.	July 26, 1864.	

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
Donelson, D. S.	July 9, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Forrest, N. B.	July 21, 1862.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Gordon, G. W.	Aug. 15, 1864.	
Hatton, R.	May 23, 1862.	Killed at Seven Pines, Va., May 31, 1862.
Hill, B. H.	Nov. 30, 1864.	
Homes, Wm. C.	Nov. 16, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Jackson, A. E.	April 22, 1863.	
Jackson, W. H.	Dec. 29, 1862.	
Johnson, B. R.	Jan. 24, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Maney, Geo.	April 20, 1865.	
McComb, Wm.	Jan. 20, 1865.	
McCown, J. P.	Oct. 12, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Pillows, G. J.	July 9, 1861.	
Quarles, W. A.	Aug. 25, 1863.	
Raines, J. E.	Nov. 4, 1862.	Killed at Murfreesboro, Tenn., Dec. 31, 1863.
Smith, Preston.	Oct. 27, 1862.	Killed at Chickamauga, Ga., Sept. 20, 1863.
Stewart, A. P.	Nov. 8, 1861.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Strahl, O. F.	July 28, 1863.	Killed at Franklin, Tenn., Nov. 30, 1864.
Tyler, R. C.	Feb. 23, 1864.	Killed at West Point, Ga., April 16, 1865.
Vaughn, A. J.	Nov. 18, 1863.	
Vaughn, J. C.	Sept. 29, 1862.	
Walker, L. M.	March 11, 1862.	
Wilcox, C. M.	Oct. 21, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Wright, Marcus J.	Dec. 11, 1862.	
Zollicoffer, F. K.	July 9, 1861.	Killed at Mill Springs, Ky., Jan. 19, 1862.

TEXAS.

Bagby, A. P.	—, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Baylor, J. R.		
Bee, H. P.	March 4, 1862.	
Cabell, W. L.	Jan. 20, 1863.	
DeBray, X. B.	April 13, 1864.	
Ector, M. D.	Aug. 23, 1862.	
Gano, R. M.	March 17, 1865.	
Granbury, H. B.	Feb. 28, 1864.	Killed at Franklin, Tenn., Nov. 30, 1864.
Gregg, Jno.	Aug. 29, 1862.	Killed at Petersburg, Va., June 17, 1864.
Green, Thomas.	May 20, 1863.	Killed at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.
Green, E.	May 20, 1863.	
Hardeman, W. P.	March 17, 1865.	
Harrison, J. E.	Dec. 22, 1864.	
Harrison, R.	—, 1865.	
Hogg, J. L.	Feb. 14, 1862.	
Hood, Jno. B.	March 3, 1862.	See lists of Major-Generals, Lieut.-Generals and Generals.
King, W. H.	April 8, 1864.	
Lane, W. P.	March 17, 1865.	
Mabry, H. P.	March —, 1862.	
Maxey, S. B.	March 4, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
McCulloch, Ben.	May 14, 1861.	Killed at Pea Ridge, Ark., March 7, 1862.
McCulloch, H. E.	May 14, 1861.	
Moore, J. C.	May 26, 1862.	
Nelson, A.	Sept. 12, 1862.	
Phifer, C. W.	May 25, 1862.	
Randall, Horace.	April 4, 1864.	Killed at Jenkins' Ferry, Ark., April 30, 1864.
Robertson, F. H.	July 26, 1864.	
Robertson, J. B.	Nov. 1, 1862.	
Ross, L. S.	Dec. 21, 1863.	
Scurry, W. R.	Sept. 12, 1862.	Killed at Jenkins' Ferry, Ark., April 30, 1864.
Steele, Wm.	Sept. 12, 1862.	
Terrel, A. W.	May 16, 1865.	
Waterhouse, R.	March 17, 1865.	
Waul, T. N.	Sept. 18, 1863.	
Wharton, J. A.	Nov. 18, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Whitefield, J. W.	May 9, 1863.	
Wigfall, L. T.	Oct. 21, 1861.	
Young, W. H.	Aug. 15, 1864.	

VIRGINIA.

Anderson, J. R.	Sept. 3, 1861.	
Armistead, L. A.	April 1, 1862.	Killed at Gettysburg, Pa., July 2, 1863.
Ashby, Turner.	May 23, 1862.	Killed near Harrisonburg, Va., June 6, 1864.
Barton, S. M.	March 11, 1862.	
Beale, R. L. T.	Feb. 6, 1865.	
Chambliss, J. R., Jr.	Dec. 19, 1863.	Killed at Deep Bottom, Va., Aug. 16, 1864.
Chilton, R. H.	Dec. 21, 1863.	
Cocke, P. St. G.	Oct. 21, 1861.	
Colston, R. E.	Dec. 24, 1861.	
Corse, M. C.	Nov. 1, 1862.	
Dearing, J.	—, 1864.	Killed at High Bridge, Va., April 6, 1865.
Early, Jubal A.	July 21, 1861.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Echols, Jno.	April 16, 1862.	
Ewell, R. S.	June 17, 1861.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Floyd, Jno B.	May 23, 1861.	
Garland, S., Jr.	May 23, 1862.	Killed at South Mountain, Md., Sept. 14, 1862.
Garnett, R. B.	Nov. 14, 1861.	Killed at Gettysburg, Pa., July 2, 1863.
Garnett, Robt. S.	June 6, 1861.	Killed at Rich Mountain, Va., July 13, 1861.
Heth, Henry	Jan. 6, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Hill, A. P.	Feb. 26, 1862.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Hutton, Eppa.	Aug. 9, 1863.	
Imboden, J. D.	Jan. 28, 1863.	
Jackson, Thos. J.	June 17, 1861.	See lists of Major and Lieut.-Generals.
Jackson, W. L.	Sept. —, 1864.	
Jenkins, A. G.	Aug. 5, 1862.	
Johnson, Edw.	Dec. 13, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date of Appointment.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
<i>Brigadier-Generals—Con.</i>		
Jones, Jno. M.	May 15, 1863.	Killed at Wilderness, Va., May 5, 1864.
Jones, Jno. R.	June 23, 1862.	
Jones, Samuel.	July 21, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Jones, W. E.	Sept. 19, 1862.	Killed—, 1864.
Johnston, Joe E.	May 14, 1861.	See list of Generals.
Jordan, Thos.	April 14, 1862.	
Kemper, J. L.	June 3, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Lagnel, J. A. de.	April 15, 1862.	Declined appointment.
Lee, E. G.	Sept. 20, 1864.	
Lee, Fitzhugh.	July 14, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Lee, G. W. C.	June 25, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Lee, W. H. F.	Sept. 15, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Lee, Robt. E.	May 14, 1861.	See list of Generals.
Lilley, R. D.	May 31, 1864.	
Lomax, L. L.	July 23, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Long, A. L.	Sept. 21, 1863.	
Magruder, J. B.	June 17, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Mahone, W.	Nov. 16, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Maury, D. H.	March 12, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
McCausland, J.	May 18, 1864.	
Moore, P. T.	Sept. 20, 1864.	
Page, R. L.	March 1, 1864.	Also Commander in C. S. Navy.
Payne, W. H.	Nov. 1, 1864.	
Paxton, E. F.	Nov. 1, 1862.	Killed at Chancellorsville, Va., May 3, 1863.
Pegram, Jno.	Nov. 7, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Pemberton, J. C.	June 17, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Pendleton, W. N.	March 26, 1862.	
Pickett, G. E.	Jan. 14, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Pryor, R. A.	April 16, 1862.	
Randolph, G. W.	Feb. 13, 1862.	Sec. of War, March 17 to Dec. 18, 1862.
Reynolds, A. W.	Sept. 14, 1863.	
Robertson, B. H.	June 9, 1863.	
Rosser, T. L.	Sept. 28, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Ruggles, Dan'l.	Aug. 9, 1861.	
Slaughter, J. E.	March 8, 1862.	
Smith, Wm.	Jan. 31, 1863.	See list of Major-Generals.
Stevens, W. H.	Aug. 28, 1864.	
Stevenson, C. L.	Feb. 27, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Stuart, J. E. B.	Sept. 24, 1861.	See list of Major-Generals.
Taliaferro, W. B.	March 4, 1862.	See list of Major-Generals.
Terrell, J. B.	May 7, 1864.	Killed at Wilderness, Va., May 7, 1864.
Terry, Wm. F.	May 19, 1864.	
Walker, H. H.	July 1, 1863.	
Walker, J. A.	Jan. 15, 1863.	
Walker, R. L.	Feb. 18, 1863.	
Weisiger, D. A.	July 30, 1864.	
Wharton, G. C.	July 8, 1863.	
Wickman, W. C.	Sept. 1, 1863.	
Wise, Henry A.	June 5, 1861.	

FRANCE.

Polignac, C. J. Jan. 10, 1863. See list of Major-Generals.

INDIAN TERRITORY.

Watie, Stand. May 10, 1864.

General Lee's Farewell Address to His Army.

Headquarters Army Northern Virginia,
April 10, 1865.

"After four years of arduous service, marked by unsurpassed courage and fortitude, the Army of Northern Virginia has been compelled to yield to overwhelming numbers and resources. I need not tell the survivors of so many hard-fought battles who have remained steadfast to the last, that I have consented to this result from no distrust of them; but feeling that valor and devotion could accomplish nothing that could compensate for the loss that would have attended the continuation of the contest, I have determined to avoid the useless sacrifice of those whose past services have endeared them to their countrymen.

"By the terms of the agreement, officers and men can return to their homes, and remain there until exchanged. You will take with you the satisfaction that proceeds from the consciousness of duty faithfully performed; and I earnestly pray that a merciful God will extend to you his blessing and protection.

"With an increasing admiration of your constancy and devotion to your country, and a grateful remembrance of your kind and generous consideration of myself, I bid you an affectionate farewell.

"R. E. LEE, General."

"When our idolized leader sheathed his sword at Appomattox the world grew dark to us. We felt as if the sun had set in blood to rise no more. It was as if the foundations of the earth were sinking beneath our feet. But that same stainless hero, whom we had followed with unquestioning devotion, taught us not to despair. He told us it was the part of brave men to accept defeat without repining. 'Human virtue,' he said, 'should be equal to human calamity.' He pointed upward to the star of duty, and bade us follow it as bravely in peace as we had followed it in war. Henceforth it should be our consecrated task, by the help of God, to rebuild the fallen walls of our prosperity.

"And so we accepted the result of the war in good faith. We abide the arbitrament of the sword. We subscribe as sincerely as the men who fought against us to the sentiment: 'One Flag, One Country, One Constitution, One Destiny.' This is now for us an indissoluble Union of indestructible States. We are loyal to the starry banner. We remember that it was baptized with Southern blood when our forefathers first unfurled it to the breeze. We remember that it was a Southern poet, Francis Key, who immortalized it in the 'Star Spangled Banner.' We remember that it was the genius of a Southern soldier and statesman, George Washington, that finally established it in triumph. Southern blood has again flowed in its defense in the Spanish war, and should occasion require, we pledge our lives and our sacred honor to defend it against foreign aggression as bravely as will the descendants of the Puritans. And yet, today, while that banner of the Union floats over us, we bring the offering of our love and loyalty to the memory of the flag of the Southern Confederacy! Strange as it may seem to one who does not understand our people; inconsistent and incomprehensible as it may appear, we salute yonder flag—the banner of the Stars and Stripes—as the symbol of our reunited country at the same moment that we come together to do homage to the memory of the Stars and Bars. There is in our hearts a double loyalty today; a loyalty to the present, and a loyalty to the dear, dead past. We still love our old battle flag with the Southern cross upon its fiery folds! We have wrapped it round our hearts! We have enshrined it in the sacred ark of our love; and we will honor it and cherish it evermore—not now as a political symbol, but as the consecrated emblem of an heroic epoch; as the sacred

memento of a day that is dead; as the embodiment of memories that will be tender and holy as long as life shall last. * * * * *

"The ablest military critic in the British Army in this generation has placed Lee and Stonewall Jackson in the same group with Washington and Wellington and Marlborough, the five greatest generals, in his opinion, of the English-speaking race; and the President of the United States, Mr. Roosevelt, has said in his 'Life of Thomas H. Benton:' 'The world has never seen better soldiers than those who followed Lee; and their leader will undoubtedly rank, as without exception, the very greatest of all the great captains that the English-speaking peoples have brought forth; and this, although the last and chief of his antagonists, may himself claim to stand as the full equal of Wellington and Marlborough.' As to the rank and file, General Hooker of the Union Army has said that 'for steadiness and efficiency' Lee's army was unsurpassed in ancient or modern times—'We have not been able to rival it.' And General Charles A. Whittier of Massachusetts has said, 'The army of Northern Virginia will deservedly rank as the best army which has existed on this continent, suffering privations unknown to its opponent. The North sent no such army to the field.'"—From Oration of Rev. R. H. McKim, Rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Washington, D. C. Delivered at the Nashville Reunion, 1904.

Political Relations Between the State of Missouri and the Confederate States of America.

After several of the Southern States had seceded from the Federal Union and organized an independent government, the Legislatures of New York and Ohio adopted stringent coercive resolutions.

The Missouri Legislature being in session adopted the following resolution, opposing this doctrine:

Joint Resolution of the Missouri Legislature on the Subject of Coercing.

Whereas, we have learned, with profound regret, that the states of New York and Ohio have recently tendered men and money to the President of the United States for the avowed purpose of coercing certain sovereign states of the South, which have seceded, or may secede, from the Federal Union, into obedience to the Federal Government; therefore,

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring therein, That we regard with the utmost abhorrence the doctrine of coercion as indicated by the action of the States aforesaid, believing that the same would result in civil war, and forever destroy any hope of reconstructing the Federal Union. So believing, we deem it our duty to declare that if there is any invasion of the slave States for the purpose of carrying such doctrine into effect, it is the opinion of this General Assembly that the people of Missouri will instantly rally on the side of their Southern brethren, to resist the invaders at all hazards and to the last extremity.

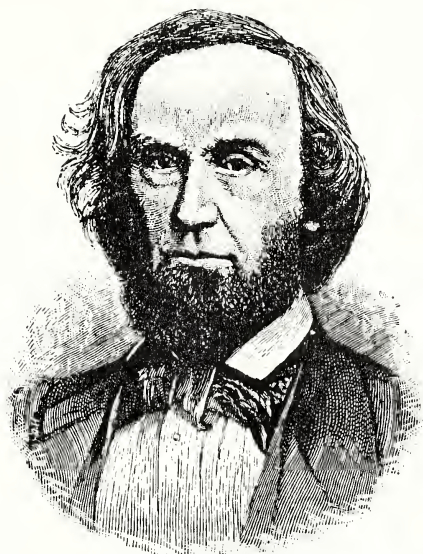
Resolved, That the governor of the State be requested to transmit to the governors of New York and Ohio the above resolutions.

Approved February 21, 1861.

In a proclamation dated June 12, 1861, calling the militia into the active service of the State, for the purpose of repelling invasion, and for other purposes, Governor Jackson said of the political relations of the State:

In issuing this proclamation I hold it to be my solemn duty to remind you that Missouri is still one of the United States; that the exe-

cutive department of the State government does not arrogate to itself the power to disturb that relation; that that power has been wisely vested in a convention, which will, at the proper time, express your sovereign will, and that meanwhile it is your duty to obey all the constitutional requirements of the Federal Government; but it is equally my duty to advise you that your first allegiance is due to your own State, and that you are under no obligation whatever to obey the unconstitutional edicts of the military despotism which has enthroned itself at Washington, nor to submit to the infamous and degrading sway of its wicked minions in this State.



CLAIBORNE F. JACKSON,
Governor of Missouri, 1861.

By an act of the Confederate Congress, approved August 20, 1861, provision was made for aiding the State of Missouri in repelling invasion by the United States, and to authorize the admission of the State as a member of the Confederate States of America. The act also provided for an alliance, offensive and defensive, between the Confederate States and the State of Missouri, as a preliminary to the admission of the State as a member of the Confederacy. That portion of the act relating to admission and the proposed alliance is here quoted:

AN ACT to aid the State of Missouri in repelling invasion by the United States, and to authorize the admission of said State as a member of the Confederate States of America, and for other purposes.

Sec. 2. That the State of Missouri shall be admitted a member of the Confederate States of America, upon an equal footing with the other States, under the constitution for the provisional government of the same, upon the condition that the said constitution for the provisional government of the Confederate States shall be adopted and ratified by the properly and legally constituted authorities of said State; and the governor of said State shall transmit to the President of the Confederate States an authentic copy of the proceedings touching said adoption and ratification by said State of said provisional constitution;

upon the receipt whereof the President, by proclamation, shall announce the fact; whereupon and without any further proceedings upon the part of Congress, the admission of said State of Missouri into this Confederacy under said constitution for the provisional government of the Confederate States shall be considered as complete; and the laws of this Confederacy shall be thereby extended over said State of Missouri as fully and completely as over other States now composing the same.

Sec. 3. That the Congress of the Confederate States recognize the government of which Claiborne F. Jackson is the chief magistrate, to be the legally elected and regularly constituted government of the people and State of Missouri, and that the President of the Confederate States be, and he is hereby empowered, at his discretion, at any time prior to the admission of said State as a member of this Confederacy, to perfect and proclaim an alliance, offensive and defensive, with the said government, limited to the period of the existing war between this Confederacy and the United States, the said treaty or alliance to be in force from the date thereof and until the same shall be disaffirmed or rejected by this Congress.

Approved August 20, 1861.

Following this enactment, on September 26, 1861, Governor Jackson appointed Edward Carrington Cabell and Thomas L. Snead commissioners on the part of the State of Missouri to enter into a treaty of alliance, offensive and defensive, with the Government of the Confederate States. Following is a copy of the appointment:
Executive Department, State of Missouri:

Know all men by these presents, that I, Claiborne F. Jackson, governor of the State of Missouri, do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint Edward Carrington Cabell and Thomas L. Snead, commissioners on the part of the State of Missouri to negotiate, enter into, perfect, and make a treaty of alliance, offensive and defensive, with the Government of the Confederate States of America, limited to the existing war between said Confederacy and the United States, which said treaty of alliance shall be in force from the date thereof and until the same shall be disaffirmed or annulled by the parties thereto, hereby giving to the said commissioners, or to either of them, if the other shall from any cause be unable to act, full and complete powers in the premises, and hereby ratifying and confirming all that they may do in the execution of the above granted powers.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my name and caused to be affixed the great seal of the State of Missouri.

Done this 26th day of September, A. D. 1861, and of the independence of the State of Missouri the forty-first, at Lexington, in said State.

C. F. JACKSON.

By the Governor:

B. F. MASSEY, Secretary of State.

Pursuant to the provisions of the act of the Confederate Congress, quoted above, a convention was entered into between the Confederate States and the State of Missouri, October 31, 1861, as follows:

Convention between the Confederate States of America and the State of Missouri.

Whereas, it is the common desire of the Confederate States of America and the State of Missouri that the said State should become a member of the Confederacy; and

Whereas, the accomplishment of their purpose is now prevented by an armed invasion of the territory of said State by the United States; and

Whereas, the interests of both demand that they should make common cause in the war waged by the United States against the liberties of both.

Now, therefore, for these most desirable objects, the president of the Confederate States of America has conferred full powers on R. M. T. Hunter, their secretary of state, and the executive power of the State of Missouri on Edward Carrington Cabell and Thomas L. Snead, who, after having exchanged their said full powers in due and proper form, have agreed to the following articles:

Article I. The State of Missouri shall be admitted into said Confederacy on an equal footing with the other States composing the same on the fulfillment of the conditions set forth in the second section of the act of Congress of the Confederate States, entitled "An act to aid the State of Missouri in repelling invasion by the United States, and to authorize the admission of said State as a member of the Confederate States of America, and for other purposes," approved August 20, 1861.

Art. II. Until said State of Missouri shall become a member of said Confederacy, the whole military force, material of war, and military operations, offensive and defensive, of said State shall be under the chief control and direction of the president of the Confederate States, upon the same basis, principles and footing as if said State were now and during the interval a member of said Confederacy, the said force, together with that of the Confederate States, to be employed for their common defense.

Art. III. The State of Missouri will, whenever she becomes a member of said Confederacy, turn over to said Confederate States all the public property, naval stores and munitions of war of which she may then be in possession acquired from the United States (excepting the public lands) on the same terms and in the same manner as the other States of said Confederacy have done in like cases.

Art. IV. All expenditures for the prosecution of the existing war incurred by the State of Missouri from and after the date of the signing of this convention shall be met and provided for by the Confederate States.

Art. V. The alliance hereby made between the said Confederate States and the State of Missouri shall be offensive and defensive, and shall be and remain in force during the continuance of the existing war with the United States, or until superseded by the admission of said State into the Confederacy, and shall take effect from the date thereof, according to the provisions of the third section of the aforesaid act, approved August 20, 1861.

In faith whereof we, the commissioners of the Confederate States of America and of the State of Missouri, have signed and sealed these presents.

Done in duplicate at the city of Richmond on the 31st day of October, A. D. 1861.

R. M. T. HUNTER,
E. C. CABELL,
THOMAS L. SNEAD.

The General Assembly of the State of Missouri passed an act declaring a dissolution of the political ties previously existing between the State of Missouri and the United States of America. Following is a copy of the act:

An act declaring the political ties heretofore existing between the State of Missouri and the United States of America dissolved.

Whereas, the Government of the United States, in the possession and under the control of a sectional party, has wantonly violated the compact originally made between said Government and the State of Missouri by invading by hostile armies the soil of the State, attacking and making prisoners the militia whilst legally assembled under the State laws, forcibly occupying the State capitol and attempting through

the instrumentality of domestic traitors to usurp the government, seizing and destroying private property, and murdering with fiendish malignity peaceable citizens, men, women and children, together with other acts of atrocity, indicating a deep-settled hostility toward the people of Missouri and their institutions; and

Whereas, the present Administration of the Government of the United States has utterly ignored the Constitution, subverted the Government as constructed and intended by its makers, and established a despotic and arbitrary power instead thereof; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, That all political ties of every character now existing between the Government of the United States of America and the people and government of the State of Missouri are hereby dissolved, and the State of Missouri, resuming the sovereignty granted by compact to the said United States upon the admission of said State into the Federal Union, does again take its place as a free and independent republic amongst the nations of the earth.

This act to take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved October 31, 1861.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a full, true and perfect copy of the original roll.

In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and the great seal of the State of Missouri this 2nd day of November, 1861.

B. F. MASSEY, Secretary of State.

By another act of the same date the General Assembly of the State took a preliminary step toward full political union with the Confederate States by ratifying the Constitution of the provisional government, as required by the act of August 20, 1861. The act of the assembly is as follows:

An Act ratifying the Constitution of the provisional government of the Confederate States of America.

Whereas, the Congress of the Confederate States of America have, by an act entitled "An act to aid the State of Missouri in repelling invasion by the United States, and to authorize the admission of said State as a member of the Confederate States of America, and for other purposes," enacted that "the State of Missouri shall be admitted a member of the Confederate States of America upon an equal footing with the other States under the Constitution for the provisional government of the same, upon condition that the said Constitution for the provisional government of the Confederate States shall be adopted and ratified by the properly and legally constituted authorities of said State;" now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows: The General Assembly of the State of Missouri, for and in behalf of the people thereof, do hereby accept the provisions of an act of the Congress of the Confederate States of America, as set forth in the preamble to this act, the State of Missouri hereby adopting and ratifying the Constitution for the provisional government of the Confederate States of America as a member of said Confederacy upon an equal footing with the other States under said Constitution.

Sec. 2. His excellency, C. F. Jackson, governor of this State, is hereby directed and authorized to transmit to the president of said Confederate States of America an authentic copy of this act in pursuance of section 2 of the act of said Congress above referred to, and to perform all other acts which may hereafter become necessary to secure the admission of the State of Missouri as a member of the said Confederacy.

This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved October 31, 1861.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a full, true and perfect copy of the original roll.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the great seal of the State of Missouri this 2nd day of November, 1861.

B. F. MASSEY, Secretary of State.

In transmitting these enactments to the president of the Confederate States, Governor Jackson said, in a letter dated at Cassville, Mo., November 5, 1861, that the act ratifying the Constitution would have been submitted to a vote of the people but for the fact that the State was then "invaded by the Federal Army to such an extent as to preclude the possibility of holding an election at the present time."

On November 25, 1861, President Davis transmitted to the Congress of the Confederate States Governor Jackson's letter, with its enclosures, together with a copy of the convention between the Confederate States and the State of Missouri, and on the 28th of November the State was admitted as a member of the Confederate States of America. Following is a copy of the act of admission:

An act to admit the State of Missouri into the Confederacy as a member of the Confederate States of America.

The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That the State of Missouri be and is hereby admitted as a member of the Confederate States of America, upon an equal footing with the other States of the Confederacy, under the Constitution of the provisional government of the same.

Approved November 28, 1861.

Confederate Prisoners Surrendered and Paroled at Close of the War.

Robert C. Wood, Colonel of Cavalry of the Confederate Army, in his "Confederate Hand Book," which is a most valuable work, and from which much of the data contained in this appendix is compiled, refers to the records of the "Rebellion," Series 2, Vol. 2, page 811, which contains the official statement of Confederate prisoners surrendered and paroled at the close of the war, as follows.

Army of Northern Virginia.....	27,805
Army of Tennessee	31,243
Army of Missouri	7,978
Army of Department of Alabama.....	42,293
Army of Trans-Mississippi Department.....	17,686
Army of Department of Florida (paroled by Gen. McCook)....	6,428

Total 133,433

Miscellaneous paroles, Department of Virginia.....	9,072
Paroled at Cumberland, Md., and other places.....	9,377
Paroled, Department of Washington.....	3,390
Paroled in Virginia, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana and Texas	13,922
Surrendered at Nashville and Chattanooga, Tenn.....	5,029

Total 40,790

In April, 1865, the aggregate present and absent of the Confederate Army was about 275,000 men. Of this number 65,387 were in the Federal military prisons, and about 52,000 absent by reason of disability and other causes. Deducting these amounts would make the total effective strength of the Confederate Army 157,613 at the close of the war.

SUMMARY.

	Present.	Absent.	Aggregate.
Strength of Federal Army at close of war.	797,897	202,700	1,000,597
Strength of the Confederate Army at close of the war	157,613	117,387	275,000
Federal excess of strength.....	640,194	85,313	725,507

It will be observed that the excess of strength of the Federal Army in 1865 exceeded the entire enrollment during the war of the Confederate Army by 40,194.

Mortality in Military Prisons.

The following statistics are of the deepest interest as bearing upon the question of the treatment of the prisoners during the Civil War:

Number of Federals confined in Confederate prisons.....	270,000
Number of Confederates confined in Federal prisons	220,000
Excess of Federal prisoners	50,000
Confederates died in Federal prisons.....	26,436
Federals died in Confederate prisons.....	22,570
Excess of Confederate deaths.....	3,866

These figures are taken from the reports of the U. S. Secretary of War Stanton and Surgeon-General Barnes, U. S. A. They show that with 50,000 more Federal prisoners held by the Confederates there were 3,866 fewer deaths than among the Confederates in Federal prisons; that the death rate of Confederate prisoners was over 12 per cent, while that of the Federal prisoners was under 9 per cent. By an act of the Confederate Congress, passed soon after the war was inaugurated, it was provided that prisoners of war should have the same rations in quantity and quality as Confederate soldiers in the field. By an act afterwards passed, all hospitals for sick and wounded prisoners were put upon the same footing with the hospitals for sick and wounded Confederates. This policy was never changed. There was no discrimination in either particular between Federal prisoners and Confederate soldiers. Whatever food or fare the Confederate soldiers had, whether good or bad, full or short, the Federal prisoners shared equally with them. Whatever medical attention the sick and wounded Confederate soldiers had, the Federal prisoners in like condition received. Where the supply of the usual standard medicines was exhausted and could not be replenished in consequence of the action of the Federal government in holding them to be contraband of war and in preventing their introduction by blockade and severe penalties, and when resort was had to the virtues of the healing herbs of the country as substitutes for more efficient remedial agents, the suffering Federals shared these equally with the suffering Confederates.

Confederate Prisoners Confined in Federal Prisons and Number of Deaths in Each.

Name of Prison.	Number confined.	Deaths.	Per-centage.
Point Lookout, Md.	38,073	3,446	9.
Fort Delaware, Del.	22,773	2,502	10.9
Camp Douglas, Ill.	22,301	3,759	16.8
Camp Chase, Ohio	14,227	2,108	14.8
Camp Morton, Ind.	10,319	1,763	17.
Elmira, N. Y.	9,167	2,980	32.5
Louisville, Ky.	8,438	139	1.7
Alton, Ill.	7,717	1,613	20.9
Johnson's Island	7,357	275	3.7
Old Capitol, D. C.	5,761	457	7.9
Newport News, Va.	5,459	89	1.6
Fort McHenry, Md.	5,325	33	.62
Ship Island, Miss.	4,879	162	3.3
St. Louis, Mo.	4,585	589	12.8
Camp Butler, Ill.	4,154	816	19.6
Hart's Island, N. Y.	3,117	230	7.4
Rock Island, Ill.	2,484	1,922	77.4
Totals	176,136	22,883	12.9

The remaining 43,864 of the 220,000 Confederate prisoners were confined in Fort Warren, Fort Lafayette and other prisons.

The Rock Island military prison was established in December, 1863. During its existence of a little more than one year 2,484 Confederates were sent there for confinement. Of this number 1,922 died; only 562 survived.

Federal prisons were generally located in fruitful and salubrious sections of the country and in or adjacent to large and prosperous cities. All conditions were favorable to the good health of the prisoners.

Troops Furnished by Different States to the Federal Military Service, 1861-1865.

The following shows the number of troops furnished to the Federal Army during the war by the several States. It was prepared by Gen. Marcus J. Wright, Agent for the Collection of Confederate Records, War Records Office, War Department, Washington, D. C.

Maine, 70,107; New Hampshire, 33,937; Vermont, 33,288; Massachusetts, 146,730; Rhode Island, 23,236; Connecticut, 55,864; New York, 448,850; New Jersey, 76,814; Pennsylvania, 337,936; Delaware, 12,284; Maryland, 46,638; West Virginia, 32,068; District of Columbia, 16,534; Ohio, 313,180; Indiana, 196,363; Illinois, 259,092; Michigan, 87,364; Wisconsin, 91,327; Minnesota, 24,020; Iowa, 76,242; Missouri, 109,111; Kentucky, 75,760; Kansas, 20,149; Tennessee, 31,092; Arkansas, 8,289; North Carolina, 3,156; California, 15,725; Nevada, 1,080; Oregon, 1,810; Washington Territory, 964; Nebraska Territory, 3,157; Colorado Territory, 4,903; Dakota Territory, 206; New Mexico Territory, 6,561; Alabama, 2,576; Florida, 1,290; Louisiana, 5,224; Mississippi, 545; Texas, 1,965; Indian Nation, 3,530; Colored Troops, 99,337; Total, 2,778,304.

Strength of the Confederate Army.

Col. Robt. C. Wood, in his Confederate Hand-Book, says that after earnest and conscientious efforts made by impartial men, it was ascertained that the entire enrolled strength of the Confederate Army did

not exceed 600,000 men, and that of this number never more than two-thirds (400,000) were ever available for active duty in the field. The necessity of guarding a long line of exposed seacoast, of maintaining permanent garrisons at different points, inland, deprived the Confederate Armies in the field of an accession of strength which, in all probability, would have changed the result of many important battles and campaigns. The large preponderance of the Federal forces was manifest in all important battles and campaigns of the war. The largest force ever assembled by the Confederates was at the Seven Days' Battle around Richmond. General Lee's Report showed 80,835 men present when the movement against the Federal Army commenced.

Relative Strength of the Armies in Seven Important Engagements.

The following statement shows the relative strength of the Confederate and Federal Armies in the seven important engagements.

Battle.	Confederates.	Federals.
Seven Days' Fight around Richmond.....	80,835	115,249
Antietam	35,255	87,164
Fredericksburg	78,110	110,000
Chancellorsville (90,000 Federals engaged).....	57,212	131,661
Gettysburg	62,000	95,000
Chickamauga	44,000	65,000
Wilderness	63,981	141,160

Date of Secession of the Southern States.

South Carolina	December 20, 1860
Mississippi	January 9, 1861
Florida	January 10, 1861
Alabama	January 11, 1861
Georgia	January 19, 1861
Louisiana	January 26, 1861
Texas	February 1, 1861
Virginia	April 17, 1861
Arkansas	May 6, 1861
North Carolina	May 20, 1861
Tennessee	June 24, 1861
Missouri	October 31, 1861
Kentucky	November 20, 1861

The ordinance of secession was passed by the Missouri Legislature at Neosho, but was never submitted to the people of the State.

The ordinance of secession was passed by the people of Kentucky, assembled in convention at Russellville, November 8, 1861. There were 68 counties represented in 120 delegates.

The First and Last Confederate Gun.

The first gun was fired at Fort Sumter, in Charleston harbor, at 4:30 a. m., April 12, 1861.

The last shot was fired by the Confederate cruiser Shenandoah in the Arctic Ocean, June 22, 1865. On August 2, 1865, while cruising in the Pacific, the Shenandoah received from an English steamer San Francisco papers announcing the surrender of the Confederate armies and the capture of President Davis. Captain Waddell, commanding the Shenandoah, immediately directed his cruise to Liverpool, England, and upon arrival there surrendered his ship to the British Government. He had captured 25 vessels, appraised at \$843,038, in the time intervening between Lee's surrender and the news of the fall of the Confederacy.

At 10 a. m. on November 6, 1865, in the Mersey river, Captain Waddell ordered the colors of the Shenandoah to be hauled down. This was done with sad and sorrowful ceremonies, and the Confederate flag no longer floated over land or sea.

The Last Battle of the War.

The defense of West Point, Ga., April 16, 1865, by Gen. Robert C. Tyler, with 300 men, against a Federal raiding force of 3,700, was the last organized resistance of the Confederates east of the Mississippi river. General Tyler, who had been several times wounded previously, and had lost a leg, was killed in this engagement.

On May 13, 1865, at Palmetto Ranch, near Brownsville, Texas, an engagement took place between a Confederate force of 300, under Gen. James E. Slaughter, and a Federal force of 500, commanded by Col. T. H. Barrett. This was the last action of the war.

General Price's Official Report to Gov. Jackson of the Battle of Wilson Creek.

Headquarters Missouri State Guard,
Springfield, August 12, 1861.

To His Excellency, Claiborne F. Jackson, Governor of the State of Missouri:

I have the honor to submit to Your Excellency the following report of the operations of the army under my command, at and immediately preceding the battle of Springfield:

I began to move my command from its encampment on Cowskin Prairie, in McDonald county, on the 25th of July, towards Cassville, in Barry county, at which place it had been agreed between Generals McCulloch, Pearce and myself that our respective forces, together with those of Brigadier-General McBride, should be concentrated preparatory to a forward movement. We reached Cassville on Sunday, the 8th of July, and on the next day effected a junction with the armies of Generals McCulloch and Pearce.

The combined armies were then put under marching orders, and the First Division, General McCulloch commanding, left Cassville on the 1st of August, upon the road to this city. The Second Division, under General Pearce of Arkansas, left on the first day of August; and the Third Division, Brigadier-General Steen of this State commanding, left on the second day of August. I went forward with the Second Division, which embraced the greater portion of my infantry, and encamped with it some twelve miles northwest of Cassville. The next morning a messenger from General McCulloch informed me that he had reason to believe that the enemy were in force on the road to Springfield, and that he should remain at his then encampment on Crane Creek until the Second and Third Divisions of the army had come up. The Second Division consequently moved forward to Crane Creek, and I ordered the Third Division to a position within three miles of the same place.

The advance guard of the army consisted of six companies of mounted Missourians, under command of Brigadier-General Rains at that time (Friday, August 2), encamped on the Springfield road about five miles beyond Crane Creek. About 9 o'clock a. m. of that day General Rains' pickets reported to him that they had been driven in by the enemy's advance guard, and that officer immediately led forward his whole force, amounting to nearly 400 men, until he found the enemy

in position, some three miles on the road. He sent back at once to General McCulloch for reinforcements, and Colonel McIntosh, C. S. A., was sent forward with 150 men; but a reconnoissance of the ground having satisfied the latter that the enemy did not have more than 150 men on the ground, he withdrew his men and returned to Crane Creek. General Rains soon discovered, however, that he was in the presence of the main body of the enemy, numbering, according to his estimate, more than 5,000 men, with eight pieces of artillery, and supported by a considerable body of cavalry. A severe skirmish ensued, which lasted several hours, until the enemy opened their batteries and compelled our troops to retire. In this engagement the greater portion of General Rains' command, and especially that part which acted as infantry, behaved with great gallantry, as the result demonstrates; for our loss was only one killed (Lieutenant Northcutt), and five wounded, while five of the enemy's dead were buried on the field, and a large number are known to have been wounded.

Our whole forces were concentrated the next day near Crane Creek, and during the same night the Texan regiment, under Colonel Greer, came up within a few miles of the same place.

Reasons, which will be hereafter assigned, induced me on Sunday, the 4th inst., to put the Missouri forces, under the direction, for the time being, of General McCulloch, who accordingly assumed the command-in-chief of the combined armies. A little after midnight we took up the line of march, leaving our baggage trains, and expecting to find the enemy near the scene of the late skirmish, but we found, as we advanced, that they were retreating rapidly towards Springfield. We followed them hastily about seventeen miles, to a place known as Moody's Spring, where we were compelled to halt our forces, who were already nearly exhausted by the intense heat of the weather and the dustiness of the roads.

Early the next morning we moved forward to Wilson's Creek, ten miles southwest of Springfield, where we encamped. Our forces were here put in readiness to meet the enemy, who were posted at Springfield to the number of about 10,000. It was finally decided to march against them; and, on Friday afternoon, orders were issued to march in four separate columns at 9 o'clock that night, so as to surround the city and begin a simultaneous attack at daybreak. The darkness of the night and a threatened storm caused General McCulloch, just as the army was about to march, to countermand this order, and to direct that the troops should hold themselves in readiness to move whenever ordered. Our men were consequently kept under arms till towards daybreak, expecting momentarily an order to march. The morning of Saturday, the 10th of August, found them still encamped at Wilson's Creek, fatigued by a night's watching and loss of rest.

About 6 o'clock I received a messenger from General Rains that the enemy were advancing in great force from the direction of Springfield and were already within 200 or 300 yards of the position where he was encamped with the Second Brigade of his Division, consisting of about 1,200 mounted men, under Colonel Cawthorne. A second messenger came immediately afterwards from General Rains to announce that the main body of the enemy was upon him, but that he would receive reinforcements. General McCulloch was with me when these messengers came, and left at once for his own headquarters to make the necessary disposition of our forces.

I rode forward instantly towards General Rains' position, at the same time ordering Generals Slack, McBride, Clark and Parsons to move their infantry and artillery forward. I had ridden but a few hundred yards when I came suddenly upon the main body of the enemy, commanded by General Lyon in person. The infantry and artillery which I had ordered to follow me came up immediately to the number of 2,036 men, and engaged the enemy. A severe and bloody

conflict ensued, my officers and men behaving with the greatest bravery, and, with the assistance of a portion of the Confederate forces, successfully holding the enemy in check. Meanwhile, and almost simultaneously with the opening of the enemy's batteries in this quarter, a heavy cannonading was opened upon the rear of our position, where a large body of the enemy, under Colonel Sigel, had taken position in close proximity to Colonel Churchill's regiment. Colonel Greer's Texan Rangers and 679 mounted Missourians, under command of Colonel Brown and Lieutenant-Colonel Major.

The action now became general, and was conducted with the greatest gallantry and vigor on both sides for more than five hours, when the enemy retreated in great confusion, leaving their commander-in-chief, General Lyon, dead upon the battlefield; over 500 killed, and a great number wounded.

The forces under my command have possession of three 12-pounder howitzers, two brass 6-pounders, and a great quantity of small arms and ammunition, taken from the enemy; also the standard of Sigel's regiment, captured by Captain Staples. They have also a large number of prisoners.

The brilliant victory thus achieved upon this hard-fought field was won only by the most determined bravery and distinguished gallantry of the combined armies, which fought nobly side by side in defense of their common rights and liberties, with as much courage and constancy as were ever exhibited upon any battlefield.

Where all behaved so well, it is invidious to make any distinction, but I cannot refrain from expressing my sense of the splendid services rendered, under my own eyes, by the Arkansas infantry, under General Pearce, the Louisiana regiment of Colonel Hebert, and Colonel Churchill's regiment of mounted riflemen. These gallant officers and their brave soldiers won upon that day the lasting gratitude of every true Missourian.

This great victory was dearly bought by the blood of many a skillful officer and brave man. Others will report the losses sustained by the Confederate forces; I shall willingly confine myself to the losses within my own army.

Among those who fell mortally wounded upon the battlefield none deserves a dearer place in the memory of Missourians than Richard Hanson Weightman, Colonel, commanding the first brigade of the Second Division of the army. Taking up arms at the very beginning of this unhappy contest, he had already done distinguished services at the battle of Rock Creek, where he commanded the State forces after the death of the lamented Holloway; and at Carthage, where he won unfading laurels by the display of extraordinary coolness, courage and skill. He fell at the head of his brigade, wounded in three places, and died just as the victorious shouts of our army began to rise upon the air.

Here, too, died in the discharge of his duty, Colonel Ben Brown of Ray county, President of the Senate, a good man and true.

Brigadier-General Slack's Division suffered severely. He himself fell, dangerously wounded, at the head of his column. Of his regiment of infantry, under Colonel John T. Hughes, consisting of about 650 men, 36 were killed, 76 wounded, many of them mortally, and 30 are missing. Among the killed were: C. H. Bennet, Adjutant of the regiment; Captain Blackwell and Lieutenant Hughes. Colonel Rives' squadron of cavalry (dismounted), numbering some 234 men, lost 4 killed and 8 wounded. Among the former were Lieutenant-Colonel Austin and Captain Engart.

Brigadier-General Clark was also wounded. His infantry (290 men) lost, in killed, 17, and wounded, 71. Colonel Burbridge was severely wounded. Captains Farris and Halleck and Lieutenant Haskins were killed. General Clark's cavalry, together with the Windsor Guards,



were under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Major, who did good service. They lost six killed and 5 wounded.

Brigadier-General McBride's Division (605 men) lost 22 killed, 67 severely wounded and 57 slightly wounded. Colonel Foster and Captains Nichols, Dougherty, Armstrong and Mings were wounded while gallantly leading their respective commands.

General Parsons' Brigade, 256 infantry and artillery, under command respectively of Colonel Kelly and Captain Guibor, and 406 cavalry, Colonel Brown, lost, the artillery, 3 killed and 7 wounded; the infantry, 9 killed and 38 wounded; the cavalry, 3 killed and 2 wounded. Colonel Kelly was wounded in the hand. Captain Coleman was mortally wounded and has since died.

General Rains' Division was composed of two brigades—the first under Colonel Weightman, embracing infantry and artillery, 1,306 strong, lost not only their commander, but 34 others killed and 111 wounded. The Second Brigade, mounted men, Colonel Cawthorne commanding, about 1,200 men, lost 21 killed and 75 wounded. Colonel Cawthorne was himself wounded. Major Charles Rogers of St. Louis, Adjutant of the Brigade, was mortally wounded and died the day after the battle. He was a gallant officer, at all times vigilant and attentive to his duties, and fearless upon the field of battle.

Your Excellency will perceive that our State forces consisted of only 5,221 officers and men; that of these no less than 156 died upon the field, while 517 were wounded. These facts attest more powerfully than any words can the severity of the conflict, and the dauntless courage of our brave soldiers.

It is also my painful duty to announce the death of one of my aids, Lieutenant-Colonel Geo. W. Allen of Saline county. He was shot down while communicating an order, and we left him buried on the field. I have appointed to the position, thus sadly vacated, Captain James T. Cearnal, in recognition of his gallant conduct and valuable services throughout the battle, as a Volunteer Aid. Another of my Staff, Colonel Horace H. Brand, was made prisoner by the enemy, but has since been released.

My thanks are due to three of your staff, Colonel Wm. M. Cooke, Colonel Richard Gaines and Colonel Thomas L. Snead, for the services which they rendered me as Volunteer Aids, and also to my Aid-de-Camp, Colonel A. W. Jones.

In conclusion, I beg leave to say to Your Excellency, that the army under my command, both officers and men, did their duty nobly as became men fighting in defense of their homes and their honor, and that they deserve well of the State.

I have the honor to be, with the greatest respect, Your Excellency's obedient servant.

STERLING PRICE,

Major-General Commanding Missouri State Guard.

List of killed and wounded in General Parsons' Division:

First Regiment of Infantry—Colonel Kelly commanding.

Captain Coleman's Company—Killed—Captain S. O. Coleman, mortally wounded, since dead; First Sergeant Stephen Lowry, Second Sergeant Bernard McMahon.

Privates—Chas. Clark, Thomas Neimor, J. O'Hara, John Blake and John True.

Wounded—Corporal Kinsella. Privates—Peter C. Nugent, Thomas Skahan, S. G. Gibson, James Conroy, Robt. Lidwell, Wm. May, John Morrissey, James Kelly, James H. Kelly, Jas. Malloy, Orville J. Pomeroy, Jas. Fitzsimmons, J. H. O'Hara and Lawrence Mooney.

Captain Champion's Company—Killed—J. M. Larue.

Wounded—N. B. Thebald, Thos. Sullivan, Dennis Casey, J. M. Martin, W. H. Robinson and David Powers.

Captain Livingston's Company—Wounded—Second Sergeant Jas. K. Estes; Corporal S. C. Ward.
 Privates—J. W. Lustre, Wm. Nevis and Jacob Weistner.
 Captain McCarty's Company—Wounded—Privates W. C. May and Jno. Clifford.
 Lieutenant Still's Company—Killed—Corporal S. R. Lynch.
 Wounded—First Lieutenant Jno. Still; Corporal P. L. Blyze, Private Joab Watson, J. N. Morrow, R. C. White and W. C. Wilson.
 Captain Williams' Company—Killed—Sergeant Wm. Fry.
 Wounded—Lieutenant P. W. Fisher, Private Robt. Davidson, Lewis Crandell and Peter Moran.
 Missing—Jas. Bain.
 Artillery, Captain H. Guibor commanding—Killed—Corporal J. Foley, Privates W. H. Douglass and W. N. Hicks.
 Wounded—Sergeant J. J. Corkery, Privates R. J. Brown, N. Dayton, M. O'Neil, F. G. Studdard, J. G. Shockley and C. D. Zumalt.
 First Regiment Cavalry, Colonel Wm. Brown commanding. Lockett's Company—Missing—Jos. J. Bolton and Mat. Hall.
 Captain Bond's Company—Killed—Private Thos. Moran.
 Wounded—Private Wm. Wilson.
 Missing—George Berry.
 Captain Butler's Company—Killed—J. F. Murray.
 Wounded—J. C. Wilson.
 Missing—John Berry.
 Captain Sutherland's Company—Wounded—Privates Jas. Martin, Jno. Nowland and Geo. Potter.
 Captain Crews' Company, attached to Colonel Brown's Regiment—Wounded—Wm. Bishop.
 Missing—Thos. Wheeler, David Lindsey, M. B. Cave, J. F. Priman and Fred Priman.
 Total killed, wounded and missing—78.

I shall not single out any particular instances of valor on the part of my officers and privates. From what came under my own observation, and from reliable information, they all discharged their duty like heroes.

It is due to my regiment of infantry to state that their force, on the day of the engagement, was only 142 men; and the report showing a loss of 50 killed and wounded. This is a sufficient commentary on their gallantry. Brave Coleman fell at the head of his company, in the midst of the conflict, and the gallant Colonel Kelly was wounded in the hand while leading his gallant little regiment in the thickest of the fight.

It is due to Captain Guibor that I should state that shortly after he opened his batteries, which he did with his usual precision and coolness. I ordered him to examine a prominent point to the left, in order to gain for the battery a better position. In executing this order he was surrounded by the enemy, and he could only escape by breaking through their line to the rear, and he was thus cut off from any further participation in the action during the day. He, however, afterwards succeeded in getting to Camp. After Captain Guibor was cut off, Lieutenant Barlow assumed the command of the battery, and won for himself and his company the praises of all who witnessed his operations. I feel it my duty to present the name of the gallant young officer to your especial notice. My thanks are due to my Staff for their prompt and efficient aid on that bloody day. My Adjutant, Colonel Standish, early in the morning, after the commencement of the action, in attempting to reconnoitre the enemy's lines, was struck by a minnie ball, but escaped death by the missile embedding itself in his watch. He was taken prisoner immediately after, but, taking advantage of the confusion of the enemy, he in a short time made his escape and resumed the duties I had assigned him in the field. My aid, Colonel Jas. Edwards, had two horses shot under him while carrying my orders to different parts of

the line. Colonel S. A. Rawlings, my Division Paymaster, was with me on every part of the field and rendered most efficient service in communicating my orders and in encouraging and directing the men in the thickest of the fight.

My Orderly, a lad, Robt. E. Young, had his horse killed under him early in the day on the field near by me. He then found a musket and fought with Captain Champion's company during the balance of the conflict. His coolness and perseverance were highly commendable.

I cannot bestow too high praise upon the Surgeons in my Division for their skill, energy and promptness in taking charge of the wounded confided to their care. The prospect of the recovery of all my wounded is highly flattering, and it gives me great pleasure to state that the balance of my command are in excellent health and spirits and only await your orders to do battle again for the rights of our beloved State. I shall forward you, as soon as possible, an inventory of the arms, ammunition and other articles of war taken by my command.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
M. M. PARSONS,

Brigadier-General, Commanding Sixth Division, M. S. G.

List of killed and wounded of First Regiment Infantry, Fourth Division Missouri State Guard:

Killed.

Adjutant Chas. H. Bennett.

Company B—Third Lieutenant Y. Jennings, Third Sergeant W. B. Duncan; Privates Walter E. Frost, Wm. Hutchinson, J. P. Mimick, J. T. Rosson, Tippet, L. M. Doyle.

Company B—Captain Chas. E. Blackwell; Sergeant Logan Butcher; Corporal W. F. Perkins; Privates David Hott and Michael Cleary.

Company C—Sergeant John Brookings and A. W. Marshall.

Company E—Privates O. W. Claze, J. D. Smith.

Company G—Privates J. W. Clowdis and J. H. Wolfskill.

Company I—Sergeant L. L. Hildesome; Privates Harvey Hobbles, H. C. Smith and Sam Weaver.

Company K—First Lieutenant S. S. Hughes; Sergeant R. D. Kelly; Privates J. M. Moore and W. L. Ritchie.

Company K—Lieutenant Absolum Teague.

(Lieutenant Teague, a Lieutenant of company in Gentry county, Missouri, was serving in the ranks as private during the action.)

Extra Battalion.

Company A—Sergeant Ames Stout; Privates Jack Grant and Richard Coats.

Company B—Sergeant J. W. Woods.

Company C—Private Jas. W. Settle.

Wounded.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Pritchard; Captain Reuben Kay.

Company A—Privates S. E. Boucher, W. B. Martin, G. W. Litton, J. A. Minnick, J. W. Ballinger.

Company B—Lieutenant Hiram Ferrell; Privates Lee Tagart, Sam Peyton, A. Cunningham, Peter Wilson, Michael Powers, Wm. Lane, A. Haines and Jno. McGuire.

Company C—First Lieutenant J. B. Scruggs; Corporal Sam Brookings; Privates J. A. Porter, Morris Hamilton, James Parsons, James Miller.

Company D—Second Lieutenant John Culver; Sergeant J. C. Dorser; Privates H. C. Cockrell, W. E. Moore.

Company E—Sergeant C. M. A. Chaney; Private D. P. Tomlinson.

Company G—Second Lieutenant Norman; Sergeant L. B. Carter; Corporal H. W. Lansing; Privates Jas. McDowell, S. H. Williams, J. Scarborough, C. C. Graves, E. W. Ballinger, J. L. Marlow.

Company H—First Lieutenant J. H. Burrus; Privates Ellet Petree, Fred Ninemeyer, Jas. Estes, Wm. Alexander.

Company I—Third Lieutenant Elihu Deatley; Corporal D. J. Saffoon; Private James Hudson.

Company K—Captain D. Bainbridge; Third Lieutenant G. W. Covill; Privates Robt. Brown, J. D. Carter, John Sheeler, Richard Talbott, Wm. Adkins.

Company L—Sergeant Francis Vanderpool; Private Hamilton Creason.

Extra Battalion.

Company A—Captain Thos. McCarty; Privates W. Hymer, L. B. Thompson, Benj. Sharp, Gid Hollingsworth, — Thomas, John Leonard.

Company B—First Lieutenant T. K. Gash and Second Lieutenant W. W. Woods; Privates W. N. B. Faubian, J. B. Winn, J. A. Broadhurst, Chas. C. Stark.

Company C—Third Lieutenant Stephen Cooper; Privates Luther Hoy, Wm. Oldham, Jas. Synnemon and Jas. White.

Several wounded from Company A, Extra Battalion, not yet reported.

REUBEN KAY,

Captain and Adjutant First Infantry, 4th Division, M. S. G.

Report of the killed and wounded of the Third Division, M. S. G., commanded by Brigadier-General John B. Clark:

Killed.

Captains—Haze Farris, Howard county; L. P. Halleck, Macon City.

Lieutenants—J. S. Hoskins, Bloomington.

Sergeants—J. K. Wells and L. B. Ferrell, Fulton; Alonzo Halleck and H. A. Doud, Macon City.

Corporal—S. E. Alexander, Kirksville.

Privates—H. C. Million, Howard county; Slayton Jackson, Brunswick; G. W. Goddard and Hardy Sears, Bloomington; S. G. Pulliman, P. M. Gabbard, J. H. Ray, G. W. Ray and W. Tyler, Montivallo; G. Shultz, Buchanan county.

Wounded.

Brigadier-General Jno. B. Clark, Howard county; Colonel J. Q. Burbridge, Pike county.

Captains—W. C. Maddox, Montevallo; D. McIntyre, Fulton.

Lieutenants—J. H. Jamison, Fulton; — Kent, Wright City; E. K. Atterberry, Fayette; S. M. Morrison, Jefferson City; J. B. Hairston, Howard county; R. H. Dickey, Brunswick; J. W. Luckey, Mexico.

Corporal—W. R. Craighead, Fulton.

Sergeants—J. P. Franklin, J. A. Wickham and Preston Jackson, Brunswick.

Corporals—Samuel Houser, Brunswick; James R. Ivie, Kirksville; Samuel Steele and Jasper Zimmerman, Brunswick.

Privates—J. P. Snedcor and J. P. Bell, Fulton; J. P. Orr, Paris; C. P. Frie and J. R. Dumlup, St. Aubert; R. H. Taylor, Jesse Garner and A. J. Aubrey, Fulton; J. J. Longley, St. Aubert; J. W. Davis, T. Bain, George Collier, L. S. Karnes and J. H. Tatum, Fulton; R. H. Young, J. R. Straw and Joe Davis, St. Aubert; T. H. Bacon, Hannibal; T. J.

Hudson, B. M. Stultz, R. W. Tanner and W. L. Wingfield, Wright City; G. A. Mudd, Millwood; M. G. Sterling, St. Louis; B. G. Johnson and Henry Marks, Fayette; Price P. Kennion, Boone; Samuel Dunn, Geo. H. Fawkes and W. F. Richardson, Chariton; N. H. Gentry, H. N. Cheevers, M. R. Merrick, Richard Hall, J. W. Beall, J. W. Thompson, Simpson Nelson, Cyrus Craig, A. H. Curtis, Boone; J. W. Sorrell, Milan; R. Bradley, J. Graves, J. T. Owen, J. Burnett, E. H. Sheppard, Alex. Staples, Albert Thompson, J. Withers and H. St. Geo. Smith, Brunswick; Wm. Harris and G. H. Swetham, Kirksville; J. A. Souther and B. R. Dysart, Bloomington; J. Simmons and Wm. Lilly, St. Joseph; C. D. Wood, S. Markel, W. Blackburn, S. S. Grigg, J. M. Shock, J. Hutchinson, B. D. Calvert, H. Mayfield, D. Howard, J. W. Baker and J. S. Berry, Montevallo; A. D. Gooding, Boone; S. Vanbibber, Macon; O. Cooper and Warren Taneel, Pettis.

Certified by W. C. Boon, D. S.; Jno. J. Grinstead, R. S., and S. A. Peters, B. S.

List of killed and wounded in Brigadier-General McBride's Division:

Killed.

Officers—John Honeycut, First Lieutenant; Jas. Kile, Third Lieutenant.

Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates—Peter Jones, Caswell Warren, Sol. Woolsey, Jas. Boreles, Jos. Harris, David Campbell, B. F. Guthrie, Wm. F. Nichols, —Ballum, N. P. Armstrong, A. J. Young, Peter James, A. O. Bollah, Jno. Brown, Jas. Young, W. D. Hollis, R. H. Cobb, Geo. Sedbeths, P. Thornton, J. P. Witherman, Isaac Ashley.

Severely Wounded.

Colonel Foster; Captains J. P. Woodside, J. W. Nichols and J. Daugherty; First Lieutenants Wm. M. Campbell and Jas. G. Cullom; Second Lieutenants Jno. Baker and J. A. Freels; Third Lieutenant Jas. Deon.

Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates—J. J. Jones, Nathan Huff, Noah Childers, D. Goforth, Abraham Breeding, H. G. Gaseter, A. F. Clark, Jno. Hawkins, Anson Hargons, J. S. Young, J. F. Morris, Jackson Swison, Jas. Devault, Jno. Upton, S. Richardson, William Black, Robt. Martin, J. D. Bass, Josh Morton, G. W. Leets, G. M. Humphreys, J. W. Vaughn, Jas. Edmond, J. M. Keyser, Sam Hurst, Wash Fauner, T. Hanson, M. J. Gillis, Wm. Lawson, R. H. Main, First Sergeant; D. Spenfield, Fifth Sergeant; Alex. Hutchinson, Doc Pleasants, H. Coops, J. H. Arnold, Fourth Corporal; Jno. Musgrove, Jas. Anderson, Joseph Bowers, Wilson Gathes, C. F. Smith.

Slightly Wounded.

Captains D. C. Armstrong and Wm. Mings; First Lieutenants Nath. Bonner, S. A. Beavers and W. F. Milton; Third Lieutenant E. J. Bates; Lewis Whitworth, W. M. Bennett, G. B. Whitworth, W. J. Davis, J. H. Pickard, T. H. Howell, Wm. Grisse, Jno. Matthews, Jas. Hagan, J. E. Blevins, A. W. Roberts, Rufus Buckner, John Jones, Wm. Russell, A. G. Anderson, A. B. Cross, G. W. Penn, T. J. Thorn, S. W. Seevis, First Sergeant; W. H. Myers, Fifth Sergeant; T. H. Suell, Corporal; A. G. Hall, G. W. Price, Jno. Bollab, M. Bollab, Wm. Williams, G. Williams, Nathan Nocks, C. B. Hedrick, W. T. Mitchell, T. Webb, J. N. Blackburn, J. H. Bennett, Jno. Cobb, R. H. Brown, Jno. Baker, Second Sergeant; Anthony Bradley, William Hartage, T. J. Brown, R. M. Dodson, C. C. Gillman, Wm. Roberts, H. B. Frisby, A. M. Worsham, D. Parsons, D. Roberts, J. K. Ormsby, T. P. Sanders, F. M. Hardenson, Jas. Hargus, Jno. Gross, R. M. Hockworth, H. Hulsey, J. C. Honeycut, Wm. Read, H. Wisdom.

List of killed and wounded in the Second Division, Brigadier-General Rains commanding:

First Brigade, Colonel Weightman commanding—Officers Killed—R. H. Weightman, Colonel, commanding First Brigade; Second Lieutenant A. Hornbeck, First Lieutenant E. E. Buckner, Third Lieutenant Wm. Stewart, Captain Silas Bell.

Privates Killed—W. H. Doak, C. C. Rowan, W. A. Thomas, Geo. Forbus, J. L. Roberts, A. B. Courtney, Sergeant Jas. Barton, John Bonham, J. L. Taylor, W. L. Wheatley, Geo. W. McMurran, Geo. W. McNeil, Corporal S. C. Stone, C. Kavanaugh, S. Calmese, J. L. Grier, John Carey, Jacob Carroll, Archibald Poindexter, W. C. Underwood, W. H. Merrick, Jno. H. Michaels, Samuel K. Michaels, Robert Clark, C. C. Hale, Geo. Hall, Geo. Foust, Leroy Thomas, Mitchell Farnsworth, Jonathan A. Russell, W. T. Bayley, David Morris.

Officers Severely Wounded—Captain H. H. Mize, Captain G. M. B. Maughs.

Privates—Sergeant H. H. Pointer, John C. Pointer, J. H. Cunningham, D. J. Fulton, Jacob Keller, Henry Roy, Hiram Phillips, W. S. Potter, Berry Overton, J. Arnold, J. J. Boyle, A. Hollowell, W. A. Collins, E. Fitzgerald, D. C. McDaniel, M. Rentch, Wm. McCormack, J. Washam, W. C. Howard, Peter Percell, D. S. Hodges, Geo. W. Bayley, C. P. Brannon, D. B. Cheek, S. D. King, G. B. Birge, H. H. Salvage, F. Bennan, M. D. Sweatman, F. M. Page, T. B. Lawthers, J. A. B. Rotere, James M. Jameson, Edgar Graves, Will Young.

Officers Slightly Wounded—Colonel E. V. Hurst, Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Tracy, Captain H. M. Newton, Second Lieutenant R. H. Prewett, First Lieutenant J. M. Eaton, First Lieutenant P. S. Fine, Second Lieutenant M. M. Arthur, Third Lieutenant T. M. Tatum, Adjutant M. W. Buster.

Privates Slightly Wounded—W. A. Brown, Z. Johnson, B. F. Page, M. V. Cornell, W. Houston, J. D. Jasher, C. C. Carlisle, Andy McFarland, J. Brumfield, Wm. Shumate, F. Prewett, W. J. Jones, M. A. Price, Pat Hogan, C. C. Irwin, C. B. Bancroft, G. B. Courtney, C. G. Northam, J. Robins, Wm. Hancock, Jos. V. Hill, Wm. E. Early, Newton Hembree, D. F. Vaughan, Asa Newport, R. B. Cox, Thomas Marble, Chas. L. Collier, John Burns, John Smith, H. Adams, Jno. F. Moore, John Nicels, D. A. Stone, John Logan, D. A. Pace, J. A. Swan, Powhattan Buller, J. H. Stacey, Eli Jerome, Lewis Jerome, W. O. Talbott, John Hasterly, Franklin Bailey, James Irby, Marion Hastings, Minors Harding, Posey Williams, Josiah Bateman, Joseph Walker, P. Wounded, Ira Bradley, Wm. Lipscomb.

Missing—Captain Shanks, D. A. Pope, Israel Galbreath, Wm. Flecher, David Rucker, Thos. Warren, Jas. Wood, John Lewis.

Note.—It is impossible to furnish a list of the names of the killed and wounded of the Fourth Battalion of this Brigade, the Battalion being absent on duty. It lost 2 killed and 23 wounded.

List of killed and wounded in the Second Brigade, Second Division, M. S. G.:

Killed.

Major Charles Rogers, Captain P. B. Brickey, Second Lieutenant L. A. Patten, Third Lieutenant T. J. Coplinger, Orderly Sergeant A. Kirley, First Sergeants W. J. Hinesly, J. N. Sweeny and S. R. Smith.

Privates—Wm. Crisp, H. D. McPherson, Jos. Deylos, J. D. McMurry, E. Berton, S. H. Hurst, L. H. Buford, J. H. Chivington, F. M. Drummond, C. T. McClain, E. S. Shoemaker, Robt. Dyer, A. Morrison.

Wounded.

Colonel Jas. Cawthorne, Captain W. H. McQueen, Second Lieutenants J. H. Hill and W. G. Watkins, Sergeants Rich Fugle, Jno. Ferguson, Wm. Helmn, J. N. Brown, T. J. Sherman, Worth, Hancock, Samuel Smith and Week Smith, Corporals J. J. May, Thos. Nelson, E. D. Lincoln, A. Jaccard, W. D. Edwards, Frank Nash, J. H. Snell, J. H. Fewell, A. McConnell.

Privates—G. W. Brown, Jas. K. K. Simpson, Jno. Hartman, David Scott, Jas. Goneson, G. L. Duke, C. Blankenbaker, A. C. Edmonston, S. H. Hays, D. L. Doyle, Wm. Bray, Mat Dunnegan, R. Gorham, C. S. Kerry, Wm. Smith, Wm. French, Julius Harker, Jno. W. Combs, C. E. Noffzinger, C. P. Ashworth, J. W. Collins, J. D. Capps, G. B. Sorrells, Jos. Ellison, Wm. Cornelius, J. N. Cox, Geo. Jeffries, I. M. Hinkle, James Champion, Jacob White, E. Nasham, Jno. Hammond, Wm. Epley, Chas. Hudson, Chas. Burnett, Frank Marks, David Culter, Jno. Kendall, W. T. Weldon, J. O. Summers, W. C. Fincher, J. A. Stallings, Wm. Page, Jas. Martin, Mortin Webster, Thomas Davis, E. C. Dunnan, Jas. Don, Jno. Swykeffer, W. W. Johnson, Nicholas McMinn, Jacob Trump, Ben O'Neal, Thos. Lowe, A. L. Bonden, Jonas Weems, S. M. J. Thompson, Le Carter, M. J. Talifero, Geo. Springer, Willis Smith.

L. A. MACLEAN,

Assistant Adjutant-General Second Division M. S. G.

List of Missouri Organizations in the Service of the Confederate States.

The following is taken from the report of the Secretary of War in response to United States Senate Resolution of June 14th, 1902. He says the list is made up from such official data as have been discovered on the files of the War Department, but the rolls and other records of the organizations are incomplete, and the list is not given as a complete roster of Missouri organizations. It is as nearly complete as it can be made from the records on file:

CAVALRY.

First (Gates') Regiment.

First (Elliot's) Battalion. (Also known as Tenth Cavalry Battalion Recruited to a regiment.)

First Battalion. (See Fourth Cavalry Battalion.)

First Northeast Regiment. (Consolidated with Second Northeast Cavalry Regiment to form Franklin's Seventh Infantry Regiment.)

First Battalion, First Indian Brigade.

First and Third Regiment, dismounted. (Formed October 1, 1863, by the consolidation of dismounted men of different organizations.)

Second Regiment.

Second Northeast Regiment. (See First Northeast Cavalry Regiment.)

Third Regiment.

Third Battalion. (Also known as Fifth and Sixth Cavalry Battalion. Temporarily consolidated with First Cavalry Regiment.)

Fourth Regiment.

Fourth Battalion. (Also known as First Cavalry Battalion. Consolidated with Second Cavalry Regiment.)

Fifth Regiment. (Also known as Lafayette County Regiment.)

Fifth Battalion. (See Third Cavalry Battalion.)

Sixth Regiment. (Also known as Southwest Cavalry; became Eleventh Cavalry Regiment.)

Sixth Battalion. (See Third Cavalry Battalion.)

Seventh Regiment. (Also known as Kitchen's Tenth Cavalry Regiment.)



Eighth Regiment.
 Tenth (Lawther's) Regiment.
 Tenth (Kitchen's) Regiment. (See Seventh Cavalry Regiment.)
 Tenth Battalion. (See First Cavalry Battalion.)
 Twelfth Regiment.
 Twelfth Battalion.
 Fourteenth Battalion.
 Fifteenth Regiment.
 Clark's Regiment. (Also known as Clark's Recruits.)
 Clark's Recruits. (Clark's Cavalry Regiment.)
 Clarkson's Battalion Independent Rangers. (Missouri and Arkansas troops, merged into Clark's Ninth Infantry Regiment.)
 Coffee's Regiment.
 Crandall's Battalion.
 Davie's Battalion.
 Freman's Regiment.
 Fristoe's Regiment.
 Hunter's Regiment.
 Jackman's Regiment.
 Jackson County Regiment. (Became Twelfth Cavalry Regiment.)
 Jeffers' Battalion. (Became Eighth Cavalry Regiment.)
 Kitchen's Battalion. (Became Seventh Cavalry Regiment.)
 Lafayette County Regiment. (Fifth Cavalry Regiment.)
 Lawther's Temporary Regiment, dismounted. (Organized in August, 1863, by assignment of companies from the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Tenth and Twelfth Cavalry Regiments.)
 MacDonald's Regiment. (Became Eleventh Cavalry Battalion.)
 Northeast Battalion. (Snider's Cavalry Battalion.)
 Perkins' Regiment.
 Preston's Battalion. (Consolidated with Fourth Cavalry Regiment.)
 Reves' Battalion.
 Roberts' Company.
 Schnable's Battalion.
 Searcy's Regiment.
 Slayback's Battalion.
 Snider's Battalion. (Also known as Northeast Cavalry.)
 Southwest Regiment. (Sixth, subsequently Eleventh, Cavalry Regiment.)
 Western Rangers. (Company C, Second Cavalry.)
 Williams' Battalion.
 Windsor Guards. (Company I, Second Cavalry.)

ARTILLERY.

Barrett's Battery. (See Rice's Battery.)
 Bell's Battery. (See Hamilton's Battery.)
 Bledsoe's Battery. (Commanded by Capt. Hiram M. Bledsoe.)
 Bledsoe's Battery. (Commanded by Capt. J. Bledsoe.)
 Bowman's Battery. (Subsequently Parsons' Battery.)
 Clark Artillery. (Commanded by Capt. S. Churchill Clark; subsequently by Capt. Clark W. Kennerly and Capt. Houston King.)
 Collins' Battery.
 Dawson's Battery. (See St. Louis Battery.)
 Foster's Battery. (Consolidated with Ninth Battalion, Sharpshooters.)
 Gorham's Battery. (Subsequently Tilden's Battery and Lesueur's Battery.)
 Griswold's Battery.
 Guibor's Battery.
 Hamilton's Battery. (Subsequently Bell's Battery. Also known as Prairie Gun Battery. Attached to Eleventh Cavalry Battalion.)
 Harris' Battery, old. (Consolidated with McDonald's, Robt.)

Battery to form Company D. (Sixth Infantry.
 Harris' Battery, new.
 Hunter's Battery.
 Jackson Battery. (Also known as Lucas' Battery, and Lowe's Battery.
 Consolidated with St. Louis Battery.)
 Kennerly's Battery. (See Clark Artillery.)
 King's Battery. (See Clark Artillery.)
 Landis' Battery.
 Lesueur's Battery. (See Gorham's Battery.)
 Lowe's Battery. (See Jackson Battery.)
 Lucas' Battery. (See Jackson Battery.)
 McDonald's Battery. (Commanded by Capt. Emmett McDonnald.)
 (See St. Louis Battery.)
 McDonald's Battery. (Commanded by Capt. Robt. McDonald. Originally Company C, Missouri State Guard Artillery; consolidated with Harris' Battery, old, to form Company D, Sixth Infantry Regiment.)
 Parsons' Battery. (Became Company I, Sixth Infantry Regiment. See Bowman's Battery.)
 Prairie Gun Battery. (See Hamilton's Battery.)
 Rice's Battery. (Subsequently Barrett's Battery.)
 Roberts' Battery. (Subsequently Ruffner's Battery.)
 Ruffner's Battery. (See Roberts' Battery.)
 St. Louis Battery. (Also known as McDonald's (Emmett) Battery and Dawson's Battery.)
 Tilden's Battery. (See Gorham's Battery.)
 Tull's Battery.
 Wade's Battery. (Subsequently Walsh's Battery.)
 Walsh's Battery. (See Wade's Battery.)
 Woodson's Battery. (Company C, Fourteenth Cavalry Battalion.)

INFANTRY.

First (Bowen's) Regiment.
 First (Burbridge's) Regiment. (See Burbridge's Second Infantry Regiment.)
 First Regiment. (See Tenth Infantry Regiment.)
 First (Johnson) Battalion. (Consolidated with Fourth infantry Regiment.)
 First Battalion, First Brigade, Army of Tennessee. (See Second Infantry Battalion.)
 First and Fourth Regiment, consolidated.
 Second (Burbridge's) Regiment. (Also known as First Infantry Regiment.)
 Second (Hunter's) Regiment. (Served as Cavalry until dismounted, August 31, 1862. Subsequently Eighth, changed to Eleventh, Infantry Regiment.)
 Second Regiment. (See Gause's Third Infantry Regiment.)
 Second Battalion. (Also known as First Infantry Battalion, First Brigade, Army of Tennessee. Consolidated with Fifth Infantry Regiment.)
 Second and Sixth Regiment. (Formed by consolidation of the Second and Sixth Infantry Regiments, October 1, 1863.)
 Third (Gause's) Regiment. (Also known as Second Infantry Regiment.)
 Third Regiment. (See White's Ninth Infantry Regiment.)
 Third (Erwin's) Battalion. (Also known as Fifth Infantry Battalion. Merged into Sixth Infantry Regiment.)
 Third and Fifth Regiment. (Formed by consolidation of the Third and Fifth Infantry Regiments.)
 Fourth Regiment. (Consolidated with First Infantry Regiment.)
 Fifth Regiment. (Consolidated with Third Infantry Regiment.)

- Sixth Regiment. (Formed from Erwin's Third and Hedgpeth's Battalions. Consolidated with Second Infantry Regiment.)
- Seventh (Franklin's) Regiment. (Formed by consolidation of First and Second Northeast Cavalry Regiments.)
- Seventh (Jackman's) Regiment. (Also called First, Third, Fourth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Infantry Regiments.)
- Seventh (Mitchell's) Battalion. (Consolidated with Frazier's Battalion to form Mitchell's Eighth Infantry Regiment.)
- Eighth (Burns') Regiment. (Formerly Hunter's Second Infantry Regiment; subsequently Eleventh Infantry Regiment.)
- Eighth (Mitchell's) Regiment. (Also known as Fifth Infantry Regiment. Formed by consolidation of Mitchell's Seventh and Frazier's Infantry Battalions.)
- Eighth Battalion. (Consolidated with Clark's Ninth Infantry Regiment.)
- Ninth (Clark's) Regiment. (Formed from Eighth Infantry Battalion and the Missouri companies of Clark's Arkansas and Missouri Battalion.)
- Ninth (White's) Regiment. (Also known as Third and Twelfth Infantry Regiment.)
- Ninth Battalion, Sharpshooters. (Also known as Pindall's Sharpshooters.)
- Tenth Regiment. (Also known as First Infantry Regiment.)
- Eleventh Regiment. (See Hunter's Second and Burns' Eighth Infantry Regiments.)
- Twelfth Regiment. (See White's Ninth Infantry Regiment.)
- Thirteenth Regiment. (Also known as Fourteenth Infantry Regiment.)
- Thirteenth Battalion, mounted.
- Fourteenth Regiment.
- Fourteenth Regiment. (See Thirteenth Infantry Regiment.)
- Fifteenth Regiment.
- Sixteenth Regiment.
- Clarkson's Battalion, Arkansas and Missouri Volunteers. (The Missouri companies were consolidated with the Eighth Infantry Battalion to form Clark's Ninth Infantry Regiment.)
- Frazier's Battalion. (Consolidated with Mitchell's Eighth Infantry Regiment.)
- Hedgpeth's Battalion. (Consolidated with Sixth Infantry Regiment.)
- Hughes' Battalion.
- Hunter's Battalion. (Became Hunter's Second Infantry Regiment.)
- Macfarlane's Battalion. (Consolidated with Fourth Infantry Regiment.)
- Pickett's Battalion.
- Pendall's Sharpshooters. (Ninth Infantry Battalion.)
- Rosser's Battalion.
- Stern's Battalion.
- Winston's Regiment.

Headquarters Missouri Division United Confederate Veterans.

Kansas City, Mo., December 1st, 1906.

General Orders, No. 1.

I, Having been elected to the Command of the Missouri Division of United Confederate Veterans at the Annual Reunion held at Joplin, Missouri, September 26, 27, 1906, I hereby announce my official staff as follows:

Col. D. K. Morton, Adjt.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.....Kansas City
 Lieut.-Col. A. C. Sterett, Asst. Adjt. and Chief of Staff.....Nevada
 Col. Jas. Baunerman, Inspector-General.....St. Louis
 Lieut.-Col. Sam. J. Harrison, Asst. Inspector-General.....Hannibal
 Col. J. W. Halliburton, Judge-Advocate-General.....Carthage
 Lieut.-Col. Jas. C. Wallace, Asst. Judge-Advocate-General...Keytesville
 Col. W. H. Kennon, Quartermaster-General.....Mexico
 Lieut.-Col. A. Atkinson, Asst. Quartermaster-General.....Kansas City
 Col. O. H. P. Catron, Commissary-General.....West Plains
 Lieut.-Col. Z. H. Lowdermilk, Asst. Commissary-General.....Joplin
 Col. J. C. Landis, Chief of Artillery.....St. Joseph
 Lieut.-Col. A. O. Allen, Asst. Chief of Artillery.....New Madrid
 Col. J. Posey Woodside, Chief of Ordnance.....Alton
 Lieut.-Col. R. H. Todd, Asst. Chief of Ordnance.....St. Joseph
 Col. Theo. Fiske, Surgeon-General.....Mooresville
 Lieut.-Col. J. A. Britts, Asst. Surgeon-General.....Clinton
 Col. W. P. Gibson, Paymaster-General.....Warrensburg
 Lieut.-Col. L. G. Hopkins, Asst. Paymaster-General.....Liberty
 Col. L. Renfro, Chief of Signal Corps.....Greenfield
 Lieut.-Col. C. H. Woodson, Asst. Chief of Signal Corps.....Salisbury
 Col. T. M. Cobb, Chaplain-General.....Belton
 Lieut.-Col. J. A. Russell, Asst. Chaplain-General.....Lutesville
 Col. R. W. Nicolds, Chief Engineer.....Marshall
 Lieut.-Col. M. L. Belt, Asst. Chief Engineer.....Higginsville
 Col. W. C. Bronaugh, Chief of Information Bureau.....Clinton
 Lieut.-Col. J. Q. Plattenburg, Asst. Chief of Information Bureau.....Lexington
 Col. H. N. Withers, Aide-de-Camp.....Kansas City

AIDES-DE-CAMPS WITH RANK OF MAJOR.

Major Jno. A. Woods, Fayette, Mo.; Wm. H. Patterson, Smithville, Mo.; T. B. Dry, Eldorado Springs, Mo.; T. C. Holland, Sedalia, Mo.; E. C. Golder, Henry, Mo.; Francis M. Webb, Oak Grove, Mo.; N. A. Baker, Gallatin, Mo.; Silas A. Ballard, Carrollton, Mo.; T. B. George, Platte City, Mo.; A. Corder, Waverly, Mo.; Jerome Twitchell, Kansas City, Mo.; T. J. Crotty, Kansas City, Mo.; Geo. M. Jones, Springfield, Mo.; C. C. Harvey, Kansas City, Mo.; T. O. Towles, Jefferson City, Mo.; R. A. McCulloch, Boonville, Mo.; Wm. Eller, Auxvasse, Mo.; Fielding Kenly, Kearney, Mo.; J. W. Gooldy, Auxvasse, Mo.; Jno. M. McGhee, Paris Mo.; Wright L. Smith, Jonesboro, Mo.; D. G. Wade, Odessa, Mo.; J. N. Stewart, Huntsville, Mo.; A. E. Mitchell, Morrisville, Mo.; G. T. Aycock, Lebanon, Mo.; J. B. Hatler, Neosho, Mo.; Ed. Barton, Linneus, Mo.; Jas. A. McDonald, Leeds, Mo.; C. M. Kackley, Kansas City, Mo.; Schuyler Lowe, Independence, Mo.; Jno. M. Bryan, Fulton, Mo.; T. B. Bradley, Kennett, Mo.; J. H. H. Maxwell, Columbia, Mo.; Roland Hughes, Kansas City, Mo.

HONORARY AIDES-DE-CAMPS.

Col. W. W. Screws, Montgomery, Ala.; Col. T. G. Bush, Birmingham, Ala.; Hon. Jas. W. English, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. R. D. Berry, Selma, Ala.

D. K. MORTON,
 Adjt.Gen. and Chief of Staff.

JNO. B. STONE,
 Maj.-Gen. Commanding



ADDENDA.

Joplin—The Reunion City of 1936.

Joplin is the metropolis of Southwest Missouri—the trade center of the great lead and zinc field of Missouri—the fastest growing city in the State—is located at Jasper county—has an area of nine square miles and a population of 40,000.

Assessed Values—\$5,450,000; actual values, \$15,373,000.

Tax Rate—City, \$1.27; county, \$2.17; with a bonded city debt of less than two per cent on its value.



MINER'S BANK BUILDING, JOPLIN.

Banks—It has six banks and one trust company, with a total deposit of \$3,043,000. The Bank of Joplin, with a capital of \$5,000; surplus of \$289,000, and undivided profits of \$36,997.84, with a deposit of \$579,389.21, is the pride of the State, and the most remarkable institution of its kind in the United States. T. W. Cunningham is its owner and president, and Mrs. V. F. Church, its cashier.

Public Schools—Number of school teachers employed, 117; school buildings, 17; valuation of school property, \$350,000; number of pupils, 6,343; twenty-two thousand dollar addition to high school under way; 18 new school rooms contemplated.

Churches—All denominations, 32; new church buildings in 1905, \$151,000; Y. M. C. A. building, \$50,000.

Municipal Lighting—Plant cost \$60,000, for street and commercial lighting.

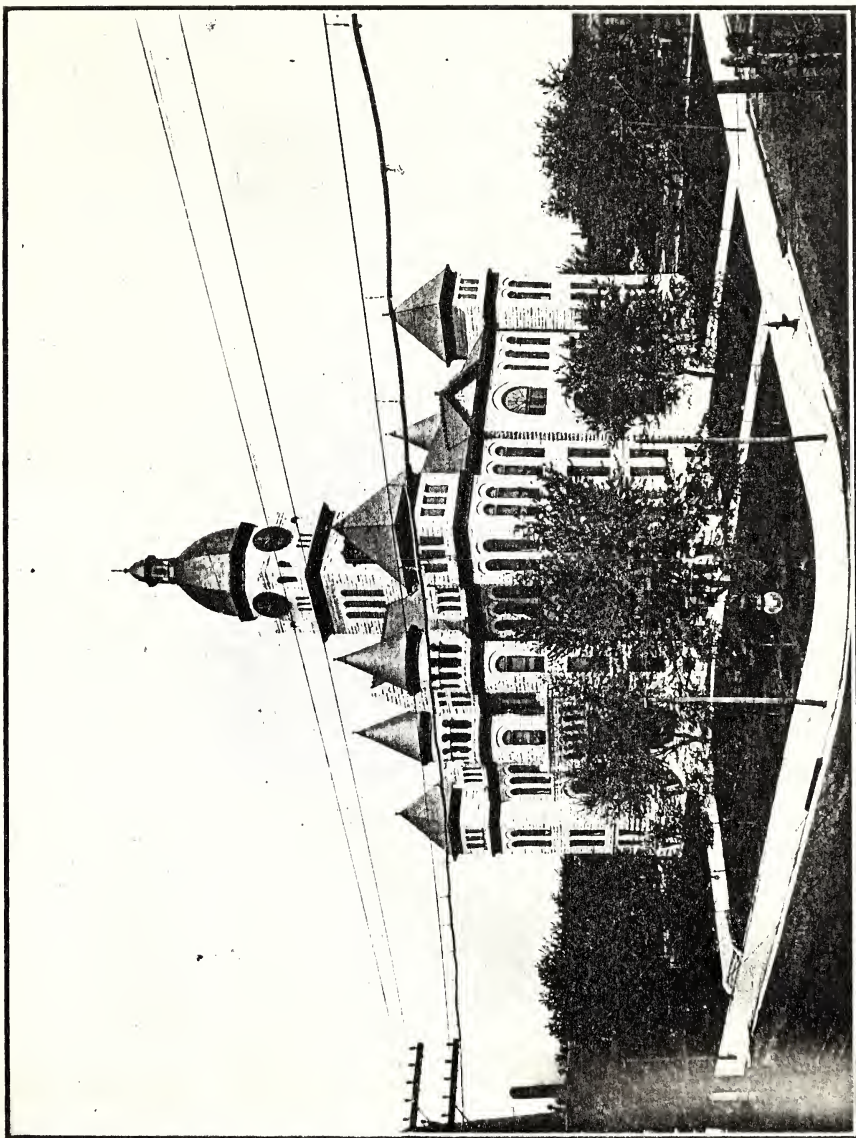
Library—Public Library. Building erected in 1903 at a cost of \$60,000.

Telephones—Two telephone systems. Combined, 3,000 subscribers.

Steam Railways—Four trunk lines enter Joplin; Frisco radiating in four different directions. Kansas City Southern, Missouri Pacific and Missouri, Kansas and Texas.

Electric Railways—The Southern Missouri Pacific Railway has a good transfer system in this city, with interurban lines connecting Galena and Empire City, Kan.; Oakland, Webb City, Cartersville, Johns-





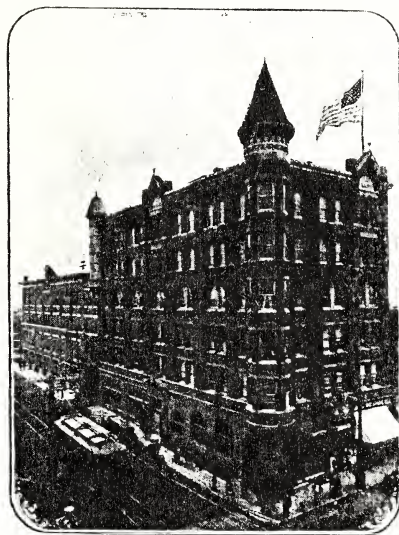
COURT HOUSE, CARTHAGE, MO.



town, Prosperity, Duenweg, Lakeside, Carthage, Oronogo, Neck City, Purcell and Alba, with Joplin. Half hourly service is maintained between each of these towns and Joplin, with a fare of about one cent per mile. A twelve-mile city system is under construction.

Fuel and Power—Joplin has the cheapest power and fuel of any city in the Southwest. Natural gas to be had at maximum rate of 25 cents per thousand feet for domestic purposes and 12½ cents for manufacturing purposes, and electric power may be had at an exceptionally low rate. Being close to the coal fields of Kansas and Indian Territory, the price of this fuel is also cheap.

Jobbers and Wholesalers—Joplin is rapidly becoming a jobbing center. Wholesale firms here handle groceries, drugs, notions, candies, wines and liquors, and many other lines.



KEYSTONE HOTEL, JOPLIN.

Hotels—Joplin has three first class hotels and many family hotels and boarding houses. A new hotel, to cost half a million dollars is being built by Mr. Thomas Conner of this city. The new structure will be eight stories in height and will contain 250 rooms.

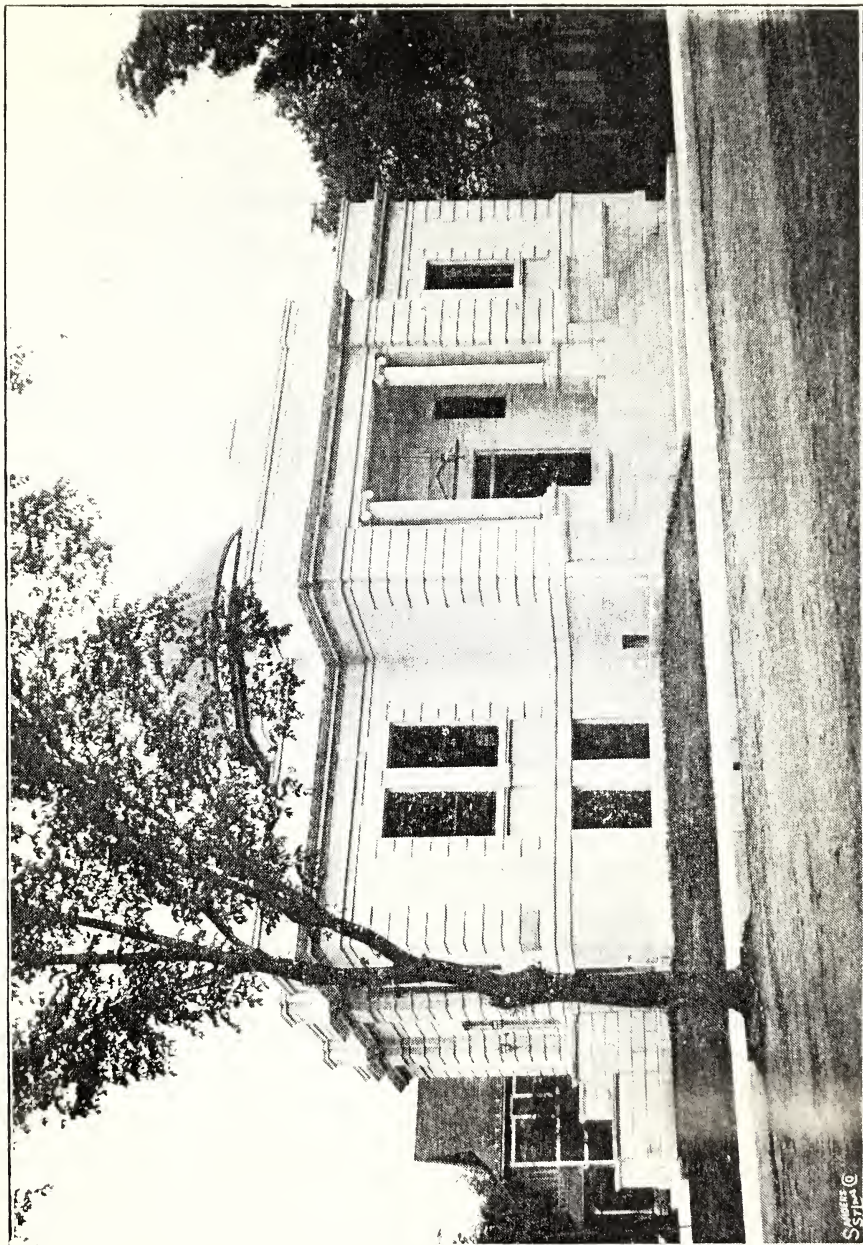
Public Roads—Three hundred miles of turnpike roads lead from the fertile fields of Jasper county to Joplin. All streets in Joplin are either paved or macadamized. Joplin road district alone has spent \$250,000 on roads during the past ten years.

Zinc and Lead Production—During the year 1905 the district surrounding Joplin produced \$13,302,800 in lead and zinc ore. During 1906 the production was \$15,113,293.

Factories—Iron works, machine shops, foundries, wagon-making, candy, flour, pig lead, caskets, planing mills, manufacturing of structural steel, etc.

Carthage.

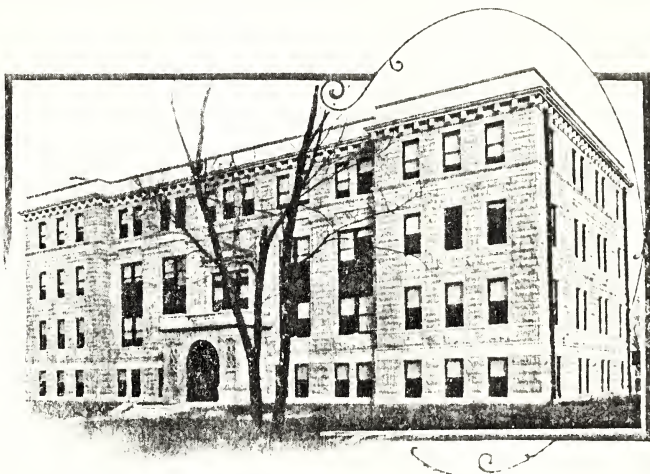
Carthage is a place of residence, and has a population of 13,000. It is a city of fine homes, of well kept lawns and beautiful drives and prosperous people. It is one of the most beautiful and healthiest cities of



CARNEGIE LIBRARY, CARTHAGE

its size in the Southwest. It is a business center. Its bank clearings exceed those of most cities of twice its population. Its manufacturing interests are large, and increasing as new territory opens tributary. Its stone quarries ship 200 car loads of sawed stone annually. Mining operations within a radius of twenty miles represent over \$13,000,000 a year, and are surely increasing.

In all directions from the city the land is undulating prairie, except for intersticed strips of woodlands adjoining the small streams. Carthage is the county seat of Jasper county, inhabited by 100,000 people, brought to the town's gates by means of a network of electric and steam railroads. There are 275 miles of free graveled roads in the county. It has three main lines of railroads: Missouri Pacific, Frisco and Iron Mountain, the latter being the new direct route from the Northwest to Memphis and the Gulf. The new road, known as the White River Route, opens up to the wholesale trade a hitherto untouched section of Missouri and Northern Arkansas. In addition to these three main lines, is the Carthage & Western Railroad, giving six trains daily



HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, CARTHAGE.

Between Carthage and the Alba and Neck City mining camps, and connecting with the Kansas City Southern at Asbury, twenty miles northwest. To these lines may also be considered the addition of the M., K. & T. and the Kansas City Southern, both of which roads touch within twenty miles distance, and haul Carthage freight to the south and southwest, through agreement with the roads entering the city. The Southwest Missouri Electric road maintains an interurban passenger and baggage service with trains every half hour, equipped with the latest improved facilities. The particular pride of the town is its schools. Within the last year there has been completed and dedicated, at a cost of \$105,000, a thoroughly modern high school building, cap-sheaf to a public school system second to none in the United States. There are five ward schools, a central school for the higher grades, the high school and a school for colored children. The Carthage Collegiate Institute, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church, is a successful preparatory institution. There is also located here a piano school of national renown, and three schools with commercial courses. The city has a newly

dedicated public hospital, a private hospital and a \$25,000 Carnegie Library. There are two newspapers, the Morning Democrat and the Evening Press.

The lead and zinc mining districts centers some ten miles southwest of Carthage. The district furnishes ninety per cent of the world's supply of zinc. All the land in this vicinity is mineral bearing, and the time is thought to be near when lead and zinc mining will be encroached to the very corporate limits. There are thousands of acres with good mineral prospects awaiting the prospector.

There are in Carthage four flouring mills, with a daily capacity of 1,200 barrels; two ice and cold storage plants; two foundries and machine works; carriage, furniture, bed spring, canning, mattress and other factories. There are ten wholesale houses. The territory afforded calls for more than the town enjoys. There are four banks and twenty-two church edifices.

The city's assessed valuation is \$3,125,000, which is estimated to be one-third of the selling value of the property.

Webb City.

In less than a decade Webb City has grown from a country village to a modern city of fifteen thousand inhabitants. It is the centre and headquarters of the Webb City-Carterville mining district.

Over a million dollars have been expended in the construction of public buildings, residences and street improvements the past year.

Webb City's transportation facilities are not surpassed by any city of its size in the United States. There are two main trunk lines, the Frisco and Missouri Pacific railroads, and the Southwest Missouri Electric railroad. The general offices and shops of the Southwest Missouri Electric Railroad are located there.

Every convenience enjoyed by the residents of the larger American cities is afforded the inhabitants of Webb City. Such as telephones, electric lights and natural gas piped from the great Kansas-Indian Territory fields, and furnished consumers at the rate of 25 cents per thousand cubic feet; while manufacturers are granted a reduction rate, many of the large mines and factories have discarded the use of coal, and are operating their plants with natural gas at less than half the cost and labor required with other fuels.

In schools, Webb City has five magnificent buildings, with a corps of trained teachers.

There are 14 churches of all denominations, two daily newspapers, three banks, two state and one national, with a total of one and a half million dollars in individual deposits; one planing mill, one contracting and building firm, employing 270 men, three foundries, one large machine shop, five lumber yards, one large flouring mill, with a daily capacity of 300 barrels, two steam laundries, a modern opera house; grocery, dry goods, drug, hardware and clothing stores with stocks of as fine quality and durability as carried by the merchants of the large cities; two first class modern hotels, a competent and modern fire department, one of the excellent and best water services, considering the size of the city, in the west. Two and one-fourth miles of paved streets, with hundreds of beautiful houses.

Carterville.

Carterville is a city of 7,000 inhabitants, located 9 miles from Carthage, and 7 miles from Joplin, and is chartered as a fourth class city. It has three banks, three hotels, three department stores, six dry goods stores, five hardware stores, four racketts, three millinery stores, over

twenty groceries, two large foundries, three machine shops and various other businesses.

Has one daily newspaper, three brick school buildings, one, the high school, completed last year at a cost of \$28,000.

Has five brick business blocks, two three-story bricks.

The First National Bank has \$100,000 capital stock, with \$45,000 undivided profits, and with deposits of nearly \$700,000; the stockholders of this bank being largely "boys that wore the gray," of which there is a large number in this city. Sixteen mails arrive and depart daily. It has two telephone companies, and has natural gas, a good water works system and electric light.

Six religious denominations own churches, and three own their parsonages.

Jasper County.

Jasper county, industrially speaking, is the first county of America. It is the greatest zinc mining district in the world. The ore supply is practically unlimited. Lead ore has been profitably mined since 1848, and was the means of zinc discovery. At the center of the county are boundless deposits of white lime stone, the dressed production of which is shipped all over the United States. In the southeast horticulture is a heavy asset. Here are extensive nurseries, and this is the location of the largest strawberry acreage in this State. The northern half of the county is devoted to agriculture and the feeding of live stock. The chief agricultural product of Jasper county is wheat. The annual production of Jasper county exceeds that of any other rural county in the United States. There is little winter and the summer's heat temperate, due to the high altitude, 1,000 feet above sea level, and the general topography. It is located in the southwestern portion of the State, bordering on the Kansas line, and is fifty miles north of the Arkansas line.

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